



永隆銀行
WING LUNG BANK

Annual Report 2009 年報



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簡介 Profile

永隆銀行創立於一九三三年，是香港具悠久歷史華資銀行之一，素持「進展不忘穩健、服務必盡忠誠」之旨向社會提供服務。

本行中文名字「永隆」寓意永遠興隆，成立初期規模只屬銀號，隨著戰後香港經濟環境的演變，本行亦日趨成長，逐步拓展現代化銀行業務，為工商業的發展和社會繁榮獻出一分力量。

二〇〇八年招商銀行成功併購本行，永隆銀行正式成為招商銀行集團之一員。

招商銀行於一九八七年在深圳成立，是中國第一家完全由企業法人持股的股份制商業銀行，經過二十多年的努力，截至二〇〇九年十二月底招商銀行已是一家擁有資產總額逾2萬億人民幣、機構網點700多家、員工4萬餘人，股份在中國上海和香港兩地均有上市的全國性優秀商業銀行。

招商銀行與永隆銀行今後將致力進行整合工作，促進優勢互補，發揮協同效應，向客戶提供更優質完善的產品和服務。

Wing Lung Bank, founded in 1933, is among the oldest local Chinese banks in Hong Kong. The Bank has at all times followed its motto of “Progress with prudence, service with sincerity” in providing personalised and sincere service to customers.

The Chinese name of the Bank means “Perpetual Prosperity”. Originally established as an indigenous Chinese bank, Wing Lung Bank developed and expanded as Hong Kong underwent a remarkable economic transformation after the War. The Bank has since established itself as one with contemporary outlook and comprehensive services, catering to the needs of the business community and playing a part in the generally vibrant economy of Hong Kong.

China Merchants Bank successfully took over Wing Lung Bank in 2008. Wing Lung Bank has since become a member of China Merchants Bank Group.

China Merchants Bank was incorporated in Shenzhen in 1987 as the first share-holding commercial bank wholly owned by corporate legal entities in China. After more than two decades of effort, China Merchants Bank, now listed in Shanghai, China and Hong Kong, has transitioned itself into a leading national commercial bank with total assets exceeding RMB2,000 billion, operating over 700 banking business outlets and having a total staff of over 40,000 by the end of December 2009.

China Merchants Bank and Wing Lung Bank will step up efforts in business integration and complement each other. Through the synergy from the merger, both banks will be able to offer a wider range of quality products and services to customers.



組織摘要 Corporate Information

董事會

董事長
馬蔚華

副董事長
張光華

董事
李浩
朱琦
徐志宏
郭鍵雄
鄭先炳
許世清
伍步謙
*梁乃鵬
*蘇洪亮
*陳智思

*獨立非執行董事

秘書
朱侃儀

管理委員會
朱琦（主席）
徐志宏
郭鍵雄

戰略委員會
馬蔚華（主席）
朱琦
許世清
伍步謙
蘇洪亮

薪酬與考核委員會
張光華（主席）
鄭先炳
陳智思

審計與風險管理委員會
李浩（主席）
許世清
梁乃鵬
蘇洪亮
陳智思

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman
Dr MA Weihua, *PhD*

Vice-Chairman
Dr ZHANG Guanghua, *PhD*

Director
Mr LI Hao, *MBA*
Mr ZHU Qi, *MSc*
Dr XU Zhihong, *PhD*
Mr KWOK Kin Hung, *BSocSc*
Dr ZHENG Xianbing, *PhD*
Dr XU Shiqing, *PhD*
Dr WU Po Him Philip, *BA, MBA, PhD, DBA(Hon), FHKIB, BBS, JP*
*Dr LEUNG Nai Pang Norman, *GBS, LLD(Hon), BA, JP*
*Mr SOO Hung Leung Lincoln, *BScChE, MBA, JP*
*Mr CHAN Charnwut Bernard, *GBS, BA, JP*

*Independent Non-executive Director

Secretary
Ms CHU Hon Yee Iva, *BA(Hons), MCG, ACIS, ACS*

Management Committee
Mr ZHU Qi, *MSc* (Chairman)
Dr XU Zhihong, *PhD*
Mr KWOK Kin Hung, *BSocSc*

Strategy Committee
Dr MA Weihua, *PhD* (Chairman)
Mr ZHU Qi, *MSc*
Dr XU Shiqing, *PhD*
Dr WU Po Him Philip, *BA, MBA, PhD, DBA(Hon), FHKIB, BBS, JP*
Mr SOO Hung Leung Lincoln, *BScChE, MBA, JP*

Remuneration and Appraisal Committee
Dr ZHANG Guanghua, *PhD* (Chairman)
Dr ZHENG Xianbing, *PhD*
Mr CHAN Charnwut Bernard, *GBS, BA, JP*

Audit and Risk Management Committee
Mr LI Hao, *MBA* (Chairman)
Dr XU Shiqing, *PhD*
Dr LEUNG Nai Pang Norman, *GBS, LLD (Hon), BA, JP*
Mr SOO Hung Leung Lincoln, *BScChE, MBA, JP*
Mr CHAN Charnwut Bernard, *GBS, BA, JP*

行政人員

常務董事兼行政總裁

朱琦

常務董事兼總經理

徐志宏

郭鍵雄

副總經理

吳淑英

財務總監

張頌強

資訊科技總監

王志強

助理總經理

吳芷薇

陳健卿

鄧耀樑

陳翊耀

張可心

註冊行址

香港德輔道中45號

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師

EXECUTIVES

Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer

Mr ZHU Qi, *MSc*

Executive Director & General Manager

Dr XU Zhihong, *PhD*

Mr KWOK Kin Hung, *BSocSc*

Deputy General Manager

Ms NG Suk Ying, *DMED, FCIB, FHKIB*

Chief Financial Officer

Mr CHEUNG Chung Keung, *MSc, MBA, FCCA, CPA, FRM*

Chief Information Officer

Mr WANG Zhiqiang, *MSc*

Assistant General Manager

Ms NG Chi Mei Christine, *BSc, ACA*

Ms CHAN Kin Hing, *MBA, LL.B. (Hons), ACIS, ACS*

Mr TANG Yiu Leung, *BSocSc, EMBA*

Mr CHAN Yick Yiu, *BBA, MSc*

Mr ZHANG Kexin, *MBA*

REGISTERED OFFICE

45 Des Voeux Road Central, Hong Kong

AUDITORS

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants



董事及高層管理人員個人資料 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

董事會

馬蔚華博士

董事長

一九九九年獲經濟學博士學位，高級經濟師。現為招商銀行股份有限公司（「招商銀行」）執行董事、行長兼首席執行官。亦是中國人民政治協商會議第十一屆全國委員會委員。一九九九年一月加入招商銀行，任行長兼首席執行官。分別自一九九九年九月、二〇〇三年九月及二〇〇七年十一月起兼任招銀國際金融有限公司董事長、招商信諾人壽保險有限公司董事長及招商基金管理有限公司董事長，並自二〇〇二年七月起擔任招商局集團公司董事。另二〇〇八年十月起獲委任為本行董事長。同時擔任中國國際商會副主席、中國企業家協會執行副會長、中國金融學會常務理事、中國紅十字會第八屆理事會常務理事、深圳市綜研軟科學發展基金會理事和北京大學、清華大學等多所高校兼職教授等職。

張光華博士

副董事長

一九八三年吉林大學經濟系本科畢業，一九八六年獲吉林大學經濟學碩士學位，二〇〇〇年獲西南財經大學經濟學博士學位，高級經濟師。二〇〇七年四月起擔任招商銀行執行董事兼副行長及二〇〇八年十月起獲委任為本行副董事長。同時擔任中國金融學會常務理事、廣東金融學會副會長、廣東商業聯合會副會長及中國國際貿易促進會第五屆委員會會員。二〇〇二年九月至二〇〇七年四月任廣東發展銀行行長。二〇〇七年七月至二〇〇九年七月兼任招銀國際金融有限公司副董事長及二〇〇八年三月至二〇〇九年七月任招銀金融租賃有限公司董事長。

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Dr MA Weihua, PhD

Chairman

Graduated with a doctorate degree in Economics in 1999 and is a senior economist. He is currently an Executive Director, the President and the Chief Executive Officer of China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd. ("CMB"). He is also currently a National Committee Member of the Eleventh Chinese People's Political Consultative Conference. He has been the President and the Chief Executive Officer of CMB since he joined CMB in January 1999. He has been the Chairman of the boards of CMB International Capital Corporation Limited, CIGNA & CMC Life Insurance Company Limited and China Merchants Fund Management Company Limited since September 1999, September 2003 and November 2007 respectively, and a Director of China Merchants Group Limited since July 2002. He has been appointed the Chairman of the Bank since October 2008. He is also the Vice-Chairman of China Chamber of International Commerce, Executive Deputy Chairman of China Enterprise Directors Association, and a Member of the Standing Council of China Society for Finance and Banking and of the Standing Council of the Eighth Council of Red Cross Society of China and a Director of Shenzhen Soft Science Development Foundation and a part-time professor at numerous higher educational institutions including Peking University and Tsinghua University.

Dr ZHANG Guanghua, PhD

Vice-Chairman

Graduated from the Department of Economics of Jilin University in 1983, and obtained a master degree in Economics from Jilin University in 1986. In 2000, he obtained a doctorate degree in Economics from Southwestern University of Finance and Economics and is a senior economist. He has been the Executive Director and an Executive Vice-President of CMB since April 2007. He has also been appointed the Vice-Chairman of the Bank since October 2008. He has been a Member of the Standing Council of China Society for Finance and Banking, Deputy Chairman of both Guangdong Society for Finance and Banking and Guangdong Commerce Association respectively. He has been the Member of the Fifth Committee of China Council for the Promotion of International Trade. From September 2002 to April 2007, he served as the Chief Executive Officer of Guangdong Development Bank. He had been the Vice-Chairman of the board of CMB International Capital Corporation Limited from July 2007 to July 2009 and the Chairman of the board of CMB Financial Leasing Company Limited from March 2008 to July 2009.

李浩先生

非執行董事

二〇〇〇年獲工商管理碩士學位，高級會計師。二〇〇二年一月起任招商銀行副行長，分別於二〇〇七年三月起兼任招商銀行財務負責人及於二〇〇七年六月起兼任招商銀行執行董事。另二〇〇八年十月起被委任為本行董事。一九九七年開始歷任招商銀行總行行長助理、副行長，二〇〇〇年四月至二〇〇二年三月兼任招商銀行上海分行行長。

朱琦先生

常務董事兼行政總裁

畢業於中南財經大學，分別於一九八二年及一九八六年獲經濟學學士學位及碩士學位。朱先生擁有逾二十三年銀行業務經驗。二〇〇八年八月加入招商銀行；同年九月及十月起分別獲委任為本行行政總裁及常務董事，現亦為本行各主要附屬公司及鷹君集團董事。另由二〇〇八年十一月起任招商銀行副行長。二〇〇〇年至二〇〇八年七月期間曾歷任中國工商銀行（亞洲）有限公司董事總經理暨行政總裁、華商銀行董事長。

徐志宏博士

常務董事兼總經理、替任行政總裁

一九八四年獲安徽財貿學院工業會計學位，一九九〇年獲美國俄荷馬市大學工商管理碩士學位，一九九四年獲中國人民大學會計學博士學位。二〇一〇年加入本行，同年二月起獲委任為本行常務董事及總經理，現亦為本行各主要附屬公司董事，擁有逾二十年銀行業務管理經驗。

郭鍵雄先生

常務董事兼總經理、替任行政總裁

二〇〇八年加入本行任營運總監；二〇〇九年十一月起獲委任為本行常務董事；二〇一〇年一月起獲委任為本行總經理，現亦為本行各主要附屬公司及銀聯控股有限公司董事。畢業於香港大學，持有社會科學學士學位，擁有逾二十年銀行業務管理經驗。

Mr LI Hao, MBA

Non-executive Director

Graduated with a master degree in Business Administration in 2000 and is a senior accountant. He has been an Executive Vice-President of CMB since January 2002, and concurrently the Chief Financial Officer of CMB and an Executive Director of CMB since March 2007 and June 2007, respectively. He has also been appointed a Director of the Bank since October 2008. He had been the Executive Assistant President of the head office of CMB and subsequently an Executive Vice-President of CMB since 1997 and was previously the General Manager of Shanghai Branch of CMB from April 2000 to March 2002.

Mr ZHU Qi, MSc

Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer

Graduated with a bachelor degree and a master degree in Economics from the Zhongnan University of Finance and Economics in 1982 and 1986 respectively. Mr ZHU has over 23 years of banking experience. He joined CMB in August 2008, and has been appointed the Chief Executive Officer and Executive Director of the Bank since September 2008 and October 2008 respectively. He sits on the board of all principal subsidiary companies of the Bank and Great Eagle Holdings Limited. He has also been an Executive Vice-President of CMB since November 2008. He had been the Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China (Asia) Limited and Chairman of Chinese Mercantile Bank from 2000 to July 2008.

Dr XU Zhihong, PhD

Executive Director & General Manager, Alternate Chief Executive

Graduated from Accounting Department of Anhui University of Finance & Economics in 1984, and obtained a master degree in Business Administration from University of Oklahoma in 1990. He also obtained a doctorate degree in Accounting from Renmin University of China in 1994. He joined the Bank in 2010, and has been appointed the Executive Director and General Manager of the Bank since February 2010. He is also a Director of all principal subsidiary companies of the Bank. He has over 20 years' management experience in banking business.

Mr KWOK Kin Hung, BSocSc

Executive Director & General Manager, Alternate Chief Executive

Joined the Bank in 2008 as Chief Operating Officer. He has been appointed the Executive Director of the Bank since November 2009 and has been appointed the General Manager of the Bank since January 2010. He is also a Director of all principal subsidiary companies of the Bank and Bank Consortium Holding Limited. Holds the degree of Bachelor of Social Sciences from the University of Hong Kong and has over 20 years' management experience in banking business.



董事及高層管理人員個人資料 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

鄭先炳博士

非執行董事

一九八九年畢業於中南財經大學，獲經濟學博士學位。二〇一〇年二月起獲委任為招商銀行寧波分行行長。二〇〇七年至二〇一〇年一月期間任招商銀行總行投資銀行部總經理，分別於二〇〇二年、二〇〇三年和二〇〇八年起擔任招銀國際金融有限公司董事、招商信諾人壽保險有限公司董事和招銀金融租賃有限公司董事。二〇〇八年十月起被委任為本行董事，現亦為本行主要附屬公司董事。一九八六年七月至一九九三年六月任中南財經大學金融系講師、副教授、系副主任。一九九三年七月開始先後歷任招商銀行總行信託投資部副總經理（主持工作）、發展部副總經理及總經理（主持工作）、機構管理部總經理、上海分行副行長、研究部總經理、上市工作組組長、招銀國際金融有限公司總經理、深圳新江南投資有限公司董事長、招商銀行融資辦公室主任等職。

許世清博士

非執行董事

一九八三年獲天津大學數學學士學位，一九九〇年七月獲南京大學經濟學碩士學位，一九九〇年九月獲美國密蘇里大學工商管理碩士學位，二〇〇〇年八月獲南加州大學工商管理博士學位。曾在南京大學數學系任教，曾在江蘇省計劃經濟委員會工作。二〇〇六年八月起任招商銀行戰略發展部兼海外發展部總經理。二〇〇八年十月起被委任為本行董事，現亦為本行主要附屬公司董事。一九九三年至二〇〇六年先後歷任招商銀行總行辦公室主任助理、國際業務部副總經理、離岸業務部副總經理、基金託管部總經理、計劃資金部總經理及福州分行行長助理等職。

Dr ZHENG Xianbing, PhD

Non-executive Director

Graduated with a doctorate degree in Economics from the Zhongnan University of Finance and Economics in 1989. He has been appointed the General Manager of Ningbo Branch of CMB since February 2010. He had been the General Manager of the Investment Banking Department of the head office of CMB from 2007 to January 2010 and has concurrently been the Director of CMB International Capital Corporation Limited, CIGNA & CMC Life Insurance Company Limited and CMB Financial Leasing Company Limited respectively since 2002, 2003 and 2008. He has been appointed a Director of the Bank since October 2008 and sits on the board of the principal subsidiary companies of the Bank. He had been a lecturer, an associate professor and a deputy dean of the Finance Department of Zhongnan University of Finance and Economics from July 1986 to June 1993. He served as the Deputy General Manager of the Trust and Investment Department (in charge of the daily management), Deputy General Manager and General Manager of Development Department (in charge of the daily management), and General Manager of Organisation Management Department of the head office of CMB, Deputy General Manager of Shanghai Branch of CMB, General Manager of Research Department of CMB and the team leader of the listing team of CMB, General Manager of CMB International Capital Corporation Limited, Chairman of the board of Shenzhen New Jiangnan Investment Company Limited and Finance Office Executive of CMB since July 1993.

Dr XU Shiqing, PhD

Non-executive Director

Graduated from the Department of Mathematics of Tianjin University in 1983, and obtained a master degree in Economics from Nanjing University in July 1990. He also obtained a master degree in Business Administration from University of Missouri in USA in September 1990, and obtained a doctorate degree in Business Administration from University of Southern California in August 2000. He had held a teaching position in the Department of Mathematics of Nanjing University and worked in the Economic Planning Commission of Jiangsu Province. He has been the General Manager of the Strategy and Development Department and the Overseas Development Department of CMB since August 2006. He has been appointed a Director of the Bank since October 2008 and sits on the board of the principal subsidiary companies of the Bank. He held various positions such as an Executive Assistant in the General Office, Deputy General Manager of International Business Department, Deputy General Manager of Offshore Business Department, General Manager of Funds Custodian Department, and General Manager of Planning and Financial Department of the head office of CMB and Assistant General Manager of Fuzhou Branch of CMB from 1993 to 2006.

伍步謙博士太平紳士

非執行董事

一九七五年加入本行，一九八二年起被選任為常務董事，二〇〇五年至二〇〇八年被委任為行政總裁，二〇〇八年十月起被委任為非執行董事；現亦為伍潔宜有限公司及香港資優教育學院有限公司董事；律師紀律委員會及活化歷史建築諮詢委員會成員；衛奕信勳爵文物信託受託人委員會及尤德爵士紀念基金主席。

梁乃鵬博士太平紳士

獨立非執行董事

二〇〇二年起被委任為本行董事。現為電視廣播有限公司副行政主席及載通國際控股有限公司副主席。另為香港城市大學副校監及前任行政長官及政治委任官員離職後工作諮詢委員會委員。

蘇洪亮太平紳士

獨立非執行董事

二〇〇三年起被委任為本行董事及永隆保險有限公司獨立非執行董事；亦為華廈置業有限公司之獨立非執行董事。現時從事證券業，為蘇佩珩有限公司主席；香港耀能協會委員及香港浸會大學英文系諮詢會主席。

陳智思太平紳士

獨立非執行董事

二〇〇七年起被委任為本行董事。現為亞洲金融集團（控股）有限公司及亞洲保險有限公司之執行董事兼總裁，同時出任泰國盤谷銀行香港分行顧問。除了在商界的職務外，陳先生亦為全國人民代表大會香港代表，並曾出任香港特別行政區立法會及行政會議議員。同時也身兼多家香港上市公司之董事職務，包括：震雄集團有限公司、City e-Solutions Limited、新澤控股有限公司、建滔積層板控股有限公司、華潤創業有限公司及有利集團有限公司。

Dr WU Po Him Philip, BA, MBA, PhD, DBA(Hon), FHKIB, BBS, JP

Non-executive Director

Joined the Bank in 1975. Elected an Executive Director since 1982, appointed Chief Executive Officer from 2005 to 2008, and appointed Non-executive Director since October 2008. He sits on the board of Wu Jieh Yee Company Limited and The Hong Kong Academy For Gifted Education Limited. Member of the Solicitors Disciplinary Tribunal and Advisory Committee on Revitalisation of Historic Buildings. He is the Chairman of the Lord Wilson Heritage Trust and the Sir Edward Youde Memorial Fund.

Dr LEUNG Nai Pang Norman, GBS, LLD(Hon), BA, JP

Independent Non-executive Director

Appointed a Director of the Bank since 2002. Executive Deputy Chairman of Television Broadcasts Limited and Deputy Chairman of Transport International Holdings Limited. He is the Pro-Chancellor of City University of Hong Kong and a Member of the Advisory Committee on Post-office Employment for Former Chief Executives and Politically Appointed Officials.

Mr SOO Hung Leung Lincoln, BScChE, MBA, JP

Independent Non-executive Director

Appointed a Director of the Bank and an Independent Non-executive Director of Wing Lung Insurance Company Limited since 2003. Also an Independent Non-executive Director of Wah Ha Realty Company Limited. He is a stock broker and the Chairman of Soo Pei Shao & Company Limited, Member of the Committee of the SAHK and Chairman of the English Major Advisory Council of Hong Kong Baptist University.

Mr CHAN Charnwut Bernard, GBS, BA, JP

Independent Non-executive Director

Appointed a Director of the Bank in 2007. Executive Director and President of Asia Financial Holdings Limited and Asia Insurance Company Limited. An Advisor of Bangkok Bank Public Company Limited, Hong Kong Branch. Apart from the roles in the business community, he also serves as a Hong Kong Deputy to The National People's Congress of the People's Republic of China. He is also a former member of the Legislative Council and Executive Council of the Hong Kong SAR. In addition, he holds directorship in a number of listed companies in Hong Kong, including Chen Hsong Holdings Limited, City e-Solutions Limited, New Heritage Holdings Limited, Kingboard Laminates Holdings Limited, China Resources Enterprise, Limited and Yau Lee Holdings Limited.



董事及高層管理人員個人資料 Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management

高層管理人員

吳淑英小姐

副總經理

一九六八年加入本行，二〇〇六年任助理總經理，二〇一〇年任副總經理；現亦為永隆授信有限公司、永隆管業有限公司、永隆銀行信託有限公司、永隆銀行受託代管有限公司、永隆銀行慈善基金有限公司、銀聯信託有限公司、銀聯通寶有限公司、JETCO Systems Limited及i-Tech Solutions Limited董事及銀聯控股有限公司替任董事；另擔任香港銀行學會名譽秘書及香港華商銀行公會理事。

張頌強先生

財務總監

會計師，一九九一年加入本行，二〇〇七年任助理總經理，二〇一〇年任財務總監。現亦為時永投資有限公司董事。

王志強先生

資訊科技總監

二〇〇九年加入本行任助理總經理，二〇一〇年任資訊科技總監。現亦為永隆資訊科技(深圳)有限公司董事長及康令有限公司董事。

吳芷薇小姐

助理總經理

特許會計師，一九八九年加入本行，一九九八年任助理總經理。現亦為永隆保險有限公司、永隆保險顧問有限公司、永隆代理有限公司及香港人壽保險有限公司董事。

陳健卿小姐

助理總經理

一九八一年加入本行，二〇一〇年任助理總經理。

鄧耀樑先生

助理總經理

一九九四年加入本行，二〇一〇年任助理總經理。現亦為銀聯通寶有限公司及JETCO Systems Limited替任董事。

陳翊耀先生

助理總經理

二〇〇九年加入本行，二〇一〇年任助理總經理。

張可心先生

助理總經理

二〇一〇年加入本行任助理總經理。

SENIOR MANAGEMENT

Ms NG Suk Ying, DMED, FCIB, FHKIB

Deputy General Manager

Joined the Bank in 1968 and appointed Assistant General Manager in 2006. Appointed Deputy General Manager in 2010. Member of the board of Wing Lung Credit Limited, Wing Lung Property Management Limited, Wing Lung Bank (Trustee) Limited, Wing Lung Bank (Nominees) Limited, Wing Lung Bank Foundation Limited, Bank Consortium Trust Company Limited, Joint Electronic Teller Services Limited, JETCO Systems Limited, and i-Tech Solutions Limited, and Alternate Director of Bank Consortium Holding Limited. Honorary Secretary of The Hong Kong Institute of Bankers and Executive Committee Member of the Chinese Bank's Association Limited.

Mr CHEUNG Chung Keung, MSc, MBA, FCCA, CPA, FRM

Chief Financial Officer

Certified Public Accountant. Joined the Bank in 1991 and appointed Assistant General Manager in 2007. Appointed Chief Financial Officer in 2010. Member of the board of Sea Wing Investments Limited.

Mr WANG Zhiqiang, MSc

Chief Information Officer

Joined the Bank in 2009 as Assistant General Manager. Appointed Chief Information Officer in 2010. Chairman of Wing Lung Information Technology (Shenzhen) Limited and member of the board of Hongnet Limited.

Ms NG Chi Mei Christine, BSc, ACA

Assistant General Manager

Chartered Accountant. Joined the Bank in 1989. Appointed Assistant General Manager in 1998. Member of the board of Wing Lung Insurance Company Limited, Wing Lung Insurance Brokers Limited, Wing Lung Agency Limited and Hong Kong Life Insurance Limited.

Ms CHAN Kin Hing, MBA, LL.B. (Hons), ACIS, ACS

Assistant General Manager

Joined the Bank in 1981. Appointed Assistant General Manager in 2010.

Mr TANG Yiu Leung, BSocSc, EMBA

Assistant General Manager

Joined the Bank in 1994. Appointed Assistant General Manager in 2010. Alternate Director of Joint Electronic Teller Services Limited and JETCO Systems Limited.

Mr CHAN Yick Yiu, BBA, MSc

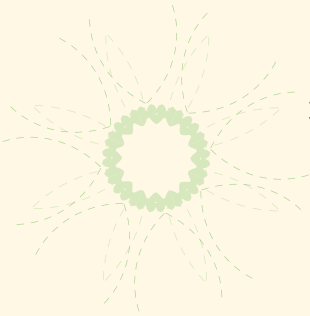
Assistant General Manager

Joined the Bank in 2009. Appointed Assistant General Manager in 2010.

Mr ZHANG Kexin, MBA

Assistant General Manager

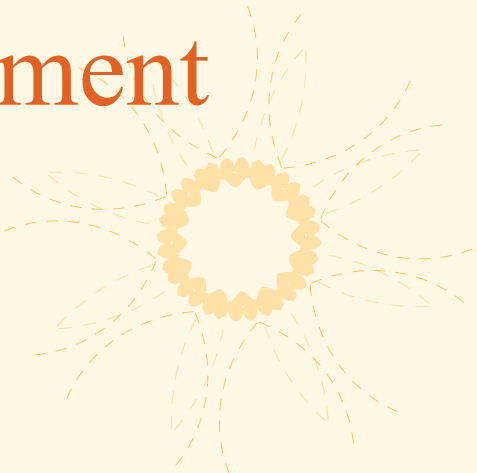
Joined the Bank in 2010 as Assistant General Manager.



董事長致詞

Chairman's

Statement





董事長致詞 Chairman's Statement



馬蔚華 董事長
MA Weihua Chairman

二〇〇九年，是永隆銀行成為招商銀行全資子公司、實現五年整合目標的第一個完整年度。一年來，在國際金融危機蔓延、世界經濟和香港經濟複雜多變的情況下，永隆銀行積極落實監管部門的各項要求，克服各種不利因素，下大氣力加快改革創新，扎實推進與招商銀行的整合聯動，取得了良好發展態勢。

截至二〇〇九年末，永隆銀行綜合資產總額港幣1,173億元，比年初增長16.6%；客戶存款總額港幣923億元，比年初增長10.9%；貸款和墊款總額港幣529億元，比年初增長21.6%；不良貸款率0.8%，資本充足率16.2%；成功扭虧為盈，全年實現稅後利潤港幣8.84億元。

二〇〇九年，永隆銀行業務發展呈現以下特點：一是盈利水準明顯提升。實現淨利息收入港幣13.32億元，同比增長4.3%；非利息收入（不含保險業務）港幣8.99億元，同比大幅增長。平均總資產及平均淨資產收益率分別為0.81%及8.11%。二是資產負債比率良好。年內

2009 was the first full year for Wing Lung Bank (the “Bank”) to attain five-year integration goal after becoming a wholly-owned subsidiary of China Merchants Bank (“CMB”). Confronted by sweeping global financial crisis and uncertain external and internal economic outlooks, the Bank actively fulfilled the requirements of the regulatory authorities, overcame various unfavourable factors, put forward relevant reform and innovation, and steadily advanced the integration with CMB, thereby maintaining a positive development trend as a whole.

At the end of 2009, the consolidated total assets of the Bank amounted to HK\$117.3 billion, up 16.6% from the beginning of the year. Total deposits grew by 10.9% over the beginning of the year to HK\$92.3 billion, while total advances to customers rose by 21.6% over the beginning of the year to HK\$52.9 billion. Non-performing loan ratio and capital adequacy ratio were 0.8% and 16.2% respectively. The Bank has achieved a turnaround with profit after taxation amounted to HK\$884 million.

In 2009, the Bank’s business development demonstrated the following features. **Firstly, the Bank’s profitability grew noticeable.** Net interest income amounted to HK\$1,332 million, representing a year-on-year growth of 4.3%. Our non-interest income (excluding insurance business) increased significantly from last year to HK\$899 million. Return on average assets and return on average equity were 0.81% and 8.11% respectively. **Secondly, the asset to liability ratio remained sound.**

平均流動資金比率55%，同比提高3.3個百分點；年末貸存比率55.5%，同比提高5.0個百分點。三是市場業務大幅拓展。總資產和總貸款全年增速高於香港同業平均水準。永隆證券、永隆保險等子公司業務發展取得了新突破。

對永隆銀行董事會來說，二〇〇九年是充滿挑戰的一年。董事會全年召開會議4次，下屬各專門委員會召開會議5次，審議通過了32項議案，並作出了一系列重大決策，有力地支援了經營班子的工作。特別指出的是，這一年董事會在推進整合聯動、完善公司治理、促進管理提升等方面做了大量卓有成效的工作。

在推進整合聯動方面，致力於推動永隆銀行與招商銀行客戶互介和資源分享，充分發揮境內外聯動優勢，打造一體化跨境金融服務平台。一年來，業務聯動快速推進，協同效應加快顯現。內保外貸、外保內貸、銀團貸款、國際結算、資金拆借、外匯交易、見證開戶、集中採購、信用卡優惠商戶互換等多領域業務合作全方位展開；永隆銀行與招商銀行聯手創新推出匯款快線、跨境貿易人民幣結算、IPO收款、人民幣NDF、網上預約跨境開戶等特色服務，獲得了客戶的廣泛認可。同時，雙方通過密切交流、深入溝通與相互學習借鑒，進一步增強了認同感、危機感、責任感和使命感，文化整合工作初見成效。

在完善公司治理方面，對公司董事會進行了重組，更設了戰略委員會、薪酬與考核委員會、審計與風險管理委員會，並明確界定了三個專門委員會的職責分工；完善了公司經營權的配置，對經營班子及有關部門進行了合理授權；研究制定了經營班子考核辦法，通過建立科學的激勵約束機制促進永隆銀行效益、品質、規模協調發展。

Average liquidity ratio for the year amounted to 55% representing an increase of 3.3 percentage points from 2008. At the end of the year, loan to deposit ratio grew by 5.0 percentage points from the end of 2008 to 55.5%. **Thirdly, the Bank's market share expanded significantly.** Annual growth rates in total assets and total loans were higher than the average level of our peers in Hong Kong. The Bank's subsidiaries, including Wing Lung Securities Limited and Wing Lung Insurance Company Limited, achieved breakthroughs in the business development.

2009 was a challenging year for the Board of Directors of the Bank. During the year, the Board held four meetings while its specialised committees conveyed 5 meetings, in which 32 proposals had been considered and approved, and various major decisions were made. These efforts supported the operations of the management. In particular, the Board achieved remarkable results in the integration with CMB, the improvement in corporate governance and the enhancement of management level.

As regards the integration with CMB, the Bank strived to put forward customer referral and resources sharing between two banks, leverage the advantages of internal and external linkage, and build an integrated cross-border financial service platform. During 2009, coordinated businesses grew rapidly, and signs of synergies emerged. The Bank closely cooperated with CMB in various fields such as accepting guarantee from domestic enterprises as security for loans granted to overseas enterprises, accepting guarantee from overseas enterprises as security for loans granted to domestic enterprises, syndicated loans, international settlement, financial market trading, foreign exchange trading, account opening witnessed by CMB manager, centralised procurement, swapping of credit card merchant discount, etc. The Bank and CMB jointly launched innovative services, namely China-Hong Kong Express Link, cross-border Renminbi trade settlement transactions, receiving bank for IPO, Renminbi non-deliverable forward contracts and online appointment for cross-border account opening, which received customer recognition. The Bank and CMB further enhanced the sense of identity, crisis, responsibility and mission through close interaction, communication and mutual learning, thereby showing initial success in cultural integration.

To strengthen corporate governance, the Bank has restructured the Board of Directors, under which the Strategy Committee, the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee as well as the Audit and Risk Management Committee were set up with well-defined duties. The restructuring help improve operation authorisation assignment, and ensure proper delegation of authority to the management and relevant departments. The Bank has also devised methods for appraising the management, in the hope of achieving co-development of efficient, quality and scale through establishing a scientific incentive and restrictive mechanism.



董事長致詞 Chairman's Statement

在促進管理提升方面，根據現代商業銀行經營管理理念及業務發展需要，對永隆銀行內部組織架構進行了梳理調整，實現了前中後台分離；強化了風險總體管控，加強對風險的預警提示，推動與招商銀行的新資本協議統一實施及併表管理工作；不斷改進IT系統，著力提高客戶服務特別是網上綜合服務水準；新開業三家網點，並順利更換了新標誌，品牌形象得到大幅提升。

上述成績的取得，是與全行員工的辛勤努力和廣大客戶、同業以及社會各界的大力支持分不開的。在此，我謹代表永隆銀行，向所有關心和支持永隆銀行發展的社會各界朋友，表示最誠摯的感謝！

二〇一〇年是永隆銀行加快整合、持續發展的關鍵一年。在全球經濟金融已步入後危機時期、世界經濟和香港經濟仍然複雜多變的現實背景下，永隆銀行仍將面臨不少的經營壓力；但香港及內地經濟持續回升向好，跨境投資和消費日趨活躍，以及與招商銀行的深入協同合作，也將為永隆銀行帶來新的發展機遇。在新的形勢下，永隆銀行將進一步完善公司治理，深化與招商銀行的整合聯動，持續加強內部關鍵能力建設，不斷提升經營管理水準和盈利能力。

在新的一年裏，我們完全有信心、有能力做好全年各項工作，以更加優質的服務和更加良好的業績，真誠回饋社會各界的支持與厚愛。衷心期盼社會各界能夠一如既往地支持永隆銀行的發展。

馬蔚華
董事長

二〇一〇年四月十二日

To enhance management capability, the Bank has reshuffled its internal organisational structure to be in line with the operation of the management of modern commercial bank as well as business development needs. The Bank realised separating of the front office, middle office and back office, thereby strengthening its overall risk control capacity and risk alert system. Besides, the Bank also worked with CMB to put forward the implementation of the New Basel Capital Accord and the consolidated supervision. The Bank continued to upgrade its IT system and endeavoured to enhance the quality of the customer services, especially the comprehensive internet banking service. In addition, the Bank also set up three new branches, and replaced the original logo with new logo, thus enhancing the brand image.

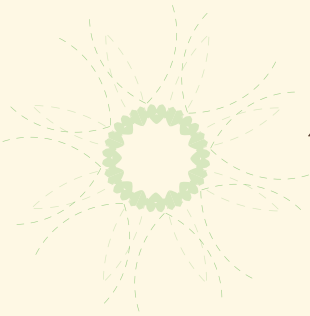
The above achievements were attributable to the dedicated service of all our staff and the strong support from all our customers, fellow bankers and the public. On behalf of the Bank, I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere gratitude to all our friends for their continuous support.

2010 will be a critical year for the Bank to expedite the integration with CMB and maintain sustainable development. Entering into the post financial crisis era, coupled with the global and local economic uncertainties, the Bank will face considerable operating pressure. The persistent improvement in local and mainland economic conditions, active cross-border investment and consumption as well as the close cooperation with CMB will bring new development opportunities to the Bank. Under the new situation, the Bank will further strengthen its corporate governance, integration with CMB and capability in critical areas, so as to enhance management level and profitability.

We have confident that we can excel in 2010. The Bank will offer quality service and achieve better results so as to meet the expectations of the public. We sincerely look forward to continued strong support from the public in the years ahead.

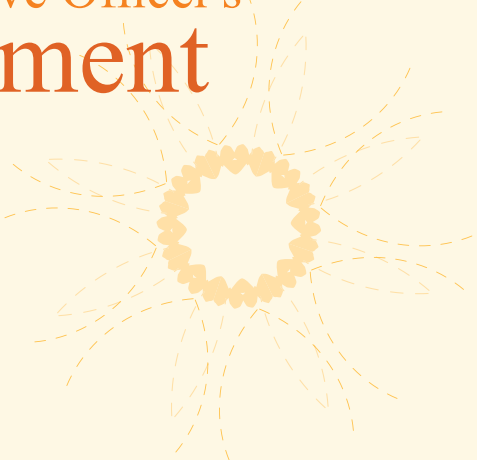
Ma Weihua
Chairman

12 April 2010



行政總裁致詞

Chief Executive Officer's
Statement





行政總裁致詞 Chief Executive Officer's Statement



朱 琦 行政總裁
ZHU Qi Chief Executive Officer

二〇〇九年可以說是考驗重重的一年。在全球金融危機的影響下，本地生產總值於第一季出現大幅收縮，惟第二季則明顯改善，第四季更回復增長，香港經濟正逐漸從金融危機陰霾走出。

二〇〇九年初，在金融海嘯肆虐下，環球經濟仍然疲弱。各國政府及央行相繼推出大規模救市措施及寬鬆貨幣政策，致市場充斥大量資金，舒緩信貸緊絀情況。二〇〇九年下半年，全球經濟似轉趨穩定，但實際仍然複雜多變。香港向是開放型經濟體系，受外圍因素影響下，大量流動資金湧入，使香港股票及物業市場持續上揚，就業情況逐步改善，內部消費增加，通脹逐漸呈現。隨著經濟環境逐漸改善，銀行業務亦重拾正常軌道。

二〇〇九年本行著重與招商銀行（「招行」）的整合工作，各項聯動業務有序展開，協同效應展現，達到比預期理想的業績，實現了控制性股權轉讓後的順利過渡和平穩交接。

The year of 2009 was a challenging year. Although Hong Kong's Gross Domestic Product contracted severely in the first quarter of 2009 amid the global financial crisis, it recorded an obvious improvement in the second quarter and resumed year-on-year growth in the fourth quarter. Hong Kong economy is gradually moving out of the financial crisis.

In early 2009, global economy remained in doldrums in the wake of the sweeping financial tsunami. With the introduction of massive fiscal and monetary stimulus by governments and central banks, the global economy was awash with liquidity, thus relieving the stress of credit market. In the second half of 2009, the global economy seemed to be stable, but was still complicated and changeable. Given its open economy, Hong Kong is affected by the global economic environment. The influx of capital has fuelled stock and property market rally. Employment situation and domestic consumption continued to improve. Meanwhile, inflation has started to take shape. Against the gradually improving environment, the Hong Kong banking industry regained its footing.

In 2009, the Bank focused on its integration with China Merchants Bank ("CMB"). Coordinated business gradually started, and sign of synergies emerged. Consequently, a better-than-expected performance was achieved. Smooth handover and transition is realised after the completion of acquisition of the Bank's shares by CMB.

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止年度，本集團之綜合稅後溢利為港幣8.84億元，其中淨利息收入港幣13.32億元，同比上升4.3%；貸存比率為55.5%，較二〇〇八年底之50.5%為高；雖然市場利率一直處於低水平，但由於貸款額上升幅度較大，故抵銷了低利率的影響。服務費及佣金淨收入為港幣3.82億元，同比增長11.2%，主要原因是證券業務佣金收益因交投活躍而增加。保險業務實現淨收入（不包括投資收益）港幣505萬元，較二〇〇八年之淨支出已大為改善，主要是保險申索準備減少了23%所致。信貸損失之減值撥備為港幣0.78億元，較二〇〇八年減少89.6%，主要由於部分債券投資因金融海嘯影響而需要在二〇〇八年提撥大額減值準備。營業支出為港幣11.52億元，較去年增加10%，當中人事費用支出增加港幣4,813萬元，主要是職員人數及退休福利費用增加；另折舊費用亦上升港幣2,080萬元。

於二〇〇九年七月，本行及香港其他15間雷曼兄弟迷你債券分銷銀行與監管機構訂立一份回購協議書，以便通過個別銀行從合資格客戶購回迷你債券。於二〇〇八及二〇〇九年度，本行已為所分銷並需從合資格客戶購回的雷曼兄弟迷你債券連同回購協議之其他開支作出全數撥備，有關金額約為港幣2.13億元。回購雷曼迷你債券的進展順利，絕大部份合資格客戶都接受回購協議條款，由於購回的雷曼兄弟迷你債券的最終價值存在很大不確定性，購回的雷曼兄弟迷你債券在賬上並沒有確認任何價值。

截至二〇〇九年底，本集團總資產為港幣1,173億元，較二〇〇八年底增長16.6%；淨資產為港幣114億元，較二〇〇八年底上升9.6%。於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團資本充足比率為16.2%，核心資本充足比率為9.9%，期內流動資金比率平均為55%，均高於監管要求。二〇〇九年本行發行後償票據合共港幣30億元（其中港幣15億元後償票據發行予招行），以擴大資本基礎作業務發展之用。

The Group recorded a consolidated profit after tax of HK\$884 million for the year ended 31 December 2009. Net interest income amounted to HK\$1,332 million, representing an increase of 4.3% from the same period of last year. Loan-to-deposit ratio was 55.5%, which is higher than 2008's 50.5%. In view of low interest rate environment, the significant increase in loan amount offset the impact of low interest rates. Net fees and commission income amounted to HK\$382 million, representing an increase of 11.2% from the same period of last year, which was mainly contributed by the growth in commission income from securities brokerage given active stock market. The insurance business achieved a turnaround from a net expense in 2008 to a net income of HK\$5.05 million (before taking investment gains into account), mainly due to the decrease of 23% in the claims for insurance. Moreover, the Group's impairment charge for credit losses was HK\$78 million, representing a decrease of 89.6% from that of 2008, which was mainly attributable to substantial provisions for certain debt securities investment made in 2008 amidst the financial tsunami. Operating expenses amounted to HK\$1,152 million, an increase of 10% as compared to that of 2008. Of the total, staff cost went up by HK\$48.13 million, mainly due to the increase in number of employees and retirement benefit cost. Besides, depreciation expenses also increased by HK\$20.8 million.

In July 2009, the Bank entered into a repurchase agreement with 15 other distributing banks and the regulatory bodies under which each bank would offer to repurchase the Lehman Brothers Minibonds from eligible customers. During 2008 and 2009, the Bank has made full provisions of HK\$213 million for the Lehman Brothers Minibonds repurchased from the eligible customers and the other charges under the repurchase scheme. The repurchase of Lehman Brothers Minibonds progressed smoothly. Most of the eligible customers accepted the offers of the repurchase scheme. The value of the Lehman Brothers Minibonds repurchased by the Bank is not recognised in the account due to uncertainties over the ultimate value of the said minibonds.

At the end of 2009, total assets and net assets of the Group increased by 16.6% and 9.6% to HK\$117.3 billion and HK\$11.4 billion respectively when compared to the end of 2008. As at 31 December 2009, the capital adequacy ratio and core capital adequacy ratio of the Group were 16.2% and 9.9% respectively, and the average liquidity ratio for 2009 was 55%, all above statutory requirements. To enlarge its capital base for future business growth, the Bank issued subordinated notes totaling HK\$3,000 million (including subordinated notes of HK\$1,500 million issued to CMB) in 2009.



行政總裁致詞 Chief Executive Officer's Statement



存款

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團存款總額為港幣923億元，較二〇〇八年底增長10.9%。

各類存款中，與二〇〇八年底比較，港幣存款增加64.51億元，增長11.9%，其中以定期存款增幅最大；美元存款折合港幣後減少14.38億元，下跌10.7%；其他外幣存款折算港幣後上升40.91億元，增長26.1%，其中人民幣存款折合港幣增加7.74億元，大幅上升74.2%。

本行將繼續向客戶提供優良存款及其他相關服務，並提升交互銷售的能力。另亦會加強與招行的內外聯動，大力推廣見證開戶服務，以擴大客戶基礎；同時已於網上銀行設客戶預約開戶服務，為招行客戶提供更便利服務。

Deposits

As at 31 December 2009, total deposits of the Group grew by 10.9% to HK\$92.3 billion as compared with that at the end of 2008.

Among the various kinds of deposits, Hong Kong Dollar deposits increased by HK\$6,451 million or 11.9%, of which time deposits recorded the strongest growth; the US Dollar deposits after conversion decreased by HK\$1,438 million or 10.7%; and deposits in other foreign currencies after being translated into Hong Kong Dollar surged by HK\$4,091 million or 26.1%, among which Renminbi deposits after translation rose substantially by HK\$774 million or 74.2%.

The Bank will continue to provide customers with quality deposit service as well as other related services, and further enhance cross selling capacity. Besides close cooperation with CMB, the Bank will make every effort to promote "Account Opening Witnessed by CMB Manager" service, aiming at widening customer base. Moreover, online appointment for account opening function has been launched so as to provide more convenient service to CMB customers.

貸款

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團客戶總貸款（包括商業票據）為港幣529億元，較二〇〇八年底增長21.6%；不良貸款比率為0.80%，整體貸款質素仍保持良好。

公司銀行業務方面，截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，企業貸款總額為港幣220億元，較二〇〇八年底增長43.2%。二〇〇九年本行大力拓展銀團及中港大企業貸款業務，同時積極爭取「內保外貸」業務，成績顯著。本行將會繼續加強與招行的內外聯動，發揮跨境金融服務優勢。

商業銀行業務方面，截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，貸款餘額為港幣8.72億元，較二〇〇八年底增加68.8%。鑑於外貿環境仍然疲弱，中小企業業務復蘇步伐較為緩慢。本行將採取積極及進取的業務策略爭取中小企業客戶，大力拓展中小企業貸款，向現有及新客戶大力推介「特別信貸保證計劃」；另亦會加強與招行合作，相互轉介客源，以擴闊客戶基礎，提升貸款餘額。

按揭及私人貸款業務方面，截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，總貸款額（包括各分行）達港幣250億元，較二〇〇八年底上升5.1%；其中住宅物業按揭分期餘額為港幣94.29億元，較二〇〇八年底下降1.3%，主要因為客戶提早贖回貸款。鑑於樓市暢旺，本行將加強推動樓宇按揭業務；同時會因應市場環境，制定具競爭力的貸款條件，以期在激烈的競爭環境中，增加市場佔有率。

投資

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團債券投資餘額為港幣289億元，較去年底增長167.7%，上升主要原因是本集團購買了多批優質債券，提升利息收入。期末本集團債券投資已計提減值準備港幣1.16億元；約超過82.7%之債券的信用評級都在A3或以上，風險較低。

Advances to customers

As at 31 December 2009, the Group's total advances to customers, including trade bills, grew by 21.6% to HK\$52.9 billion as compared with that at the end of 2008. Overall loan quality remained sound with a non-performing loan ratio of only 0.80%.

With respect to corporate banking business, total loans amounted to HK\$22.0 billion at the end of 2009, an increase of 43.2% over that at the end of 2008. In 2009, the Bank devoted much effort to expanding its syndicated loans, corporate loans to large enterprises in both China and Hong Kong as well as business in accepting guarantee from domestic enterprises as security for loans granted to overseas enterprise, and the results were remarkable. The Bank will further enhance its cooperation with CMB and leverage on the advantages of provision of cross-border financial service.

As to commercial banking business, the balance of loans amounted to HK\$872 million at the end of 2009, representing an increase of 68.8% as compared to that at the end of 2008. Given sluggish foreign trading environment, the small and medium sized enterprises appear to be on a slow path of recovery. The Bank will proactively secure more small and medium sized corporate clients, and recommend the government-launched "Special Loan Guarantee Scheme" to its existing and new customers. It is expected that the Bank is able to grow its customer franchise and achieve loan balance growth through close collaboration and mutual sharing of customers with CMB.

With respect to mortgage and personal loan business, total loans (including all branches) amounted to HK\$25.0 billion at the end of 2009, representing an increase of 5.1% from year-end 2008. Of the total, residential mortgage loan balance amounted to HK\$9,429 million, representing a decrease of 1.3% as compared with that at the end of 2008, which was mainly due to customers' early redemption of loans. In view of the robust property market, much emphasis will be put on residential mortgage business. The Bank will offer more competitive mortgage terms in line with market so as to enlarge its market share amid keen competition environment.

Investments

As at 31 December 2009, the Group's debt securities investment balance amounted to HK\$28.9 billion, representing an increase of 167.7% over that at the end of 2008. The increment was mainly attributable to the purchase of several tranches of high quality bonds during the reporting period in order to increase interest income. At the end of 2009, an impairment of HK\$116 million was made for the debt securities. More than 82.7% of such debt securities are rated A3 or above and their risks are comparatively low.



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財資

二〇〇九年外匯買賣收益為港幣7,164萬元，較二〇〇八年下跌21.2%，此乃由於美元在二〇〇九年持續疲弱，致交易量減少，故收益亦相應下調；受惠於國內經濟增長，加上流入香港之外幣增加，外幣找換收益達港幣3,782萬元，較二〇〇八年大幅上升40.8%。

為增加收入來源，本行已推出遠期人民幣不交收外匯合約。另亦設公司戶交易組，廣招企業客戶，增加客源。同時將加強與招行合作，以求開拓更多業務機會。此外，本行亦會強化風險監控措施，嚴控相關市場風險。

理財

二〇〇九年本集團理財業務實現收益達港幣2,864萬元，較二〇〇八年下跌42.2%。鑑於本行暫時停止銷售一些較高風險的產品，加上投資者審慎入市，在雙重影響之下，佣金收入減少。

本行主力發展「金葵花」理財服務，為高端客戶提供綜合金融服務平台，與招行實現統一品牌、統一服務的整合目標。本行會繼續致力擴闊理財產品的類型，期望可向客戶提供切合其理財目標及風險承受能力的產品；另亦加強對銷售人員的培訓與產品的分析，以期給予客戶專業化的理財服務，提高本行的形象。

信用卡

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，信用卡業務發卡總數逾24萬張，較二〇〇八年底減少3.5%；應收賬款為港幣4.23億元，較二〇〇八年底減少10.2%；主要由於本行採取審慎的批卡政策，導致發卡量及放出賬款數字均有所下降。商號收單款項為港幣23.16億元，較二〇〇八年上升20%。



Treasury

For the year 2009, revenue from foreign exchange trading amounted to HK\$71.64 million, representing a decrease of 21.2% as compared to last year. The continuously weakness of US Dollar caused foreign exchange trading to shrink, suppressing foreign exchange revenue and related earnings. Supported by robust economic growth in China and influx of foreign currencies, revenue from foreign money exchange amounted to HK\$37.82 million, representing a sharp increase of 40.8% over 2008.

To expand its revenue avenues, the Bank has introduced “Renminbi Non-Deliverable Forward Contracts”. The Bank has established “Corporate Desk” to acquire corporate clients, thus expanding its clientele. The Bank will closely cooperate with CMB so as to seek more business opportunities. In addition, the Bank will also strengthen its risk capabilities and strictly monitor the market risk involved.

Wealth management

The Group's wealth management business realised a revenue of HK\$28.64 million in 2009, representing a decrease of 42.2% as compared to 2008. The decrease was primarily attributable to the sales suspension of certain relatively higher risk products. Moreover, investors' prudent view towards the market also dampened revenue generation.

The Bank has focused on developing its wealth management service branded “Sunflower”, providing a comprehensive service platform to high-end customers, thus achieving brand and service integration with CMB. To cater for variety of individual investment objectives and risk parameters, the Bank is committed to diversifying its wealth management products. The Bank will also continue to step up sales force training and product analysis so as to provide customer with professional wealth management service, thereby enhancing corporate image.

Credit card

The Bank issued more than 240,000 credit cards as at 31 December 2009, down 3.5% from 2008 year-end. The credit card receivables amounted to HK\$423 million, down 10.2% as compared to the 2008 year-end level. The Bank has adopted a prudent credit card approval policy, resulting in contraction in the total number of credit cards issued and the receivables. The merchant business turnover was HK\$2,316 million, up 20% as compared to the year 2008.

繼推出全球首張鑲鑽石的「Luxe Visa Infinite」信用卡後，本行亦發行大中華區首張「World MasterCard for Business」信用卡，以爭取高端客戶。本行會加強與招行聯動，繼續推動商戶互換計劃，向兩行客戶提供更多優惠。同時積極推出不同形式的簽賬獎勵計劃，並聯同其他商戶向客戶提供更多類型的優惠，以增加產品吸引力。為向客戶提供多元化產品，本行正研究發行雙幣卡。

證券

由於大量資金湧入，香港股市大幅上升，交投活躍，二〇〇九年永隆證券有限公司（「永隆證券」）實現佣金收入港幣2.35億元，同比上升24.5%，市場佔有率亦有所增加。

二〇〇九年永隆證券積極推出多項服務優惠，以推動客戶進行買賣交易。另亦致力擴大服務網絡，以期爭取更大市場份額，於去年在中港城分行、美孚新邨分行、沙田分行及德輔道西分行增設證券服務中心。永隆證券會繼續構思各種宣傳推廣活動，並提升各服務管道，從而擴大客源，增加收益。

保險

二〇〇九年永隆保險有限公司（「永隆保險」）實現毛保費收入港幣6.04億元，較二〇〇八年下跌9.2%；總索償額為港幣4.03億元，同比大幅減少23%；承保業務錄得虧損港幣4,567萬元，較二〇〇八年虧損港幣1.31億元大有改善；投資業務收益亦錄得增長。

永隆保險在二〇〇九年調整戰略，較重視效益而非市場佔有率，加強風險管控，業務取得突破。永隆保險將加強與招行緊密合作，內外聯動，大力發展保險業務。

Following the launch of the world's first diamond credit card "Luxe Visa Infinite", the Bank issued the first "World MasterCard for Business" in the Greater China, aiming at attracting high-end customers. The Bank will strengthen the close collaboration with CMB for sharing more mutual promotion programs from merchants, allowing cardholders of two banks to enjoy favourable offers. Meanwhile, the Bank will continue to launch various spending reward programs and merchant offers to customers, thus enhancing the appeal of products. To provide customers with diversified products, the Bank is now studying on the launch of dual currency card.

Securities

Supported by the continuous influx of capital, the local stock market recorded a considerable growth in 2009, evidencing an active market. In 2009, Wing Lung Securities Limited ("Wing Lung Securities") realised a commission income of HK\$235 million, representing an increase of 24.5% as compared to that of 2008, and achieved a growth in market share.

In 2009, Wing Lung Securities launched various privilege offers in order to boost customer transactions. Continuous effort has been placed on expanding distribution network for larger market share. New securities centres were set up in China Hong Kong City Branch, Mei Foo Sun Chuen Branch, Shatin Branch and Des Voeux Road West Branch in 2009. Wing Lung Securities will continue to launch promotion campaigns and enhance its service channels so as to expand customer base and improve profit.

Insurance

Wing Lung Insurance Company Limited ("Wing Lung Insurance") realised a gross premium income of HK\$604 million in 2009, representing a decrease of 9.2% as compared with that of 2008. Total insurance claims amounted to HK\$403 million, a substantial decrease of 23% as compared to that of 2008. Underwriting business recorded a loss of HK\$45.67 million, indicating a remarkable improvement as compared to a loss of HK\$131 million in 2008. Investment income also recorded a good growth.

In 2009, Wing Lung Insurance revised its strategy, emphasising more on profit growth rather than market share expansion. The Company also enhanced its risk management, thereby achieving a breakthrough in its business. Wing Lung Insurance will work closely and interact proactively with CMB in order to further expand insurance business.



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分行

於二〇〇九年五月本行所有分行已更換了招行的商標。另本行更積極擴大分行網絡，增加銷售網站，二〇〇九年已完成既定目標，成功開設了三家網點，包括德輔道西分行、中港城旗艦分行及美孚新邨分行。現時本行在香港設有總分行共39間。

目前，本行在中國境內共設4間分支行及代表處，在美國羅省及開曼群島各設有海外分行一間。

本行正積極籌備開辦澳門分行及廣州代表處升格。



Branch network

The original logo was replaced with CMB's logo in all branches in May 2009. The Bank proactively expanded its branch and distribution network. In 2009, the Bank achieved target of setting up three additional branches, namely Des Voeux Road West Branch, China Hong Kong City flagship branch and Mei Foo Sun Chuen Branch. The Bank has a total of 39 banking offices, including headquarter and branches in Hong Kong at present.

Currently, the Bank has 2 branches, a sub-branch and a representative office in the PRC, and two overseas branches, one in Los Angeles and the other in Cayman Islands.

The preparation work for the set up of Macao Branch as well as the upgrade of Guangzhou representative office is in progress.



資訊科技

自與招行併購後，本行已重新制定新發展目標，以服務客戶為中心，並以跨境服務為特色。因應新的發展戰略及工作目標，資訊科技部已開展並完成了多項改善工程及業務支援專案。另亦着手改善基礎建設，於二〇〇九年已提升主機硬體。

人力資源

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本行僱員總人數為1,711人（二〇〇八年十二月三十一日為1,680人），其中香港佔1,592人，中國境內佔104人，海外佔15人。

Information technology

After acquisition by CMB, the Bank has revised its objective, focusing on customer centric service and providing unique cross-border service. To facilitate the new business strategies and goals, Information Technology Department has completed several system enhancement and business support projects. The Department has already started the upgrade of IT infrastructure and the hardware of the host was enhanced in 2009.

Human resources

As at 31 December 2009, the total number of employees is 1,711 (31 December 2008: 1,680), of which 1,592 are in Hong Kong, 104 are in the PRC and 15 are overseas.



為配合業務發展，培訓發展及服務管理部經常會開設或安排與業務及新產品或服務有關的課程，並不時舉辦一些實務課程予前線職員，例如理財、保險、強積金、信託、匯兌之新產品及服務介紹課程、銷售技巧課程及實務知識講座等，以充實其所需技能，提升競爭力。另亦會與同業合辦課程，讓強積金中介人、地產代理、證券及期貨從業員、保險中介人等有關職員作持續進修，使符合及維持專業資格。

展望二〇一〇年，各國推出的擴張性財政及貨幣政策，使流動資金高企，通脹壓力加劇，資產市場出現泡沫的風險增加。此外，各國政府及央行退市時，對經濟造成的影響，仍然是未知之數。由於經濟前景不明朗，銀行會面對充滿挑戰的經營環境。本行會保持高度警覺，加強風險管理，同時嚴格控制開支，善用資源。成為招行集團成員後，本行的實力得到強大支持，業務發展的領域擴闊許多。本行會進一步與招行整合，加強業務聯動，發揮協同效應；同時與招行合力構建境內外一體化跨境金融服務平台，以增強競爭力，並提升整體盈利。

朱琦
常務董事兼行政總裁

二〇一〇年四月十二日

In order to upgrade the skills and overall competitiveness of its staff for further development, Training and Service Quality Department has been actively organising seminars related to the Bank's businesses and new products or services. Specialised training sessions on new products and services related to wealth management, insurance, MPF, trust and remittances, training sessions on selling techniques and seminars on operational knowledge are regularly arranged for frontline staff. The Department also organises training courses jointly with peer banks for those staff who possess MPF intermediary, estate agent, securities and futures intermediary or insurance intermediary qualifications in order to maintain their respective professional qualifications through continuing learning.

In view of the unprecedented monetary and fiscal stimulus packages introduced by governments and central banks around the world, excess liquidity is likely to persist with rising risk of inflation and asset market bubbles during 2010. Besides, the impact of the unwinding of fiscal and monetary stimulus on the global economy is unpredictable. Confronted by uncertain economic outlook, the operating environment continues to be challenging for the banking sector. The Bank will stay alert to the ever-changing operating environment, and devote efforts to strengthening its risk capabilities, enhancing cost control measures and improving resources allocation. Being a member of the CMB group, the Bank has strong parental support and much room for further development. The Bank will strive to realise synergy effects through further integration and collaboration with CMB. Moreover, the Bank will also cooperate with CMB to build a cross-border financial service platform, so as to enhance competitive edge and boost overall profit growth.

ZHU Qi
Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

12 April 2010



董事會報告書 Report of the Directors

董事會同人現謹發表截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止年度之報告書及已審核之財務報表。

主要業務

本行及其附屬公司（合稱「本集團」）之主要業務為銀行及有關之金融服務。主要附屬公司之業務見財務報表註釋26。

本集團是年度按業務及地域劃分之表現分析詳載於財務報表註釋41。

業績及分配

本集團是年度之業績列於本年財務報表第35頁之綜合收益表內。

董事會並無建議派發截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止年度之股息（二〇〇八年派中期股息每股普通股港幣5角；二〇〇八年並無派末期股息）。

儲備

本集團及本行儲備之變動詳載於財務報表註釋39。

捐款

是年度本集團之慈善捐款共為港幣5,166,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣399,000元）。

其他物業及設備

本集團及本行其他物業及設備之變動詳載於財務報表註釋31。

股本

本行之股本詳載於財務報表註釋38，是年度並無變動。

The directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009.

Principal activities

The Bank and its subsidiaries (the “Group”) are engaged in the provision of banking and related financial services. The principal activities of the principal subsidiaries are set out in note 26 to the financial statements.

An analysis of the Group’s performance for the year by business and geographical segment is set out in note 41 to the financial statements.

Results and appropriations

The profits of the Group for the year ended 31 December 2009 are set out in the consolidated income statement on page 35.

The directors do not recommend the payment of any dividend (2008 interim dividend: HK\$0.5 per ordinary share, 2008 final dividend: Nil) in respect of the year ended 31 December 2009.

Reserves

Details of the movements in the Group’s and the Bank’s reserves are set out in note 39 to the financial statements.

Donations

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to HK\$5,166,000 (2008: HK\$399,000).

Other properties and equipment

Details of the movements in the Group’s and the Bank’s other properties and equipment are set out in note 31 to the financial statements.

Share capital

Details of share capital of the Bank are set out in note 38 to the financial statements. There were no movements during the year.

資本

本行於二〇〇九年按照票面價值發行兩次浮息後償票據及一次定息後償票據（「此等票據」）合共港幣3,000,000,000元，此等票據皆被界定為本行之附加資本。港幣800,000,000元之浮息後償票據將於二〇一九年七月十四日到期，選擇性贖還日為二〇一四年七月十五日；港幣700,000,000元浮息後償票據將於二〇一九年九月二十二日到期，選擇性贖還日為二〇一四年九月二十三日；港幣1,500,000,000元定息後償票據將於二〇二一年十二月二十八日到期，選擇性贖還日為二〇一六年十二月二十八日。此等票據的所得淨值將作為本行的一般資金運用。此等票據之情況詳載於財務報表註釋35。

董事

本年度內及截至本財務報表日期止之董事芳名如下：

馬蔚華	(董事長)
張光華	(副董事長)
李浩	
朱琦 [#]	(行政總裁)
徐志宏 [#]	(二〇一〇年二月五日 委任為常務董事)
郭鍵雄 [#]	(二〇〇九年十一月十二日 委任為常務董事)
鄭先炳	
許世清	
鍾子森 [#]	(二〇一〇年二月一日 辭任)
伍步謙	
梁乃鵬 ¹	
蘇洪亮 ¹	
陳智思 ¹	

[#] 常務董事

¹ 獨立非執行董事

董事之股本權益

並無任何董事獲授予認購本行股份之權利，亦無任何董事行使該等權利。

是財務年度內本行或其任何附屬公司、母公司集團之附屬公司或其控股公司概無參與任何安排，致令本行董事持有本行或其他個體公司之任何股本權益，或持有其債券而獲得利益。

Capital

In 2009, the Bank issued 2 callable subordinated floating rate notes and 1 callable subordinated fixed rate notes (the “Notes”) at par totaling HK\$3,000,000,000, which are qualified as supplementary capital of the Bank. The HK\$800,000,000 subordinated floating rate note will mature on 14 July 2019 with an optional redemption date falling on 15 July 2014; the HK\$700,000,000 subordinated floating rate note will mature on 22 September 2019 with an optional redemption date falling on 23 September 2014; the HK\$1,500,000,000 subordinated fixed rate notes will mature on 28 December 2021 with an optional redemption date falling on 28 December 2016. The net proceeds from the notes will be used for the general funding purposes of the Bank. Details of the Notes are set out in note 35 to the financial statements.

Directors

The directors during the year and up to the date of the financial statements are as follows:

Dr MA Weihua	(Chairman)
Dr ZHANG Guanghua	(Vice-Chairman)
Mr LI Hao	
Mr ZHU Qi [#]	(Chief Executive Officer)
Dr XU Zhihong [#]	(appointed as Executive Director on 5 February 2010)
Mr KWOK Kin Hung [#]	(appointed as Executive Director on 12 November 2009)
Dr ZHENG Xianbing	
Dr XU Shiqing	
Mr CHUNG Che Shum [#]	(resigned on 1 February 2010)
Dr WU Po Him Philip	
Dr LEUNG Nai Pang Norman ¹	
Mr SOO Hung Leung Lincoln ¹	
Mr CHAN Charnwut Bernard ¹	

[#] Executive Director

¹ Independent Non-executive Director

Directors' interests in shares

None of the directors have been granted, or have exercised, any rights to subscribe for shares of the Bank.

At no time during the financial year was the Bank, or any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its holding company was a party to any arrangement to enable the directors of the Bank to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in or debentures of the Bank or any other body corporate.



董事會報告書 Report of the Directors

董事之合約權益

本行向永時實業有限公司租用永恒商業大廈部份寫字樓，與該公司訂有兩份租約，租期分別為二〇〇八年一月起計三年及二〇〇八年十二月起計六年，租值均經專業人士獨立評估後訂定。伍步謙博士直接擁有永時實業有限公司之股東權益。

此外，是年度內及至是年終結日止，本行或其任何附屬公司、母公司集團之附屬公司或其控股公司並無訂立任何與本行業務有關而董事直接或間接享有重大權益之其他重要合約。

管理合約

是年度內，本行並無就全盤或其中重大部份業務簽訂或存有任何管理合約。

遵從《銀行業（披露）規則》

本行須遵從《銀行業（披露）規則》，該規則對認可機構之公開披露如收益表、事務狀況及資本充足訂下最低標準。截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止之財政年度之財務報表已全面遵從《銀行業（披露）規則》所適用之披露規定。

退休計劃

本集團為其職員設有退休計劃。該等退休計劃之詳情載於財務報表註釋13。

核數師

畢馬威會計師事務所照章告退，但願意應聘續任。在即將召開的股東周年大會中，將提請通過續聘畢馬威會計師事務所為本行核數師的議案。

承董事會命
馬蔚華 謹啟
董事長

二〇一〇年四月十二日

Directors' interests in contracts

The Bank rents from Wings Investment Company Limited certain office space in Wings Buildings under two tenancy agreements, for terms of three years commencing January 2008 and six years commencing December 2008, at rentals based on independent professional valuations. Dr WU Po Him Philip is directly interested in Wings Investment Company Limited as a shareholder.

No other contracts of significance in relation to the Bank's business to which the Bank, or any of its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries or its holding company was a party and in which a director of the Bank had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

Management contracts

No contracts concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Bank were entered into or existed during the year.

Compliance with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules

The Bank is required to comply with the Banking (Disclosure) Rules which set out the minimum standards for public disclosure which authorised institutions must make in respect of the income statement, state of affairs and capital adequacy. The financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009 comply fully with the applicable disclosure provisions of the Banking (Disclosure) Rules.

Retirement schemes

The Group operates retirement schemes for its employees. Details of the Group's retirement schemes are set out in note 13 to the financial statements.

Auditors

KPMG retire and, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. A resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG as auditors of the Bank is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By Order of the Board
MA Weihua
Chairman

12 April 2010

本行致力維持高水平企業管治，為提升銀行整體的管理質素，董事會已推行企業管治措施，且特別重視一個有效的董事會，去領導和監控銀行，確保所有業務活動合乎誠信及優良商業道德操守。

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止之年度內，本行已依循香港金融管理局於二〇〇一年九月發出的「本地註冊認可機構的企業管治」指引。

董事會

董事會以盡責的態度和有效的方式領導銀行，並已採納正式而詳列其職能及責任的職權範圍。董事會主要責任包括但不限於確保管理層有足夠能力執行管理；審批目標、策略和業務計劃；確保日常運作審慎進行及依循法律和既定政策；確保及監察銀行事務符合道德規範。所有董事會成員共同分擔為銀行制訂正確方針和作適當管理的責任。

董事會現時由十二位成員組成，三位為常務董事，九位為非執行董事，而當中三位為獨立非執行董事。成員部分來自銀行業，部分來自其他行業，各有不同背景和豐富經驗。獨立非執行董事均具備適當的專業資格，或會計或相關的財務管理專長。董事的姓名及個人資料詳見本年報第6至9頁。

董事會訂有一套辦事規則，每年最少召開四次常會，如有需要會另加安排會議。公司秘書協助董事長草擬會議議程。開會通知最少於常會前十四天發送至各董事，董事可要求在議程內加插討論事項。在正常情況下，董事最少於會議前三天收到由公司秘書送交一套完整的開會資料，包括議程、上期議案、由管理委員會擬製的詳細業務報告及其他準備討論事項的有關資料，使能於會議前知悉將會討論之事項以便預早作出思考。

每次會議由公司秘書負責記錄，於會後合理時間內送交各董事覽閱，在下次會議時由董事會確認作實。會議記錄由公司秘書保存，如董事要求，可以開放給予查閱。公司秘書向董事會負責確保董事會依循正確程序及遵守適用之法律及規例運作。各董事均可獲得公司秘書提供的意見及服務。

The Bank is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance. To enhance the overall management quality of the Bank, the Board has put in place governance practices with special emphasis on an effective Board for leadership and control, sound business ethics and integrity in all business activities.

Throughout the year ended 31 December 2009, the Bank has followed the guidelines set out in the “Corporate Governance of Locally Incorporated Authorised Institutions” issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority in September 2001.

Board of Directors

The Board of Directors (the “Board”) is charged with leading the Bank in a responsible and effective manner. The Board has adopted formal terms of reference which detail its functions and responsibilities. Its main responsibilities include, but are not limited to, ensuring competent management, approving objectives, strategies and business plans, ensuring prudent conduct of operations within the laws and approved policies, ensuring and monitoring integrity in the Bank’s conduct of affairs. Directors, as members of the Board, jointly share responsibility for the proper direction and management of the Bank.

The Board currently comprises twelve members, three executive directors and nine non-executive directors, of whom three are independent non-executive directors. The individuals who make up the Board draw on a rich and diverse background of experience from both within and outside of the banking community. The independent non-executive directors possess appropriate professional qualifications, or accounting or related financial management expertise. The names and brief biographical details of the directors are shown on pages 6 to 9 in this Annual Report.

The Bank has in place established Board process. Regular Board meetings are held at least four times a year, and, if necessary, additional meetings would be arranged. The Company Secretary assists the Chairman in establishing the meeting agenda. Notice of meeting will be sent to directors at least fourteen days prior to a regular Board meeting, and each director may request inclusion of matters in the agenda for Board meetings. The directors will receive from the Company Secretary a comprehensive information package, including the agenda, minutes of the previous meeting, detailed business reports prepared by the Management Committee and other information on matters to be discussed at the meeting at least three days in advance of Board meetings normally to facilitate deliberate informed discussions.

The Company Secretary is responsible for taking minutes of the Board meetings, which will be sent to all directors for their comments within a reasonable time after each meeting before being confirmed by the Board, at the immediate subsequent meeting. The minute books are kept by the Company Secretary and will be available for inspection by the directors upon request. All directors have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary, who is responsible to the Board for ensuring that the procedures are followed and that all applicable laws and regulations are complied with.



企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

新獲委任之董事將會收到一套導向資料，包括所有重要法例要求、本行的組織大綱及註冊章程、董事會政策及指引等。常務董事將會見新任董事，讓其更詳細了解銀行業務運作。如董事認為有需要，銀行會贊助其參加專業的研討會。為使非執行董事正確了解銀行業務，管理委員會於每次會議前會提交一份詳盡的業務報告予非執行董事，內容包括管理層的業務策略和目標、各項業務的最新發展及行動計劃等。

自永隆銀行成為招商銀行的全資附屬公司後，董事會為提升銀行整體的管理素質，持續改進企業管治，確保所有銀行業務合規經營。於二〇〇九年八月董事會決議通過成立戰略委員會、薪酬與考核委員會（取代原有的薪酬委員會）及審計與風險管理委員會（取代原有的審核委員會），進一步完善企業管治，藉此監察銀行有關方面的事務。每個委員會有特定職權範圍，訂明其職責、權力及功能。委員會定期向董事會匯報，在適當時候就所討論事項提出建議。董事會除負起全面監督的角色外，同時會執行一些指定職務，如核准聘任特定高層人員、審閱財務賬目、建議派發股息及核准有關董事會合規的政策等。

董事長與行政總裁

董事長與行政總裁的職位由不同人擔任。

董事長馬蔚華博士為董事會之領導人，負責確保董事會有效地運作，適時及建設性地處理所有重要和合適的事項。

行政總裁朱琦先生聯同管理委員會，獲授予權力和責任管理本行業務運作及推行業務發展策略。

On appointment, new directors will be given an orientation package, including all key legal requirements, the Bank's Memorandum and Articles of Association and Board policies and guidelines. Executive Directors will meet with the new directors to give them more detailed knowledge of the Bank's business and activities. The Bank will sponsor directors to attend professional development seminars if they consider it necessary. To ensure that non-executive directors have a proper understanding of the Bank's operations, the Management Committee provides them with detailed business reports on the management's business strategies and objectives, updates on different lines of business, action plans, etc before each Board meeting.

Since the Bank has become a wholly-owned subsidiary of China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd., the Board strives to improve its corporate governance and ensure operational compliance so as to enhance management quality. In August 2009, the Board approved the establishment of Strategy Committee, Remuneration and Appraisal Committee (in place of Remuneration Committee) and Audit and Risk Management Committee (in place of Audit Committee), to further improve corporate governance and to oversee particular aspects of the Bank's affairs. Each of the committees has defined terms of reference setting out its duties, powers and functions. The committees report regularly to the Board and, where appropriate, make recommendations on matters discussed. The Board, in addition to its overall supervisory role, retains specific responsibilities such as approving specific senior appointments, approving financial accounts, recommending dividend payments, approving policies relating to the Board's compliance, etc.

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

The positions of chairman of the Board and chief executive officer are separate.

The Chairman, Dr MA Weihua, provides leadership for the Board. He is responsible for ensuring that the Board works effectively and that all key and appropriate issues are discussed by the Board in a timely and constructive manner.

The Chief Executive Officer, Mr ZHU Qi, in conjunction with the Management Committee, is delegated with the authority and responsibility for running the Bank's operation and implementing the Bank's business strategies.

管理委員會

管理委員會成員由董事會委任，現時由三位成員組成，分別為朱琦先生（主席）、徐志宏先生及郭鍵雄先生。根據其職權範圍及董事會不時訂下的方針，就本行的管理和日常營運，行使董事會授予的權力和酌情權。管理委員會負責執行董事會擬定之政策及業務計劃，協助董事會規劃本集團之可接受風險程度及策略以管理本集團業務所承受之各類風險；以及執行和維持本集團整體業務風險管理架構。管理委員會同時參與評估大額信貸申請及批核超越授信審核委員會權限之信貸申請，並省視資產負債管理委員會及風險管理委員會的工作。後者提及的三個專責委員會乃由管理委員會設立並直接管轄之主要委員會。

管理委員會定期向董事會呈送詳盡業務報告，內容包括管理層的業務策略和目標、各項業務的發展及行動計劃等，以便在董事會議上討論。管理委員會適時提供適當和足夠的資料予董事會其他成員，讓其知悉銀行最新動向，以執行其職務。

戰略委員會

戰略委員會的成員由董事會委任，現時由五位董事組成，分別為馬蔚華博士（主席）、朱琦先生、許世清博士、伍步謙博士及蘇洪亮先生，該委員會負責確定銀行的戰略方向，組織制定中長期發展戰略；負責核准重大投資及資本開支事項；評估和批准銀行的慈善捐獻活動；評估銀行與外部機構、團體的重要合作關係。

Management Committee

The Management Committee consists of three members, all appointed by the Board. The current members are Mr ZHU Qi (Chairman), Mr XU Zhihong and Mr KWOK Kin Hung. The Management Committee exercises the powers, authorities and discretions of the Board relating to the management and day-to-day running of the Bank in accordance with its terms of reference and directions as the Board may determine from time to time. The Management Committee is responsible for the implementation of policies and execution of business plans as set by the Board, assisting the Board to formulate the Group's risk appetite and strategies for managing the various types of risks to which the Group's businesses are exposed, and the implementation and maintenance of the overall risk management framework across the Group's businesses. The Committee also participates in evaluating large credit applications and making credit decisions for those requiring approval in excess of the Credit Committee's authorities, and oversees the Asset and Liability Management Committee and Risk Management Committee. The latter three specialised committees are the main committees established by and under the direct supervision of the Management Committee.

The Management Committee presents to the Board regularly by way of detailed business reports on management's business strategies and objectives, updates on different lines of business, action plans, etc for discussion at each Board meeting. The Committee also provides appropriate and sufficient information to the other members of the Board in a timely manner to keep them apprised of the latest development of the Bank so as to enable them to discharge their duties.

Strategy Committee

The Strategy Committee consists of five members, all appointed by the Board. The current members are Dr MA Weihua (Chairman), Mr ZHU Qi, Dr XU Shiqing, Dr WU Po Him Philip and Mr SOO Hung Leung Lincoln. The principal duties of the Strategy Committee are to establish strategic development goals, and to formulate medium to long term development strategies of the Bank. The Committee is also responsible for the approval of significant investment, capital expenditure plan and the donations made to charitable organisations, and evaluating the Bank's key partnership with external organisations.



企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

薪酬與考核委員會

薪酬與考核委員會成員由董事會委任，現時由三位董事組成，分別為張光華博士（主席）、鄭先炳博士和陳智思先生。該委員會之主要職責是監督、檢查及評估管理層執行年度經營計劃及董事會決議的情況；研究董事和高級管理人員的考核標準，按年度進行考核並提出建議；研究和審查董事、高級管理人員薪酬政策與方案；評估和批准銀行董事、高級管理人員的僱傭協議或服務協議；評估和批准銀行員工的薪酬戰略、年度薪酬調整計劃、福利計劃等。

審計與風險管理委員會

審計與風險管理委員會成員由董事會委任，現時由五位董事組成，分別為李浩先生（主席）、許世清博士、梁乃鵬博士、蘇洪亮先生和陳智思先生，他們均具備合適的學歷和專業資格或相關的財務管理才能，並獲提供充足資源履行其職務。該委員會之主要責任包括保證銀行的內部會計系統及財務控制體系的合理性與正確性；提議聘請或更換外部審計機構，對其獨立性及表現進行評估；對內部審計部門的工作程序和工作效果進行評價；負責銀行風險管理體系監控，對銀行風險狀況進行定期評估，並提出相應的政策建議；審核銀行的內部控制制度，對銀行高級管理層在信貸、市場、操作等方面的風險控制情況進行監督。

董事提名

本行無成立提名委員會。全體董事會負責核准新成員之委任及在股東年會上提名合適的人士應選董事，以填補董事空缺或增添董事數目。

Remuneration and Appraisal Committee

The Remuneration and Appraisal Committee consists of three members, all appointed by the Board. The current members are Dr ZHANG Guanghua (Chairman), Dr ZHENG Xianbing and Mr CHAN Charnwut Bernard. The principal duties of the Remuneration and Appraisal Committee are to oversee, examine and evaluate the execution of the Bank's annual business plans and the Board's resolutions. The Committee is also responsible for studying the performance appraisal standards for the Directors and senior management, and conducting appraisals and making recommendations annually. Besides, the Committee also participates in studying and reviewing the remuneration policies and packages for the Directors and senior management, evaluating and approving the employment or service agreements of the Bank's Directors and senior management, the Bank's remuneration strategies, the annual pay adjustment as well as benefits schemes for the staff of the Bank.

Audit and Risk Management Committee

The Audit and Risk Management Committee consists of five members, all appointed by the Board. The current members are Mr LI Hao (Chairman), Dr XU Shiqing, Dr LEUNG Nai Pang Norman, Mr SOO Hung Leung Lincoln and Mr CHAN Charnwut Bernard. They possess appropriate academic and professional qualifications or related financial management expertise, and are provided with sufficient resources to discharge their duties. The principal duties of the Audit and Risk Management Committee are to ensure the rationality and accuracy of the internal accounting and financial control systems of the Bank; to propose the appointment or replacement of external auditors, and assess their independence and performance; to evaluate the procedures and performance of internal auditors as well as to monitor the risk management system of the Bank, conducting regular assessment of the risk position of the Bank and proposing the implementation of the relevant policies. In addition, the Committee also takes part in auditing the internal control system of the Bank, and monitoring the risk management of the Bank's exposures to credit risks, market risks and operational risks, etc by the senior management.

Nomination of Directors

The Bank does not have a Nomination Committee. The Board as a whole is responsible for the procedure of agreeing to the appointment of its members and for nominating appropriate person for election at the annual general meeting, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors.

內部監控

董事會及高層管理人員負責設立、維持及執行一有效的內部監控系統。本集團的內部監控系統包括一個完善的組織架構和全面的政策及準則。董事會之下已設立審計與風險管理委員會及各特定委員會，以協助管理和監察各種風險。董事會對各部門的職務、責任和誠信的期望，已清晰地列載於各政策文件內，包括行為守則、內部監控政策聲明及合規政策聲明等。董事會並已清楚界定各業務及營運部門的權責，以確保有效之制衡。

本集團之內部監控系統涵蓋每一個業務及營運部門，以保障本集團資產免受損失或被盜取；妥善保存會計紀錄以提供可靠的財務資料；合理地對欺詐及重大錯誤作出防範，惟難以確保其絕對不會發生。本集團已訂立政策和程序，確保遵照有關法律、規例和行業標準。為了應付監管機構日益嚴謹的法例要求以及瞬息萬變的營商環境，董事會已投放更多資源及努力進一步強化本集團之管理層架構及監察，並已設立內部監控委員會，協助管理層監察本集團之內部監控系統。該委員會定期舉行會議，並會每年向管理委員會匯報其工作情況。

本集團已訂定不同的風險管理政策和程序，並由特定的委員會及單位負責識別、評估、監察及管理本集團所面對的各種風險。風險管理政策及藉以控制主要風險的規限由董事會或管理委員會擬定及批准。有關管理主要風險（包括信貸、市場、流動資金及營運風險）的政策及程序，詳列在財務報表註釋2「金融風險管理」一欄。

Internal Control

The Board and senior management are responsible for establishing, maintaining and operating an effective system of internal control. The internal control system of the Group comprises a well-established organisational structure and comprehensive policies and standards. The Audit and Risk Management Committee and other designated committees have been established with the objective of assisting the Board to manage and monitor various risks. The Board's expectations regarding duty, responsibility and integrity of each department are clearly spelled out in formal policy statements, which include Code of Conduct, Internal Control Policy Statement and Compliance Policy Statement, etc. The Board has clearly defined the lines of authority and responsibilities of each business and operational unit to ensure adequate checks and balances.

Our internal control system covers every business and operational function of the Group. Our system is designed to safeguard the Group's assets against loss and misappropriation; to maintain proper accounting records for producing reliable financial information; to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance against material fraud and errors. Policies and procedures are established to ensure compliance with applicable laws, regulations and industry standards. To cope with the increasingly stringent requirements from relevant regulatory authorities together with ever-changing business environment, the Board has dedicated more resources and efforts to further strengthen the Group's management structure and oversight. Internal Control Committee has been established with a primary objective of assisting management to oversee the overall internal control system of the Group. Regular Internal Control Committee meetings are held and the Committee reports its work to the Management Committee annually.

The Group has had in place various risk management policies and procedures. There are specific committees and units that are responsible for identifying, assessing, monitoring and managing the risks that the Group faces. Risk management policies and major risk control limits are established and approved by the Board or the Management Committee. A more detailed discussion of the policies and procedures for managing each of the major types of risk the Group is facing, including credit, market, liquidity and operational risk, is included in note 2 to the financial statements "Financial Risk Management" section.



企業管治報告 Corporate Governance Report

董事會負責本集團之內部監控系統，並對有關系統之有效性作出檢討。內部稽核為本集團內部監控架構重要的一環，向董事會提供客觀保證，透過對所有業務及營運部門的定期全面審查以確保完善的內部監控系統得以維持及依循既定的程序和標準。所有內部稽核報告均會提交審計與風險管理委員會審閱。外聘核數師致管理層函件及監管機構報告內的重要事項均提呈審計與風險管理委員會審閱，確保能及時採取補救行動，並跟進所有建議，確保能在合理時間內執行。稽核部每年根據風險為本之原則，將稽核資源重點擺放於較高風險之範疇上，以制訂其年度內部審計計劃。該計劃會提交管理委員會及審計與風險管理委員會核准。為確保稽核之獨立性，董事會已訂立內部審計章程，制訂內部稽核之職權及責任，本行總稽核直接向管理委員會及審計與風險管理委員會報告。

問責及稽核

董事負責監督編製每個財政時段的財務報表，使賬目能真實和公平地反映集團在該時段的業務狀況、業績及現金流量表現。於編製截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止年度之財務報表時，董事已採用適當之會計政策並貫徹應用，已批准採納符合國際財務報告準則的全部香港財務報告準則，及作出審慎合理的判斷及估計，並按持續經營之基準編製財務報表。

本行在有關期間完結後的四個月及三個月限期內，分別適時地發表全年業績公佈及中期業績公佈。

The Board is responsible for the Group's internal control system and for reviewing its effectiveness. The Group's internal audit function plays an important role in the Group's internal control framework. It provides objective assurance to the Board that a sound internal control system is maintained and operated in compliance with the established processes and standards through regular and comprehensive audits on all business and operational functions. All internal audit reports will be submitted to the Audit and Risk Management Committee for review. Significant issues raised in the management letters from external auditors and reports from regulatory authorities will be brought to the attention of the Audit and Risk Management Committee to ensure that prompt remedial action is taken. All recommendations will be properly followed up to ensure they are implemented within a reasonable period of time. Pursuant to a risk-based methodology, the Internal Audit Department plans its internal audit schedules annually with audit resources prioritised towards higher risk areas. The Internal Audit Plan is submitted to the Management Committee as well as the Audit and Risk Management Committee for approval. To preserve the audit independence, the Board has established the Audit Charter to set out the authorities and responsibilities of internal audit function. The Group Chief Auditor reports directly to the Management Committee as well as the Audit and Risk Management Committee.

Accountability and Audit

The directors are responsible for overseeing the preparation of financial statements of each financial period, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and of the results and cash flows for that period. In preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2009, the directors have applied suitable accounting policies consistently, approved adoption of all Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards which are in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standards, and made prudent judgements and estimates, and prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Bank has announced its annual and interim results in a timely manner within the limits of 4 months and 3 months respectively after the end of the relevant period.

致永隆銀行有限公司股東
(於香港註冊成立的有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審核列載於第35頁至第186頁永隆銀行有限公司(「銀行」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財務報表包括於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日的綜合及貴銀行的資產負債表,與截至該日止年度的綜合收益表、綜合全面收益表、綜合權益變動表和綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要及其他附註解釋。

董事就財務報表須承擔的責任

董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》編製及真實而公平地列報該等財務報表。這責任包括設計、實施及維護與編製及真實而公平地列報財務報表相關的內部控制,以使財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤而導致的重大錯誤陳述;選擇和應用適當的會計政策;及按情況下作出合理的會計估計。

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審核對該等財務報表作出意見。我們是按照香港《公司條例》第141條的規定,僅向整體股東報告。除此之外,我們的報告書不可用作其他用途。我們概不就本報告書的內容,對任何其他人士負責或承擔法律責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審核。這些準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審核,以合理確定此等財務報表是否不存有任何重大錯誤陳述。

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF WING LUNG BANK LIMITED
(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Wing Lung Bank Limited (the "Bank") set out on pages 35 to 186, which comprise the consolidated and the Bank's balance sheets as at 31 December 2009, and the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flow statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory notes.

Directors' responsibility for the financial statements

The directors of the Bank are responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. This responsibility includes designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and the true and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies; and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. This report is made solely to you, as a body, in accordance with section 141 of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.



獨立核數師報告書 Independent Auditor's Report

審核涉及執程序以獲取有關財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審核憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷，包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致財務報表存有重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時，核數師考慮與該公司編製及真實而公平地列報財務報表相關的內部控制，以設計適當的審核程序，但並非為對公司的內部控制的效能發表意見。審核亦包括評價董事所採用的會計政策的合適性及所作出的會計估計的合理性，以及評價財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信，我們所獲得的審核憑證是充足和適當地為我們的審核意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為，該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告準則真實而公平地反映貴銀行與 貴集團於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日的事務狀況及截至該日止年度 貴集團的溢利及現金流量，並已按照香港《公司條例》妥為編製。

畢馬威會計師事務所

執業會計師
香港中環
遮打道10號
太子大廈8樓

二〇一〇年四月十二日

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Bank and of the Group as at 31 December 2009 and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

KPMG

Certified Public Accountants
8th Floor, Prince's Building
10 Chater Road
Central, Hong Kong

12 April 2010

綜合收益表

Consolidated Income Statement

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止之年度 For the year ended 31 December 2009

		註釋 Note	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
利息收入	Interest income	4	2,022,011	3,277,081
利息支出	Interest expense	5	(690,187)	(1,999,748)
淨利息收入	Net interest income		1,331,824	1,277,333
服務費及佣金收入	Fees and commission income		447,654	419,141
服務費及佣金支出	Fees and commission expense		(65,529)	(75,642)
服務費及佣金淨收入	Net fees and commission income	6	382,125	343,499
保險營業收入	Insurance operating income	7	408,133	444,855
淨交易收益／(虧損)	Net trading gain/(loss)	8	299,918	(1,150,745)
	Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale securities		68,897	131,202
出售可供出售證券之淨收益	Other operating income	9	147,692	174,577
其他營業收入				
營業收入	Operating income		2,638,589	1,220,721
營業支出	Operating expenses	10	(1,151,601)	(1,046,591)
信貸損失之減值調撥	Impairment charge for credit losses	11	(77,921)	(746,725)
保險申索準備	Charge for insurance claims	7	(403,085)	(523,517)
出售其他物業及設備之淨虧損	Net loss on disposal of other properties and equipment		(2,283)	(1,635)
其他投資收益／(虧損) 前之營業溢利／(虧損)	Operating profit/(loss) before gain/(loss) on certain investments		1,003,699	(1,097,747)
投資物業公平價值收益	Fair value gains on investment properties	29	38,084	137,586
應佔共同控制實體之淨溢利／(虧損)	Share of net profits/(losses) of jointly controlled entities		30,174	(84,667)
應佔聯營公司之淨溢利	Share of net profits of associates		2,961	1,882
除稅前溢利／(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before taxation		1,074,918	(1,042,946)
所得稅	Income tax	14	(190,473)	226,791
股東應佔溢利／(虧損)	Profit/(loss) attributable to shareholders		884,445	(816,155)

載於第41頁至第186頁之註釋為此等財務報表之一部份。

The notes on pages 41 to 186 form part of these financial statements.

綜合全面收益表

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止之年度 For the year ended 31 December 2009

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
本年度溢利／(虧損)	Net profit/(loss) for the year	884,445	(816,155)
本年度其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the year		
重估房產之盈餘	Surplus on revaluation of bank premises	4,039	780
可供出售證券之 公平價值改變	Changes in fair value of available-for-sale securities	188,766	(989,828)
於出售可供出售證券時 轉入收益表	Transfer to income statement on disposal of available-for-sale securities	(68,897)	(131,202)
於可供出售證券減值時 轉入收益表	Transfer to income statement on impairment of available-for-sale securities	—	309,785
應佔聯營公司之儲備	Share of associates' reserves	137	(175)
應佔共同控制實體之儲備	Share of jointly controlled entities' reserves	4,489	(5,119)
其他全面收益之遞延稅項 之影響	Effect of deferred taxation on other comprehensive income items	(11,094)	16,636
二〇〇八年稅率變更對 遞延稅項結存之影響	Effect on opening deferred tax balances resulting from the change in tax rate in 2008	—	1,450
本年度其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the year	117,440	(797,673)
本年度股東應佔之全面 收益之總額	Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to shareholders	1,001,885	(1,613,828)

載於第41頁至第186頁之註釋為此等財務報表之一部份。

The notes on pages 41 to 186 form part of these financial statements.

綜合資產負債表

Consolidated Balance Sheet

二〇〇九年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2009

		註釋 Note	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
資產	Assets			
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	17	18,728,093	36,060,920
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	18	11,021,479	4,869,242
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	19	2,452,783	2,809,833
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	20	116,965	40,375
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	21	3,611,322	2,356,318
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	22	12,332,278	1,539,543
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	23	11,136,988	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項	Advances and other accounts	24	54,413,444	44,788,117
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	27	181,619	153,900
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	28	4,936	5,867
投資物業	Investment properties	29	2,275,960	2,346,550
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	30	246,797	237,173
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	31	625,667	489,767
可回收稅項	Tax recoverable		86,433	85,922
遞延稅項資產	Deferred tax assets	36	75,159	88,909
總資產	Total assets		117,309,923	100,592,854
負債	Liabilities			
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks		3,398,540	914,484
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	32	34,006	595,471
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	20	568,606	197,606
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	33	402,144	2,076,092
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	34	92,301,427	82,493,626
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued		1,981,341	1,020,970
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	35	3,000,000	—
當期稅項	Current taxation		13,686	5,118
遞延稅項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	36	414,821	276,363
其他賬項及預提	Other accounts and accruals	37	3,791,572	2,611,229
總負債	Total liabilities		105,906,143	90,190,959
權益	Equity			
股本	Share capital	38	1,160,951	1,160,951
儲備	Reserves	39	10,242,829	9,240,944
權益總額	Total equity		11,403,780	10,401,895
權益及負債總額	Total equity and liabilities		117,309,923	100,592,854

經已於二〇一〇年四月十二日由董事會通過及授權發佈。

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 April 2010.

馬蔚華
朱琦
徐志宏
郭鍵雄

董事長
董事兼行政總裁
董事兼總經理
董事兼總經理

MA Weihua
ZHU Qi
XU Zhihong
KWOK Kin Hung

Chairman
Director and Chief Executive Officer
Director and General Manager
Director and General Manager

載於第41頁至第186頁之註釋為此等財務報表之一部份。

The notes on pages 41 to 186 form part of these financial statements.

資產負債表

Balance Sheet

二〇〇九年十二月三十一日 As at 31 December 2009

		註釋 Note	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
資產	Assets			
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	17	18,469,495	35,787,145
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	18	11,336,479	4,844,097
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	19	2,427,002	2,699,500
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	20	104,430	40,375
以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	21	3,537,203	2,204,939
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	22	12,152,565	1,364,071
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	23	11,136,988	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項	Advances and other accounts	24	53,387,547	43,901,566
附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	26	300,163	300,155
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	27	80,098	86,062
投資物業	Investment properties	29	2,355,760	2,425,050
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	30	246,797	237,173
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	31	539,460	410,503
可回收稅項	Tax recoverable		86,284	85,922
總資產	Total assets		116,160,271	99,106,976
負債	Liabilities			
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks		3,491,979	1,011,512
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	32	34,006	595,471
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	20	567,065	197,606
以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	33	402,144	2,115,948
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	34	93,902,693	83,337,532
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued		1,981,341	1,020,970
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	35	3,000,000	—
當期稅項	Current taxation		1,155	—
遞延稅項負債	Deferred tax liabilities	36	412,304	274,537
其他賬項及預提	Other accounts and accruals	37	1,906,031	853,597
總負債	Total liabilities		105,698,718	89,407,173
權益	Equity			
股本	Share capital	38	1,160,951	1,160,951
儲備	Reserves	39	9,300,602	8,538,852
權益總額	Total equity		10,461,553	9,699,803
權益及負債總額	Total equity and liabilities		116,160,271	99,106,976

經已於二〇一〇年四月十二日由董事會通過及授權發佈。

Approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 12 April 2010.

馬蔚華
朱琦
徐志宏
郭健雄

董事長
董事兼行政總裁
董事兼總經理
董事兼總經理

MA Weihua
ZHU Qi
XU Zhihong
KWOK Kin Hung

Chairman
Director and Chief Executive Officer
Director and General Manager
Director and General Manager

載於第41頁至第186頁之註釋為此等財務報表之一部份。

The notes on pages 41 to 186 form part of these financial statements.

綜合權益變動表

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止之年度 For the year ended 31 December 2009

		股本	資本儲備	重估 房產儲備 Bank premises reevaluation reserve	重估 投資儲備 Investment reevaluation reserve	法定儲備 Statutory surplus	普通儲備 General reserve	保留溢利 Retained earnings	合計 Total
		Share capital	Capital reserve	reevaluation reserve	Investment reevaluation reserve	Statutory surplus	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	1,160,951	57,500	35,069	972,543	–	1,003,730	9,250,310	12,480,103
二〇〇八年權益總額的改變：	Change in equity for 2008:								
已派發二〇〇七年度末期股息	2007 Final dividend paid	–	–	–	–	–	–	(348,285)	(348,285)
已派發二〇〇八年度中期股息	2008 Interim dividend paid	–	–	–	–	–	–	(116,095)	(116,095)
於本年度確認的全面 收益總額	Total comprehensive income recognised for the year	–	–	1,076	(798,749)	–	–	(816,155)	(1,613,828)
轉入法定儲備	Transfer to statutory surplus	–	–	–	–	25	–	(25)	–
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日及 二〇〇九年一月一日	At 31 December 2008 and 1 January 2009	1,160,951	57,500	36,145	173,794	25	1,003,730	7,969,750	10,401,895
二〇〇九年權益總額的改變：	Change in equity for 2009:								
於本年度確認的全面 收益總額	Total comprehensive income recognised for the year	–	–	3,373	114,067	–	–	884,445	1,001,885
轉入保留溢利	Transfer to retained earning	–	–	–	–	(25)	–	25	–
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	1,160,951	57,500	39,518	287,861	–	1,003,730	8,854,220	11,403,780

載於第41頁至第186頁之註釋為此等財務報表之一部份。

The notes on pages 41 to 186 form part of these financial statements.

綜合現金流量表

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止之年度 For the year ended 31 December 2009

		註釋 Note	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
營業活動之現金 (流出)／流入額	Cash (used in)/generated from operations	44(a)	(1,367,028)	11,514,404
支付香港利得稅	Hong Kong profits tax paid		(20,850)	(81,156)
支付海外稅項	Overseas tax paid		(20,452)	(13,319)
營業活動之現金 (流出)／流入淨額	Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(1,408,330)	11,419,929
投資活動	Investing activities			
購入可供出售之證券及 持至到期證券	Purchase of available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities		(50,795,658)	(19,935,303)
共同控制實體之貸款償還	Loans repaid from jointly controlled entities		5,964	11,202
共同控制實體及 聯營公司權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities and associates		—	(35,000)
收取共同控制實體及 聯營公司之股息	Dividends received from jointly controlled entities and an associate		3,005	6,154
出售及贖回可供出售之 證券及持至到期證券 所得之款項	Proceeds from sale and redemption of available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities		33,837,769	22,041,113
增置投資物業	Payment for additions of investment properties		—	(10,866)
增置其他物業及設備	Payment for additions of other properties and equipment		(116,080)	(65,671)
出售其他物業及設備 所得之款項	Proceeds from disposal of other properties and equipment		307	437
投資活動之現金 (流出)／流入淨額	Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities		(17,064,693)	2,012,066
融資活動	Financing activities			
已派股息	Dividends paid		—	(464,380)
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued		3,000,000	—
融資活動之現金 流入／(流出)淨額	Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities		3,000,000	(464,380)
現金及等同現金項目之淨 (減少)／增加	Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(15,473,023)	12,967,615
於一月一日現金及 等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at 1 January		39,299,383	26,397,095
外幣匯率變動之影響	Effects of foreign exchange rate changes		(410,513)	(65,327)
於十二月三十一日現金及 等同現金項目	Cash and cash equivalents at 31 December	44(b)	23,415,847	39,299,383
營業活動之現金流量包括：	Cash flows from operating activities include:			
利息收入	Interest received		2,029,449	3,392,981
利息支出	Interest paid		773,856	2,026,944
股息收入	Dividends received		11,920	40,093

載於第41頁至第186頁之註釋為此等財務報表之一部份。 The notes on pages 41 to 186 form part of these financial statements.

1 主要會計政策

1.1 編製基礎

本綜合財務報表乃根據香港會計師公會所頒佈之香港財務報告準則（此乃所有適用之個別香港財務報告準則、香港會計準則及詮釋之統稱）、香港普遍採納之會計準則及香港《公司條例》之要求而編製。

本綜合財務報表以歷史成本常規法編製，並就可供出售之金融資產、持作買賣用途之金融資產及負債（包括衍生金融工具），以公平價值記入損益賬之金融資產及負債及投資物業之重估作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則之財務報表須使用多項重要之會計估計，亦須管理層在應用本集團會計政策之過程中作出判斷。涉及較大幅度之判斷及較高複雜性、或其假設及估計對本綜合財務報表有重大影響之範疇，已詳列於註釋3。

香港會計師公會已頒佈多項新增／經修訂之香港財務報告準則，並於二〇〇九年一月一日或以後之會計年度開始生效。本集團已採納下列與本集團業務相關之新增／經修訂之香港財務報告準則：

- 香港財務報告準則第8號
「營業分部」
- 香港會計準則第1號（經修訂）
「財務報表之呈列」
- 香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂
「金融工具：披露－改進有關金融工具之披露」
- 香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）
詮釋第9號及香港會計準則
第39號之修訂
「重新評估隱含的衍生工具」
- 香港（國際財務報告詮釋委員會）
詮釋第13號「客戶忠誠計劃」
- 香港財務報告準則的改進（2008年）

1 Summary of significant accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards (“HKFRSs”, a collective term which includes all applicable individual Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards, Hong Kong Accounting Standards (“HKASs”) and Interpretations) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (“HKICPA”), accounting principles generally accepted in Hong Kong and the requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and financial liabilities held for trading (including derivative financial instruments), financial assets and financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss and investment properties.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRSs requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgments in the process of applying the Group’s accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements are disclosed in note 3.

The HKICPA has issued a number of new/revised HKFRSs, which are effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2009. The Group adopted the following new/revised HKFRSs which are relevant to its operations:

- HKFRS 8, Operating Segments
- HKAS 1 (Revised), Presentation of Financial Statements
- Amendments to HKFRS 7, Financial Instruments:
Disclosures – Improving Disclosures about Financial Instruments
- Amendments to HK (IFRIC) Interpretation 9 and HKAS 39,
Reassessment of Embedded Derivative
- HK (IFRIC) Interpretation 13, Customer Loyalty Programmes
- Improvements to HKFRSs (2008)

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.1 編製基礎 (續)

香港財務報告準則第8號規定，分部披露須根據本集團主要業務決策人認同及管理的方式而行，而報告之各個分部金額，即為向本集團主要業務決策人報告所用之方法，以此評估分部之表現，並就經營業務事宜作出決策。此規定與本集團過往採用以產品及服務分部，和以地域分部列示的財務報表方式有異。故此，採納香港財務報告準則第8號以列示分部資料，能與本集團內部報告至最高行政管理層的方式更為一致，同時也因此新增額外須予識別及列示的報告分部（見註釋41）。相關的金額已按照與修訂分部資料一致的基礎而列示。

香港會計準則第1號（經修訂）引入財務報表呈列及披露的改變。由於採納香港會計準則第1號（經修訂），以股東身份在期間所進行的交易所產生的權益變動明細須獨立於其他收入和支出項目於經修訂之綜合權益變動表列示。所有其他的收入和支出的項目，如被確認為當期部份之損益，均列於綜合收益表內，或列於一份新的主要報表－「綜合全面收益表」內。而這變動對任何期間已認列之損益、總收入和支出或淨資產均不會構成任何影響。

香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂提高了對公平價值計量之披露要求。這修訂要求就公平價值計量作出等級架構披露。採納上述修訂導致了額外披露，但對本集團之財務狀況及全面收益並無影響。本集團使用了香港財務報告準則第7號之修訂所給予的過渡性規定，即毋須就新設的披露規定提供金融工具公平價值計量的比較資料。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

HKFRS 8 requires segment disclosure to be based on the way that the Group's chief operating decision maker regards and manages the Group, with the amounts reported for each reportable segment being the measures reported to the Group's chief operating decision maker for the purposes of assessing segment performance and making decisions about operating matters. This contrasts with the presentation of segment information in prior years which was based on a disaggregation of the Group's financial statements into segments based on related products and services and on geographical areas. The adoption of HKFRS 8 has resulted in the presentation of segment information in a manner that is more consistent with internal reporting provided to the Group's most senior executive management, and has resulted in additional reportable segments being identified and presented in note 41. Corresponding amounts have been provided on a basis consistent with the revised segment information.

HKAS 1 (Revised) introduces changes in the presentation and disclosures of financial statements. As a result of the adoption of HKAS 1 (Revised), details of changes in equity during the period arising from transactions with equity shareholders in their capacity as such have been presented separately from all other income and expenses in a revised consolidated statement of changes in equity. All other items of income and expense are presented in the consolidated income statement, if they are recognised as part of profit or loss for the period, or otherwise in a new primary statement, the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. This change in presentation has no effect on reported profit or loss, total income and expense or net assets for any period presented.

Amendments to HKFRS 7 require enhanced disclosures about fair value measurements. In particular, the amendment requires disclosure of fair value measurements by level of a fair value measurement hierarchy. The adoption of the amendment results in additional disclosures but does not have an impact on the financial position or the comprehensive income of the Group. The Group has taken advantage of the transitional provisions set out in the amendments to HKFRS 7, under which comparative information for the newly required disclosures about the fair value measurements of financial instruments has not been provided.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.1 編製基礎 (續)

香港 (國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 詮釋第9號及會計準則第39號之修訂闡明有關隨後重估是否應將隱含的衍生工具從主合約中分離之會計處理方法。除修訂合約條款導致該合約原本要求的現金流量出現大幅變動外，修訂亦規定，倘對以公平價值列入損益賬類別的金融資產重新分類，亦需要作隨後重估，並根據於以下較後日期存在的情況進行：(a)有關實體首次成為有關合約的訂約方；及(b)修訂合約條款導致該合約原本要求的現金流量出現大幅變動。此項詮釋作出的有關修訂不大可能對本集團構成任何財務影響。

香港 (國際財務報告詮釋委員會) 詮釋第13號要求將授予客戶的忠誠認可獎賞作為計入銷售交易的一個獨立可識別組成部份。從銷售交易獲得或將收取的代價之公平價值應於銷售的忠誠認可獎賞及其他成份之間分配。分配至忠誠認可獎賞的代價乃參照其公平價值釐定，並遞延至獎賞被贖回或其負債因其他理由被取消時確認。此項詮釋不會對本集團構成重大財務影響。

香港財務報告準則的改進 (2008年) 包括香港會計師公會就多項香港財務報告準則頒佈的一系列細微和非迫切的修訂。除以下對本集團的會計政策有所變動外，其餘的修訂對本集團並無產生重大影響：

- 經修訂後的香港會計準則第28號「投資聯營公司」，有關對以權益法記賬的聯營公司的確認減值損失，毋須再以該賬面值計入商譽中。因此，當用以釐定可回收金額的估計發生一些有利的變化時，減值損失即會撥回。根據此過渡性規定，此新政策將會被應用於目前或未來期間所產生的減值損失，而以往期間所產生的減值損失則未有被重列。

採納上述香港財務報告準則對本集團之會計政策並無重大改變，對本集團之業績及財務狀況亦無重大影響。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

Amendments to HK (IFRIC) Interpretation 9 and HKAS 39 clarify the accounting treatment for embedded derivatives regarding subsequent reassessment on whether embedded derivative should be separated from host contract. In addition to a change in the terms of contract that significantly modified the cash flows that otherwise would have been required under the contract, the amendments require a subsequent reassessment to be performed when there is a reclassification of a financial asset out of the fair value through profit or loss category, which shall be made on the basis of the circumstances existed on the later date of: (a) when the entity first became a party to the contract; and (b) a change in the terms of contract that significantly modified the cash flows that otherwise would have been required under the contract. The amendments to the interpretation are unlikely to have any financial impact on the Group.

HK (IFRIC) Interpretation 13 requires customer loyalty award credits to be accounted for as a separate identifiable component of the sales transaction in which they are granted. The fair value of the consideration received or receivable in respect of the sales transaction is allocated between the award credits and the other components of the sale. The consideration allocated to the award credits shall be measured by reference to their fair value and is deferred until the awards are redeemed or the liability is otherwise extinguished. The interpretation is unlikely to have any material financial impact on the Group.

The “Improvements to HKFRSs (2008)” comprise a number of minor and non-urgent amendments to a range of HKFRSs which the HKICPA has issued as an omnibus batch of amendments. The impact of these amendments are not considered to be material to the Group, except for the following, which results in changes to the Group’s accounting policies:

- As a result of amendments to HKAS 28, Investments in associates, impairment losses recognised in respect of the associates carried under the equity method are no longer allocated to the goodwill inherent in that carrying value. As a result, when there has been a favourable change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount, the impairment loss will be reversed. In accordance with the transitional provisions in the amendment, this new policy will be applied prospectively to any impairment losses that arise in the current or future periods and previous period have not been restated.

The adoption of the above HKFRSs did not result in significant changes to the Group’s accounting policies and did not have significant impact on the Group’s results of operations and financial position.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.1 編製基礎 (續)

截至本年度財務報表發佈日止，香港會計師公會已頒佈若干新增／經修訂之香港財務報告準則，該等準則尚未於二〇〇九年一月一日開始之會計年度生效，本集團並未有提早採納該等準則。本集團正評估該等新增／經修訂之香港財務報告準則在首個應用期產生的影響，除了香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」對本集團之金融工具的分類及計量可能有所影響外，至今本集團認為採納下列與本集團業務相關之新增／經修訂之香港財務報告準則不大可能對本集團的業績和財務狀況有重大影響：

- 香港財務報告準則的改進(2009年)，於二〇〇九年七月一日或二〇一〇年一月一日或以後開始之會計年度生效。
- 香港財務報告準則第9號「金融工具」，於二〇一三年一月一日或以後開始之會計年度生效。

1.2 綜合財務報表

綜合財務報表包括本行與各附屬公司截至十二月三十一日止之財務報表。

附屬公司為本集團所控制之實體。當本集團有權決定該實體的財務及經營業務從而獲取利益，控制權則被確認。附屬公司包括本行直接或間接地控制其董事會之組成、控制其多於半數投票權或擁有多於半數其已發行股本之公司。

附屬公司自控制權轉移予本集團當日起於財務報表作綜合計算，並自該控制權終止之日起不再綜合計算。

集團內公司間之交易、結餘及未變現交易收益已於綜合財務報表內完全抵銷。未變現虧損也同時會被抵銷，除非有證據顯示該等資產出現減值。附屬公司之會計政策已作必要之變更以確保與本集團採納之政策一致。

在本行之資產負債表內，附屬公司權益乃按其成本值減除減值虧損準備列賬。本行將附屬公司之業績按已收及應收股息入賬。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

Up to the date of issue of these financial statements, the HKICPA has also issued certain new/revised HKFRSs which are not yet effective for accounting period beginning on 1 January 2009 and have not been early adopted by the Group. The Group is in the process of making an assessment of what the impact of these new/revised HKFRSs is expected to be in the period of initial application. So far it has concluded that the adoption of the following new/revised HKFRS which are relevant to the Group's operations is unlikely to have a significant impact on the Group's result of operations and financial position except for HKFRS 9, Financial Instruments, which may have an impact on the Group's classification and measurement of financial instruments:

- Improvements to HKFRSs (2009), which are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 July 2009 or 1 January 2010.
- HKFRS 9, Financial Instruments, which is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2013.

1.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Bank and all of its subsidiaries made up to 31 December.

Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Group. Control exists when the Group has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. They include entities in which the Bank, directly or indirectly, controls the composition of the Board of Directors, controls more than half of the voting power or holds more than half of the issued share capital.

Subsidiaries are consolidated into the financial statements from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are de-consolidated from the date that control ceases.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated in full in preparing the consolidated financial statements. Unrealised losses are also eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

In the Bank's balance sheet, the interests in subsidiaries are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the Bank on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.3 共同控制實體

共同控制實體指本集團與其他人士以合約協議方式共同進行經濟活動，該活動受雙方共同控制，任何一方均沒有單獨控制權。

本集團之共同控制實體權益是以權益法在綜合財務報表內記賬，記賬方法是先以成本另按本集團於購入後應佔該共同控制實體淨資產及任何相關投資減值損失的轉變而調整。本集團應佔年內共同控制實體的購入後、除稅後業績及任何減值損失在綜合收益表內確認，而本集團應佔共同控制實體之其他全面收益的購入後、除稅後項目亦在綜合全面收益表內確認。

在本行之資產負債表內，共同控制實體權益乃按其成本值減除減值虧損準備列賬。本行將共同控制實體之業績按已收及應收股息入賬。

1.4 聯營公司

聯營公司是指本集團可對其管理發揮重大影響力，包括制定其財務及經營政策，但不能控制或共同控制其管理層之公司，一般是指持有20%-50%股本投票權者。

本集團之聯營公司權益是以權益法在綜合財務報表內記賬，記賬方法是先以成本另按本集團於購入後應佔該聯營公司淨資產及任何相關投資減值損失的轉變而調整。本集團應佔年內聯營公司的購入後、除稅後業績及任何減值損失在綜合收益表內確認，而本集團應佔聯營公司之其他全面收益的購入後、除稅後項目亦在綜合全面收益表內確認。

在本行之資產負債表內，聯營公司權益乃按其成本值減除減值虧損準備列賬。本行將聯營公司之業績按已收及應收股息入賬。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.3 Jointly controlled entities

A jointly controlled entity is an entity which operates under a contractual arrangement whereby the Group and other parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control and none of the participating parties has unilateral control over the economic activity.

The Group's interests in jointly controlled entities are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method and are initially recorded at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the jointly controlled entities' net assets and any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the jointly controlled entities and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated income statement, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the jointly controlled entities' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

In the Bank's balance sheet, the interests in jointly controlled entities are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of jointly controlled entities are accounted for by the Bank on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

1.4 Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Group has significant influence, but not control or joint control, over its management, including participation in the financial and operating policy decision. This is generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights.

The Group's interests in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method and are initially recorded at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post acquisition change in the Group's share of the associates' net assets and any impairment losses. The Group's share of the post-acquisition, post-tax results of the associates and any impairment losses for the year are recognised in the consolidated income statement, whereas the Group's share of the post-acquisition post-tax items of the associates' other comprehensive income is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

In the Bank's balance sheet, the interests in associates are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses. The results of associates are accounted for by the Bank on the basis of dividends received and receivable.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.5 收入認算

收入是按已收或應收報酬的公平價值計算。假設經濟利益有可能流向本集團及收入和支出(如適用)屬可靠計量的,收入在收益表內確認如下:

(a) 利息收入及支出

所有金融工具之利息收入及支出乃採用實際利息方法於收益表內以應計基準確認。

實際利息方法乃是一種用以計算金融資產或金融負債之攤銷成本及於其相關期內攤分利息收入或利息支出之方法。實際利率指能將預計未來之現金付賬或收入,從相關金融工具之預計年期(或較短之年期,如適用)折算至與金融資產或金融負債之賬面值之利率。在計算實際利率時,本集團乃按金融工具之所有合約條款(如提早清還之行使權)而估計其現金流量,但不考慮未發生之信貸損失。此計算包括所有合約內交易雙方所收取或支付能構成整體實際利息之費用及利率差價(包括住宅按揭貸款之現金回贈)、交易成本及所有其他溢價或折讓。

若金融資產價值因減值虧損被調低,其利息收入則以計算有關減值虧損時所採用來折算未來現金流量之利率來確認。

(b) 服務費及佣金收入

由金融服務而產生之服務費及佣金收入,在有關服務提供時確認,但如服務費是為彌補持續為客戶提供一項服務的成本或承受風險而收取或費用性質為利息則除外。在這些情況下,服務費在成本發生或承受風險的會計期確認或視作利息收入。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Provided it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group and the revenue and costs, if applicable, can be measured reliably, revenue is recognised in the income statement as follows:

(a) Interest income and expense

Interest income and expense for all financial instruments are recognised in the income statement on an accruals basis using the effective interest method.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or a financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or, when appropriate, a shorter period to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Group estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument (for example, prepayment options) but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract, including cash rebates granted in relation to residential mortgage loans, that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

Once a financial asset has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

(b) Fee and commission income

Fee and commission income arises on financial services provided by the Group and is recognised when the corresponding service is provided, except where the fee is charged to cover the costs of a continuing service to, or risk borne for, the customer, or is interest in nature. In these cases, the fee is recognised as income in the accounting period in which the cost or risk is incurred and is accounted for as interest income.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.5 收入認算 (續)

(c) 融資租賃及租購合約之利息收入

融資租賃及租購合約隱含財務收入按租賃年期確認為利息收入，以令每個會計年度期間剩餘的淨租賃投資回報大致相同。或有租金以該收入產生的會計期間列作收入。收購融資租賃或租購合約之經紀佣金包括於該等資產之賬面值內並根據其可使用年期於損益賬內攤銷作為利息收入調整。

(d) 股息收入

非上市投資股息收入在股東收取權被確立時才予以確認。上市投資股息收入則在該投資的股價除息時才被確認。

1.6 金融資產

本集團之金融資產分為以下類別：貸款及應收賬項、持作買賣用途之證券、以公平價值計入損益賬之金融資產、持至到期證券及可供出售證券。此等分類乃按購入投資時之目的而歸類，並由管理層在最初確認投資時決定。

(a) 貸款及應收賬項

貸款及應收賬項包括庫存現金及短期資金、同業定期存放及貸款、商業票據及客戶貸款，此等項目為固定或可確定付款金額及沒有活躍市場報價的非衍生金融資產。此乃本集團直接為債務人提供金錢、貨品或服務並在無意把其應收賬項用作買賣用途之情況下產生。

貸款及應收賬項採用實際利息方法計算攤銷成本減除減值虧損列賬。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.5 Revenue recognition (Continued)

(c) Finance income from finance lease and hire purchase contract

Finance income implicit in finance lease and hire purchase payments is recognised as interest income over the period of the leases so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of return on the outstanding net investment in the leases for each accounting period. Contingent rentals receivable are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned. Commission paid to dealers for acquisition of finance lease loans or hire purchase contracts is included in the carrying value of the assets and amortised to the income statement over the expected life of the lease as an adjustment to interest income.

(d) Dividend income

Dividend income from unlisted investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment is established. Dividend income from listed investments is recognised when the share price of the investment is quoted ex-dividend.

1.6 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets under the following categories: loans and receivables, trading securities, financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity securities, and available-for-sale securities. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(a) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables, including cash and short term funds, placement with and loans and advances to banks, trade bills and loans and advances to customers, are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They arise when the Group provides money, goods or services directly to a debtor with no intention of trading the receivable.

Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.6 金融資產 (續)

(b) 持作買賣用途之證券

擬在短期內出售而購入之金融資產被分類為持作買賣用途。除被指定作為對沖用途外，衍生工具亦分類為持作買賣用途。

本集團並無符合於註釋1.9所列作對沖條件之衍生金融工具。

持作買賣用途之證券按其公平價值列賬而交易成本直接於收益表內反映。其公平價值之變動，將於收益表內確認為「持作買賣用途之證券淨收益／虧損」。

(c) 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產

以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產乃不擬於短期內出售而購入之證券，但在符合下列條件下由管理層在起初所指定列入此類別：

- 該指定能消除或主要地減低以不同基礎上計量金融資產或確認其損益而出現不一致之計量或確認之情況（或稱為「會計錯配」）；
- 根據列明之風險管理或投資策略管理的一組金融資產，並以公平價值為基礎評估其表現，及按相同基準向管理層提供有關資產的內部資訊；
- 一些包含固有衍生工具之金融工具，因其衍生工具可重大調整由金融工具於合約上產生之現金流量；或
- 將包含之衍生工具從金融工具內分開是不被禁止的。

此等金融資產首先以公平價值確認，其交易成本直接列入收益表內。公平價值變動均在其產生之期間列入收益表作為「以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融工具淨收益／虧損」。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Financial assets (Continued)

(b) Trading securities

A financial asset is classified as trading if it is acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges.

The Group does not have derivative financial instruments which meet the criteria for hedge accounting as described in note 1.9.

Trading securities are stated at fair value, and transaction costs taken directly to the income statement. Changes in fair value are recognised as “Net gain/loss from trading securities” in the income statement as they arise.

(c) Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are not those financial assets acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term but designated by management as such at inception if they meet the following criteria:

- The designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as “an accounting mismatch”) that would otherwise arise from measuring the financial assets or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases;
- A group of financial assets is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and this is the basis on which information about these assets is provided internally to the management;
- It relates to those financial instruments embedded with derivatives which significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required under the contract; or
- The separation of the embedded derivative(s) from the financial instrument is not prohibited.

These financial assets are recognised initially at fair value and transaction costs taken directly to the income statement. Changes in fair value are recognised as “Net gain/loss arising from financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss” in the income statement in the period in which they arise.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.6 金融資產 (續)

(d) 持至到期證券

持至到期證券乃本集團之管理層有肯定意向及能力持至期滿之固定或可確定付款金額及有固定年期之非衍生金融資產。若本集團出售持至到期資產，除不屬重大數額外，整個類別均受影響並須重新分類為可供出售用途。

持至到期證券以實際利息方法計算其攤銷成本減除減值虧損列賬。

若對持至到期證券的投資意向及能力有所改變，則不應把金融資產繼續歸入持至到期證券，而應歸入於可供出售證券並重新以公平值計量。

(e) 可供出售證券

可供出售證券乃被指定列入此類別或並無歸入其他類別之非衍生金融資產。可供出售證券是指有意作無期限持有但可因應流動資金所需或利率、匯率或股票價格變動而可供出售之證券。

可供出售證券以公平價值列示。公平價值變動所產生之未變現損益會在其他全面收益確認並獨立地累計於權益內，直至金融資產在賬項中沖銷或減值，於其時過往已在其其他全面收益確認之累計損益將由權益轉到收益表內確認。

持作買賣用途之證券、以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產，持至到期及可供出售證券之購入與出售，按其交易日期，即本集團成為金融工具合約其中一方時列賬。貸款則在有關現金貸予借款人時列賬。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.6 Financial assets (Continued)

(d) Held-to-maturity securities

Held-to-maturity securities are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's management has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If the Group were to sell other than an insignificant amount of held-to-maturity assets, the entire category would be tainted and reclassified as available-for-sale.

Held-to-maturity securities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses.

If, as a result of a change in intention or ability, it is no longer appropriate to classify a financial asset as held-to-maturity, it shall be reclassified as available-for-sale and remeasured at fair value.

(e) Available-for-sale securities

Available-for-sale securities are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. Available-for-sale securities are those intended to be held for an indefinite period of time, which may be sold in response to needs for liquidity or changes in interest rates, exchange rates or equity prices.

Available-for-sale securities are stated at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity until the financial asset is derecognised or impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in other comprehensive income shall be reclassified from equity to the income statement.

Purchases and sales of trading securities, financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss, held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities are recognised on trade-date – the date on which the Group becomes a party to the contractual provision of the instrument. Loans are recognised when cash is advanced to the borrowers.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.7 金融資產減值

(a) 以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產

本集團會於各個結算日評估是否存在客觀證據證明某項金融資產或某一組合金融資產出現減值情況。惟當有客觀證據證明於首次確認資產後發生一宗或多宗事件導致減值情況出現(「虧損事件」)，而該宗或該等虧損事件對該項或該一組合金融資產於估計未來現金流量構成可合理估計的影響，有關金融資產才算出現減值及產生減值損失。證明某項或某一組合金融資產已出現減值的客觀證據包括集團察覺到有關以下虧損事件的明顯證據：

- (i) 發行人或承擔人出現重大財政困難；
- (ii) 違反合約如逾期交付或拖欠利息或本金；
- (iii) 本集團就借款人因經濟或法律理由而出現的財政困難給予借款人在一般情況下放款人不予考慮的優惠條件；
- (iv) 借款人有可能破產或進行其他財務重組；
- (v) 因財政困難而導致某項金融資產失去活躍市場；或
- (vi) 可觀察的資料顯示某一組合金融資產自首次確認入賬後，其估計之未來現金流量出現重大跌幅，儘管未能認定有關跌幅是來自組別內哪項個別金融資產。資料包括：
 - 組別內借款人的付款狀況出現逆轉；或
 - 組別內資產拖欠情況與有關的國家或當地經濟狀況配合。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.7 Impairment of financial assets

(a) Financial assets carried at amortised cost

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a “loss event”) and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated. Objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired includes observable data that comes to the attention of the Group about the following loss events:

- (i) significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- (ii) a breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- (iii) the Group granting to the borrower, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower’s financial difficulty, a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- (iv) it becoming probable that the borrower will enter into bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- (v) the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
- (vi) observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a group of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the group, including:
 - adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the group; or
 - national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the group.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.7 金融資產減值 (續)

(a) 以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產 (續)

本集團首先評估是否有客觀證據證明個別重大的金融資產出現減值，或非個別重大的金融資產個別或整體出現減值。若本集團確定不存在任何客觀證據證明個別評估的金融資產（不論是否屬重大）出現減值，有關資產將撥入具類同信貸風險特質的金融資產組合內，以作綜合評估。綜合評估並不包括已被個別評估為需減值或需繼續減值的資產。

若有客觀證據證明按攤銷成本列賬的金融資產出現減值損失，則以資產的賬面值與按金融資產原來的實際利率折算估計之未來現金流量（不包括日後未產生的信貸損失）所得的現值差額計算減值損失。此損失會透過減值準備賬在資產之賬面值內扣除並於收益表內確認。倘金融資產按浮動利率計息，用於計算任何減值損失之折現率則為合約下釐定的即期實際利率。在實際運作上，本集團可採用可觀察之市場價值為公平價值來計算其減值。

計算有抵押之金融資產的預計未來現金流量的現值反映因收回抵押品後扣除取得及出售抵押品（不論抵押品是否可能被收回）之成本所可能產生的現金流量。

在進行綜合減值評估時，金融資產是按類同信貸風險特質作出分類。這些特質與預測該等組別資產之未來現金流量有關，可顯示所評估資產在合約條款下其債務人償還所有到期債務的能力。

同一類別之金融資產，其未來現金流量乃根據該類別資產之合約現金流量及相同信貸特質資產之過往損失經驗作出評估。過往損失經驗會因應就觀察所得之經濟及信貸環境資料數據而作調整，以反映未有影響過往損失經驗之近期市況及除去該等現時不存在但令致過往損失之因素。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.7 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(a) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

The Group first assesses whether objective evidence of impairment exists individually for financial assets that are individually significant, and individually or collectively for financial assets that are not individually significant. If the Group determines that no objective evidence of impairment exists for an individually assessed financial asset, whether significant or not, it includes that asset in a group of financial assets with similar credit characteristics and collectively assesses them for impairment. Assets that are individually assessed for impairment and for which an impairment loss is or continues to be recognised are not included in a collective assessment of impairment.

If there is objective evidence that an impairment loss on financial assets carried at amortised cost has been incurred, the amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account and the amount of the loss is recognised in the income statement. If the financial asset has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

The calculation of the present value of the estimated future cash flows of a collateralised financial asset reflects the cash flows that may result from foreclosure less costs for obtaining and selling the collateral, whether or not foreclosure is probable.

For the purposes of a collective evaluation of impairment, financial assets are grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Those characteristics relevant to the estimation of future cash flows for groups of such assets by being indicative of the debtor's ability to pay all amounts due according to the contractual terms of the assets are considered.

Future cash flows in a group of financial assets that are collectively evaluated for impairment are estimated on the basis of the contractual cash flows of the assets in the group and historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics similar to those in the group. Historical loss experience is adjusted on the basis of current observable data on economic and credit environment to reflect the effects of current conditions that did not affect the period on which the historical loss experience is based and to remove the effects of conditions in the historical period that do not exist currently.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.7 金融資產減值 (續)

(a) 以攤銷成本列賬之金融資產 (續)

估計某些資產之未來現金流量的改變，需反映並應與期間相關可觀察數據（如失業率、物業價格、付款情況，或其他可顯示該組別損失機會及損失程度的改變）的改變趨勢一致。本集團會定期檢討用作估計未來現金流量的方法及假設，以減少預計損失及實際損失的差異。

當貸款無法收回時，將與其相關之貸款減值準備撇除。該等貸款會在完成所有必須程序及能在確定損失金額後才撇除。如日後收回過往已撇除之款項，將會用作減低收益表內的貸款減值撥備。

如日後減值損失金額減少，而該減少可客觀地與減值獲確認後發生的事項相關（例如債務人信貸評級改善），以往確認的減值損失透過調整撥備賬目撥回，撥回的金額於收益表中確認。

(b) 以公平價值列賬之資產

本集團會於各結算日評估是否存在客觀證據證明某項金融資產或某一組合金融資產出現減值情況。對被歸類為可供出售之股權投資，本集團會考慮其公平價值是否重大或持續下跌至低於其成本值來釐定該資產有否出現減值。倘存在證據顯示可供出售金融資產出現減值，其累計損失（購入成本與現時公平價值之差額）減除該金融資產以往於收益表內確認之任何減值會於重估投資儲備內撇除，並於收益表內確認。於收益表內確認的股權工具減值損失不會透過收益表撥回。如日後被分類為可供出售的債務工具的公平價值增加，而該增值可客觀地與減值損失於收益表確認後出現的事件有關，則減值損失將於收益表中撥回。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.7 Impairment of financial assets (Continued)

(a) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (Continued)

Estimates of changes in future cash flows for groups of assets should reflect and be directionally consistent with changes in related observable data from period to period (for example, change in unemployment rates, property prices, payment status, or other factors indicative of changes in the probability of losses in the group and their magnitude). The methodology and assumptions used for estimating future cash flows are reviewed regularly by the Group to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience.

When a loan is uncollectible, it is written off against the related allowances for loan impairment. Such loans are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off decrease the amount of the allowances for loan impairment in the income statement.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed by adjusting the allowance account. The amount of the reversal is recognised in the income statement.

(b) Financial assets carried at fair value

The Group assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity investments classified as available-for-sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered in determining whether the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in the income statement is removed from the investment revaluation reserve and recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in the income statement on equity instruments are not reversed through the income statement. If, in a subsequent period, the fair value of a debt instrument classified as available-for-sale increases and the increase can be objectively related to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised in the income statement, the impairment loss is reversed through the income statement.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.8 金融負債

本集團之金融負債分為以下類別：交易賬項下之負債、以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債、存款、發行之存款證及其他負債。所有金融負債均於開始時歸類，並初步以公平價值確認。

(a) 交易賬項下之負債

若金融負債主要為短期持有作購回用途，則歸類為交易賬項下之負債。此分類之負債按公平價值列示，而任何因公平價值變動而產生之收益或虧損均於收益表內確認。

(b) 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債

金融負債可於交易時被指定歸類為以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債。以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債，包括若干已發行之存款證及包含衍生工具的客戶存款。符合下列條件之金融負債一般在產生時歸類為以公平價值誌入損益賬之類別入賬：

- 該指定能消除或主要地減低以不同基礎上計量金融負債或確認其損益而出現不一致之計量或確認之情況（或稱為「會計錯配」）；
- 根據列明之風險管理或投資策略管理一組金融負債，並以公平價值為基礎評估其表現，及按相同基準向管理層提供有關負債的內部資訊；
- 一些包含固有衍生工具之金融工具，因其衍生工具可重大調整由金融工具於合約上產生之現金流量；或
- 將包含之衍生工具從金融工具內分開是不被禁止的。

此等金融負債以公平價值列賬。任何因公平價值變動而產生之收益或虧損會列入收益表作為「以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融工具淨收益／虧損」。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.8 Financial liabilities

The Group classifies its financial liabilities under the following categories: trading liabilities, financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, deposits, certificates of deposit issued and other liabilities. All financial liabilities are classified at inception and recognised initially at fair value.

(a) Trading liabilities

A financial liability is classified as held for trading if it is incurred principally for the purpose of repurchasing in the short term. It is carried at fair value and any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in the income statement.

(b) Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

A financial liability is designated as fair value through profit or loss if it is so designated at inception. Financial liabilities so designated include certain certificates of deposit issued and certain deposits received from customers that are embedded with derivatives. A financial liability is typically so designated if it meets the following criteria:

- The designation eliminates or significantly reduces a measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as “an accounting mismatch”) that would otherwise arise from measuring the financial liabilities or recognising the gains and losses on them on different bases;
- A group of financial liabilities is managed and its performance is evaluated on a fair value basis, in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy, and this is the basis on which information about these liabilities is provided internally to the management;
- It relates to those financial instruments embedded with derivatives which significantly modify the cash flows that would otherwise be required under the contract; or
- The separation of the embedded derivative(s) from the financial instrument is not prohibited.

Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss are carried at fair value and any gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised as “Net gain/loss arising from financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss” in the income statement.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.8 金融負債 (續)

(c) 存款、發行之存款證、發行之後償債項及其他負債

除該等交易賬項下之負債或指定為以公平價值列賬之負債外，存款、發行之存款證及發行之後償債項，及其他負債均以經攤銷成本列賬。扣除交易費用後所得款項與贖回價值兩者之差額，均按實際利息方法於其他負債年期內於收益表確認。

1.9 衍生金融工具及對沖會計處理方法

衍生工具先按其合約生效日期之公平價值確認，其後以公平價值重新計算。隱含於其他金融工具內之固有衍生工具，如其經濟特質及風險與主合約工具之特質及風險並非密切連繫，而主合約工具亦非以公平價值記入損益賬，此等衍生工具則會與主合約分開列賬。若衍生工具之公平價值為正數值，均以資產列賬，若為負數值，則確認為負債。其後公平價值之變動，將視乎該衍生工具之目的而確認。

所產生的公平價值收益或虧損之確認方法，將視乎該衍生工具是否被指定為對沖工具及所要對沖之項目的性質。本集團指定若干衍生工具為(1)以對沖資產、負債或確實承擔之公平價值(公平價值對沖)；或(2)以對沖確認資產、負債或預測交易相關之現金流量(現金流量對沖)。若符合某些特定條件，將應用對沖會計處理方法入賬。

於交易開始時，本集團記錄對沖工具及被對沖之項目兩者間之關係，其風險管理目的及進行各項對沖交易之策略。本集團同時於對沖交易開始及往後持續地記錄其對於對沖交易之衍生工具是否能有效地抵銷被對沖項目所產生之公平價值或現金流量變動而作出之評估。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.8 Financial liabilities (Continued)

(c) Deposits, certificates of deposit issued, subordinated debt issued and other liabilities

Deposits, certificates of deposit issued and subordinated debt issued, other than those classified as trading liabilities or designated at fair value through profit or loss, together with other financial liabilities are carried at amortised cost. Any difference between proceeds net of transaction costs and the redemption value is recognised in the income statement over the period of the other financial liabilities using the effective interest method.

1.9 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Certain derivatives embedded in other financial instruments are treated as separate derivatives when their economic characteristics and risks are not closely related to those of the host contract and the host contract is not carried at fair value through profit or loss. All derivatives are carried as assets when fair value is positive and as liabilities when fair value is negative. Subsequent changes in fair value are recognised depending on the purpose of the derivatives.

The method of recognising the resulting fair value gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group designates certain derivatives as either: (1) hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or firm commitments (fair value hedge); or, (2) hedges of highly probable future cash flows attributable to a recognised asset or liability, or a forecasted transaction (cash flow hedge). Hedge accounting is used for derivatives designated in this way provided certain criteria are met.

The Group documents, at the inception of the transaction, the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objective and strategy for undertaking various hedge transactions. The Group also documents its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.9 衍生金融工具及對沖會計處理方法 (續)

(a) 公平價值對沖

被指定及符合條件作為公平價值對沖的衍生工具之公平價值變動，將連同對沖風險相關之對沖資產或負債之公平價值變動一起列入收益表內。

若對沖交易一旦未能符合對沖會計處理方法之要求，按實際利息方法入賬之所對沖項目的賬面值須作出調整，其改變乃按照計算至到期日之年期，於收益表內攤銷。就被對沖股權證券之賬面值而作出之調整將保留於保留溢利內，直至出售該股權證券。

(b) 現金流量對沖

當衍生金融工具被指定及符合條件作為現金流量對沖，其有對沖果效部份之公平價值變動在其他全面收益確認並獨立地累計於權益內的對沖儲備。而其無對沖果效部份之收益及虧損將直接於收益表內確認。

累計於權益內之公平價值變動，將於相關之對沖項目對損益產生影響時撥入收益表內。

若對沖工具到期或已出售，或對沖交易一旦未能符合對沖會計處理方法之要求，於屆時累計於權益賬內收益或虧損將仍保留於權益內的對沖儲備，直至所預期之交易最終於收益表確認時予以確認。若所預期之交易不再發生，已列入權益賬內之累計收益或虧損將即時轉撥於收益表內。

持作買賣用途之衍生金融工具及該等不符合對沖會計處理方法之對沖工具，以公平價值誌賬及其公平價值變動在收益表內列示。

若本集團擁有具法律約束力之行使權去抵銷已確認之金額，及有意向就該等交易作淨額結算，或本集團能同時變現資產及償付負債，衍生工具交易將互相抵銷並以淨額列於資產負債表內。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.9 Derivative financial instruments and hedge accounting (Continued)

(a) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the income statement, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged assets or liabilities that are attributable to the hedged risk.

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used is amortised to the income statement over the period to maturity. The adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged equity security remains in retained earnings until the disposal of the equity security.

(b) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the hedging reserve. The gain and loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the income statement.

Amounts accumulated in equity are recycled to the income statement in the periods in which the hedged item will affect profit or loss.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity in the hedging reserve at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the income statement. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately transferred to the income statement.

Derivative financial instruments held for trading and those that do not qualify for hedge accounting will be accounted for with changes in fair value reported through the income statement.

Derivative transactions are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.10 證券及衍生工具之估值

金融工具之公平價值乃根據於結算日之市場價格並未計及扣除將來估計之銷售成本計算。金融資產以當時之買盤價釐定，而金融負債則以當時之賣盤價釐定。若是非上市證券或金融工具於市場內不活躍，本集團會以估值方法釐定公平價值，包括運用當時之公平市場交易、參考其他類似之金融工具當時之公平價值、折算現金流量分析及期權定價模式並作適當調整以反映發行者之特定情況。

1.11 投資物業

投資物業乃指在租賃權益下擁有及／或持有作長期租金收益及／或作資本升值用途之土地及／或房屋，而該等土地及／或房屋並非由本集團之公司所佔用。本集團以營業租約形式而持有用作租金收益及／或資本增值的物業權益乃按個別物業基準分類為投資物業。此等投資物業以融資租賃方式列賬，相同之會計政策亦適用於融資租賃下之其他投資物業。

投資物業最先以成本價包括交易費用列賬。經初步確認後，投資物業以公平價值列賬。任何因公平價值之變更或出售投資物業而產生之收益或虧損會於收益表內確認。

當物業因其用途改變而須轉作投資物業時，該物業於轉賬日前的賬面值與公平價值之差額會根據香港會計準則第16號「物業、廠房及設備」在其他全面收益確認並獨立地累計於權益內之重估房產儲備。若重估增值用作抵銷同一資產因過去重估減值而被確認為支出的數額，則會被列作收入。減值則由先前同一資產的估值盈餘首先抵銷，尚餘部份則於收益表內扣除。在出售房產時，有關物業之重估儲備會由重估房產儲備撥入保留溢利內。

若投資物業被轉作自用，該物業須重新歸類為房產，以重新歸類日的公平價值作為成本值。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.10 Valuation of securities and derivatives

The fair value of financial instruments is based on their quoted market prices at the balance sheet date without any deduction for estimated future selling costs. Financial assets are priced at current bid prices while financial liabilities are priced at current ask prices. For unlisted securities and where the market for a financial instrument is not active, the Group estimates fair value by using valuation techniques. These include the use of recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and option pricing models refined to reflect the issuer's specific circumstances.

1.11 Investment properties

Land and/or buildings which are owned and/or held under a leasehold interest for long-term rental yields and/or for capital appreciation, and that is not occupied by the companies in the Group, is classified as investment property. When the Group holds a property interest under an operating lease to earn rental income and/or for capital appreciation, the interest is classified and accounted for as an investment property on a property-by-property basis. Any such property interest which has been classified as an investment property is accounted for as if it were held under a finance lease, and the same accounting policies are applied to that interest as are applied to other investment properties leased under finance leases.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs. After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value. Any gain or loss arising from a change in fair value or from the retirement or disposal of an investment property is recognised in the income statement.

When a property is transferred to investment property following a change in its use, any difference arising at the date of transfer between the carrying amount of the property immediately prior to the transfer and its fair value is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the bank premises revaluation reserve in accordance with HKAS 16 "Property, plant and equipment". However, a revaluation increase is recognised as income only to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised as an expense. Decreases are first set off against increases on previous valuations of the same asset and thereafter are debited to the income statement. Upon disposal of the property, the relevant portion of the bank premises revaluation reserve is released and transferred from the bank premises revaluation reserve to retained earnings.

When an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as premises and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.12 其他物業及設備

(a) 房產

房產乃指持有之自用物業，按成本值減除累積折舊及減值虧損後列示。以租賃持有之自用物業，若能可靠地以其租約開始當日分攤土地及房屋之價值，則土地部份視作營業租約，所攤分之租賃地價或其他租賃費用，將按其租約年期以直線法從收益表內扣除。若物業出現減值，此減值亦會在收益表內扣除。任何位於此租賃土地之房屋均被視為房產的一部份。若未能可靠地以其租約開始當日分攤土地及房屋之價值，則整體將繼續視為融資租賃並以房產列賬。

房產折舊乃按照資產之估計可用年期以直線折舊法計算如下：

- 租約土地按租約尚餘年期予以折舊。
- 樓宇及其改良部份乃按估計尚餘可用年期予以折舊。

(b) 傢俬及設備

傢俬及設備均按照成本值減除折舊及減值虧損後列示，計算方法乃按照其估計可用年期，以餘額遞減法用年率20%至30%計算。

資產之剩餘價值及使用年期均會在每年結算日被評估，並在合適之情況下作出調整。

如資產之賬面值超過其估計可收回價值時，其賬面值將即時被減值至其可收回價值。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.12 Other properties and equipment

(a) Premises

Premises represent those properties held for own use and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Where the land and building elements of the leasehold properties held for own use can be allocated reliably at the inception of the lease, the land element is accounted for as operating lease. As such, any leasehold land premiums for acquiring the land leases, or other lease payments, are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the period of the lease or where there is impairment, the impairment is charged to the income statement. Any buildings which are situated on such land leases continue to be presented as part of premises. Where the land and building elements of the leasehold properties cannot be allocated reliably at the inception of the lease, the land and building elements will continue to be treated as finance lease and classified as premises.

Depreciation of premises is calculated on a straight line basis to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives as follows:

- Leasehold land is depreciated over the unexpired terms of the leases.
- Building and improvements thereto are depreciated over the remaining estimated useful life.

(b) Furniture and equipment

Furniture and equipment is stated at cost less depreciation and impairment losses. Depreciation is calculated on a reducing balance basis to write off the assets over their estimated useful lives, at annual rates ranging from 20% to 30%.

The asset's residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.13 其他資產的減值

未能確定可使用年期的資產將不會予以攤銷，而於每年檢視其減值，如因某些事故或情況改變而顯示該等資產之賬面值未能收回，須評估其減值。如因某些事故或情況改變而顯示賬面值未能收回，予以攤銷之資產亦須評估其減值。若資產之賬面值超過其可收回價值，其部份將被確認為減值損失。可收回價值指該資產之公平價值減去變賣成本及其使用價值之較高者。

1.14 收回資產

收回抵押品之資產被列於「貸款及其他賬項」內之「其他賬項」，而相關之貸款已被終止確認。已收回抵押資產按賬面值及可變現淨值較低者列賬。

1.15 外幣換算

本集團旗下各機構之財務報表中所載項目乃採用該機構營運之主要經濟環境所使用之貨幣（「運作貨幣」）計量。綜合財務報表乃以港幣呈列。港幣乃本行之運作及呈列貨幣。

外幣交易按交易日現行之匯率換算為運作貨幣。該等交易結算及以外幣結算之貨幣性資產或負債按年結日之匯率換算所產生之匯兌收益及虧損，乃於收益表內確認。

以原值成本值列賬但以外幣為單位的非貨幣性資產及負債按交易日的匯率折算為港幣。以公平價值列賬的非貨幣性資產及負債按釐定其公平價值日的匯率折算。

非貨幣性項目，如歸類為買賣用途之股權證券，其換算差額將作為公平價值收益或虧損之一部分於收益表內確認。非貨幣性項目，如歸類為可供出售之權益證券，其換算差額則於其他全面收益確認並獨立地累計於權益內。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.13 Impairment of other assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation, but are tested annually for impairment and are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. Assets that are subject to amortisation are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

1.14 Repossessed assets

Reposessed collateral assets are reported as "Other accounts" under "Advances and other accounts" and the relevant loans are derecognised. The reposessed collateral assets are measured at the lower of the carrying amount and net realisable value.

1.15 Foreign currency translation

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (the "functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Bank's functional and presentation currency.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the income statement.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are stated at fair value are translated using the foreign exchange rates ruling at the dates the fair value was determined.

Translation differences on non-monetary items such as equities held for trading are recognised in the income statement as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary items such as equities classified as available-for-sale securities are included in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.16 所得稅

本年度所得稅包括本期及遞延稅項資產和負債的變動。除該等應在其他全面收益確認入賬而列入其他全面收益的數額外，本期稅項及遞延稅項資產和負債的變動於收益表內確認。

本期稅項為是年度對應課稅收入按結算日已生效或基本上已生效的稅率計算的預計應付稅項，並已包括以往年度的應付稅項的任何調整。

遞延稅項資產及負債是因財務報表之資產及負債之賬面值與其納稅基礎值之間的差異而分別產生的可扣稅及應課稅的暫時性差異。遞延稅項資產也包括未使用的稅項虧損及稅項抵免。

所有遞延稅項負債及未來可能有應課稅溢利予以抵銷的遞延稅項資產均予確認。可支持由可扣稅之暫時性差異引致遞延稅項資產之確認的未來應課稅溢利，包括現存之應課稅暫時性差異的轉回，但該等差異須屬於同一稅務機關及應課稅實體，以及預計在該可扣稅之暫時性差異之同期內轉回或在由該遞延稅項資產產生的稅項虧損可以收回或留存之期限內轉回。相同標準應用在判斷現時可扣稅暫時性差異能否支持由未使用的稅項虧損或稅項抵免所產生的遞延稅項資產之確認，如果是屬於同一稅務機關及應課稅實體，以及預計在某期間內因該稅項虧損或稅項抵免可使用而轉回時，會計入該等差異。

確認遞延稅項的金額是根據該資產及負債的賬面值之預期收回及結算的方式，按在結算日已生效或基本上已生效的稅率計算。遞延稅項資產及負債不作折讓。

於結算日，本行須重新檢視有關的遞延稅項資產的賬面金額，對預期不再有足夠的應課稅溢利以實現相關稅務利益予以扣減。被扣減的遞延稅項資產若於預期將來出現足夠的應課稅溢利時，應予轉回。

由派發股息引起的額外所得稅在有關股息的支付責任獲確立時確認。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.16 Income tax

Income tax for the year comprises current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities. Current tax and movements in deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised in the income statement except to the extent that they relate to items recognised in other comprehensive income, in which case the relevant amounts of tax are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities arise from deductible and taxable temporary differences respectively, being the differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their tax bases. Deferred tax assets also arise from unused tax losses and unused tax credits.

All deferred tax liabilities, and all deferred tax assets to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised, are recognised. Future taxable profits that may support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences include those that will arise from the reversal of existing taxable temporary differences, provided those differences relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse either in the same period as the expected reversal of the deductible temporary difference or in periods into which a tax loss arising from the deferred tax asset can be carried back or forward. The same criteria are adopted when determining whether existing deductible temporary differences support the recognition of deferred tax assets arising from unused tax losses and credits, that is, those differences are taken into account if they relate to the same taxation authority and the same taxable entity, and are expected to reverse in a period, or periods, in which the tax loss or credit can be utilised.

The amount of deferred tax recognised is measured based on the expected manner of realisation or settlement of the carrying amount of the assets and liabilities, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

The carrying amount of a deferred tax asset is reviewed at each balance sheet date and is reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow the related tax benefit to be utilised. Any such reduction is reversed to the extent that it becomes probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available.

Additional income taxes that arise from the distribution of dividends are recognised when the liability to pay the related dividends is recognised.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.16 所得稅 (續)

本期稅項與遞延稅項結餘及其變動之數額會分別列示而不會相互抵銷。本集團或本行只在有合法權利對本期稅項資產及負債抵銷及符合以下附帶條件的情況下，才對本期及遞延稅項資產及負債作出抵銷：

- 就本期稅項資產及負債而言，本集團或本行計劃支付淨額或同時間收回資產及償還負債；或
- 有關的遞延稅項資產及負債為同一稅務機關對以下機構徵收所得稅所產生：
 - 同一個應課稅實體；或
 - 不同的應課稅實體：在未來每一個預計實現重大遞延稅項的期間，該實體計劃以淨額形式結算本期稅項資產及負債或兩者同時收回及償還。

1.17 保險合約

本集團發行轉移保險風險之合約。保險合約乃指轉移重大保險風險之合約。作為一般指引，本集團界定重大保險風險為有可能須於受保事件發生時支付的賠償，較並無發生受保事件時須支付的賠償高最少10%。

(a) 認算及量度

本集團發行不同種類之保險合約，包括意外及健康、汽車、輪船、貨物交收、樓宇損毀、僱員賠償、一般責任及金錢損失等。此等保險單之風險覆蓋一般為一年。

此等合約之保費（期滿保費）根據其承保期間按比例確認為收入。於結算日已收到的有效保單保費，其未到期風險相關的保費收入部分則被列為遞延保費負債。保費以扣除佣金前及徵收稅項後之保費列示。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.16 Income tax (Continued)

Current tax balances and deferred tax balances, and movements therein, are presented separately from each other and are not offset. Current tax assets are offset against current tax liabilities, and deferred tax assets against deferred tax liabilities if the Group or the Bank has the legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and the following additional conditions are met:

- in the case of current tax assets and liabilities, the Group or the Bank intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously; or
- in the case of deferred tax assets and liabilities, if they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
 - the same taxable entity; or
 - different taxable entities, which, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered, intend to realise the current tax assets and settle the current tax liabilities on a net basis or realise and settle simultaneously.

1.17 Insurance contracts

The Group issues contracts that transfer insurance risk. Insurance contracts are those contracts that transfer significant insurance risk. As a general guideline, the Group defines significant insurance risk as the possibility of having to pay benefits on the occurrence of an insured event that are at least 10% more than the benefits payable if the insured event did not occur.

(a) Recognition and measurement

The Group issues various classes of insurance contract including accident and health, motor vehicle, ships, goods in transit, property damage, employees' compensation, general liability and pecuniary loss. Risks under these insurance policies usually cover one year duration.

For all these contracts, premiums are recognised as revenue (earned premiums) proportionally over the period of coverage. The portion of premium received on in-force contracts that relates to unexpired risks at the balance sheet date is reported as the unearned premium liability. Premiums are shown before deduction of commission and are net of duties levied on premiums.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.17 保險合約 (續)

(a) 認算及量度 (續)

當索償及損失支出調整產生時將直接支取收益賬。此支出包括截至資產負債表日已發生但未呈報之直接及非直接索償。未索償之負債以業務種類分開分析。該負債以已呈報本集團之個別事件評估及以統計技巧估計已發生但未呈報之索償。

(b) 負債充足性測試

於各結算日，本集團均會進行負債充足性測試，以確保具備充足的能力以履行保險合約負債（除去遞延收購成本資產）。在進行此測試時，會採用對未來合約現金流量、索償的處理及行政費用，以及支持該等負債的相關資產所產生投資收益的最佳預測來進行。任何不足之金額須即時計入收益賬，並將負債充足性測試中產生之損失提撥準備金（未到期風險準備）。

(c) 持有再投保合約

持有再投保合約乃指本集團與再投保人訂下之合約，而本集團所發行之符合分類要求的保險合約之損失將會得到補償。本集團與另一投保人訂下之保險合約（向內再投保）會包括在保險合約內。

本集團持有再投保合約之得益被列為再投保資產。該資產包括與再投保人之短期結存，以及再投保合約所產生的較長期應收預期申索及得益。與再投保人之結存金額，會與再投保合約相關之金額一致地衡量以及按照再投保合約之條款量度。再投保負債主要為再投保合約之應付保險費並於到期時被列為支出。

本集團每年評估再投保資產之減值。如有客觀證據證明再投保資產已減值，本集團會減低再投保資產的賬面值至其可收回金額，並將減值損失列入收益表內。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.17 Insurance contracts (Continued)

(a) Recognition and measurement (Continued)

Claims and loss adjustment expenses are charged to the income statement as incurred. They include direct and indirect claims settlement costs and arise from events that have occurred up to the balance sheet date even if they have not yet been reported to the Group. Liabilities for unpaid claims are separately analysed by class of business. They are estimated using the input of assessments for individual cases reported to the Group and statistical techniques for the claims incurred but not reported.

(b) Liability adequacy test

At each balance sheet date, liability adequacy tests are performed to ensure the adequacy of the contract liabilities net of related deferred acquisition costs assets. In performing these tests, current best estimates of future contractual cash flows and claims handling and administration expenses, as well as investment income from the assets backing such liabilities, are used. Any deficiency is immediately charged to the income statement and by subsequently establishing a provision for losses arising from liability adequacy tests (the unexpired risk provision).

(c) Reinsurance contracts held

Contracts entered into by the Group with reinsurers under which the Group is compensated for losses on one or more contracts issued by the Group and that meet the classification requirements for insurance contracts are classified as reinsurance contracts held. Insurance contracts entered into by the Group under which the contract holder is another insurer (inwards reinsurance) are included with insurance contracts.

The benefits to which the Group is entitled under its reinsurance contracts held are recognised as reinsurance assets. These assets consist of short-term balances due from reinsurers, as well as longer term receivables that are dependent on the expected claims and benefits as arising under the related reinsured insurance contracts. Amounts recoverable from or due to reinsurers are measured consistently with the amounts associated with the reinsured insurance contracts and in accordance with the terms of each reinsurance contract. Reinsurance liabilities are primarily premiums payable for reinsurance contracts and are recognised as an expense when due.

The Group assesses its reinsurance assets for impairment on an annual basis. If there is objective evidence that the reinsurance asset is impaired, the Group reduces the carrying amount of the reinsurance asset to its recoverable amount and recognises that impairment loss in the income statement.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.18 撥備

倘本集團因過往事件而產生現時法律或推定責任，可能須就解除責任而導致經濟資源流失之可能性高於不會導致資源流失之可能性；及可就責任之款額作出可靠估計時，則須確認責任索償之撥備。對於將來的營運損失，則不會確認為撥備。

如有多項同類責任時，其需要在償付中流出資源的可能性，乃根據責任的類別作整體釐定。即使在同一責任類別內所包含的任何一個項目相關的資源流出的可能性很低，仍須就此確認撥備。

撥備乃按履行責任所需開支之現值計算，該現值是以能反映市場對時間價值之評估及該責任之特定風險之稅前利率折算。因時間推移而增加之撥備，則確認為利息支出。

1.19 金融擔保合約

金融擔保合約是指合約持有人可因某特定債務人未能根據債務工具條款在到期日作出支付產生損失而可向合約發行人要求作出補償之合約。

擔保之公平價值（即擔保費用收入）於最初在擔保給予當日在財務報表內確認為遞延收入。其後，本集團對此等擔保之負債是根據註釋1.18所確定之價值及已確認之擔保額減除已確認之累計攤銷，兩者較高者計算。金融擔保負債之變動於收益表內確認。

1.20 僱員福利

僱員福利包括以下短期僱員應享假期及長期僱員退休福利：

(a) 僱員應享假期

僱員在年假和長期服務休假之權利在僱員應享有時確認。本集團為截至結算日止僱員已提供之服務而產生之年假及長期服務休假之估計負債作出撥備。

僱員之病假及產假不作確認，直至僱員正式休假為止。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.18 Provisions

Provisions for restructuring costs and legal claims are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligation as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

1.19 Financial guarantee contracts

Financial guarantee contracts are contracts that require the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due, in accordance with the terms of a debt instrument.

The fair value of the guarantee (being the guarantee fees received) is initially recognised as deferred income in the financial statements on the date that the guarantee was given. Subsequent to initial recognition, the Group's liabilities under such guarantees are measured at the higher of the amount determined in accordance with note 1.18 and the amount initially recognised less cumulative amortisation recognised. Any changes in the liability relating to financial guarantees are recognised in the income statement.

1.20 Employee benefits

Employee benefits include short-term leave entitlements and long-term staff retirement benefits as follows:

(a) Employee leave entitlements

Employee entitlements to annual leave and long service leave are recognised when they accrue to employees. An accrual is made for the estimated liability for annual leave and long-service leave as a result of services rendered by employees up to the balance sheet date.

Employee entitlements to sick leave and maternity leave are recognised when the absences occur.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.20 僱員福利 (續)

(b) 退休福利

本集團設有五項職員退休福利計劃，其資產均與本集團之資產分開，由獨立信託基金管理。

本集團含有界定供款安排之退休福利計劃及強制性公積金（簡稱「強積金」）計劃之供款作為費用支銷。

含有界定福利安排之退休福利計劃每年之供款，是由精算師定期評估該等計劃之資產負債而釐定。含有界定福利安排之退休福利計劃是採用預計單位貸記法評估。根據精算師的建議，將有關退休福利成本在收益表扣除，令定期成本分攤至僱員服務年期。退休界定福利責任為估計未來現金流出量之現值，利用到期日與相關條款類似之政府債券之息率計算。

所有超過退休福利計劃資產或界定福利義務兩者中較大者之10%的累積未實現精算盈虧，乃按照僱員平均尚餘服務年期確認。

1.21 營業租約

任何租約，如因其擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報仍保留在出租人內，該等租約以營業租約列賬。該等營業租約租金（扣除從出租人所收取之優惠），按租約年期以直線法從收益表內扣除。除符合條件而被界定為房產或投資物業外，本集團之租賃土地權益均以營業租約列賬。

若本集團或本行為營業租約之出租人，有關出租資產主要包括物業及設備，除投資物業外，其他資產乃根據本集團之折舊政策予以折舊。租金收入（扣除向承租人支付之任何優惠）以直線法在租期內入賬。或有租金以該收入產生的會計期間列作收入。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.20 Employee benefits (Continued)

(b) Retirement benefits

The Group operates five staff retirement schemes. The assets of these schemes are all held separately from those of the Group in independently administered funds.

The Group's contributions to schemes with defined contribution arrangements and the mandatory provident fund ("MPF") schemes are expensed as incurred.

Annual contributions to the retirement benefit schemes with defined benefit arrangements are determined based on periodic valuations of the assets and liabilities of such schemes by qualified actuaries using the projected unit credit method. Under this method, the cost of providing retirement benefits is charged to the income statement so as to spread the regular cost over the service lives of employees in accordance with the advice of qualified actuaries. The defined benefit obligation is measured as the present value of the estimated future cash outflows using interest rates of government securities which have terms to maturity approximating the terms of the related liabilities.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions in excess of the 10% of the greater of these schemes' assets and the defined benefit obligations are recognised in the income statement over the average expected future working lifetime of the members of the schemes.

1.21 Operating leases

Leases where substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset remain with the lessor are accounted for as operating leases. Rentals applicable to such operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the lease term. The Group's interests in leasehold land except those qualified to be classified as premises and investment properties are also accounted for as operating leases.

Where the Group or the Bank is a lessor under operating leases, assets leased out mainly include properties and equipment and are depreciated in accordance with the Group's depreciation policies except where the asset is classified as investment property. Rental income (net of any incentives given to lessees) is recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term. Contingent rentals receivable are recognised as income in the accounting period in which they are earned.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.22 租購合約及融資租賃

任何租約，如將其擁有權之絕大部份風險及回報轉移至承租人，該等租約均列為融資租約。

凡本集團根據融資租約為出租人時，相當於租約中投資淨額之款項列入資產負債表內之「貸款及其他賬項」內。該投資淨額包括租購合約及融資租賃之應收租金總額減去未賺取之財務收入。減值虧損根據本財務報表註釋1.7列賬。應收租金隱含之財務收入於租賃期間列入收益表內，使每個會計期間為投資結欠淨額取得近乎穩定之收益率。

1.23 分部報告

營運分部（以及在財務報表內所列報的每一分部項目金額），是從財務資料中辨識出來的，並定期地提供予本集團的最高行政管理層用作對本集團各業務條線和區域所在地的資源分配以及評核其表現。有關提供予本集團之最高行政管理層用作決定營運分部內的資源分配及評核其表現的資料，乃根據香港財務報告準則的基礎計量。

除非分部有類似經濟特性及在產品和服務之性質、生產程序之性質、客戶類別或等級、用作銷售產品和提供服務之方法、及監管環境之性質是類似的，個別重大的營運分部不會在財務報表內合計。如分部擁有以上大部份的標準，而且並非個別重大的營運分部可作合計。

1.24 現金及等同現金項目

就編製現金流量表而言，現金及等同現金項目包括由購入日起計，其原到期日在三個月內的結餘包括庫存現金、存放同業、國庫券及存款證。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.22 Hire purchase contracts and finance leases

Leases which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee are classified as finance leases.

Where the Group is a lessor under finance leases, an amount representing the net investment in the lease is included in the balance sheet as "Advances and other accounts". The net investment represents the total rentals receivable under hire purchase contracts and finance leases less unearned finance income. Impairment losses are accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy as set out in note 1.7. Finance income implicit in the rental receivable is credited to the income statement over the lease period or hire period so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of return on the net investment outstanding for each accounting period.

1.23 Segment reporting

Operating segments, and the amounts of each segment item reported in the financial statements, are identified from the financial information provided regularly to the Group's most senior executive management for the purposes of allocating resources to, and assessing the performance of, the Group's various lines of business and geographical locations. Information provided to the Group's most senior executive management to make decisions about allocating resources and assessing performance of operating segments is measured in accordance with HKFRSs.

Individually material operating segments are not aggregated for financial reporting purposes unless the segments have similar economic characteristics and are similar in respect of the nature of products and services, the nature of production processes, the type or class of customers, the methods used to distribute the products or provide the services, and the nature of the regulatory environment. Operating segments which are not individually material may be aggregated if they share a majority of these criteria.

1.24 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise balances with original maturity within three months from the date of acquisition including cash, balances with banks, treasury bills and certificates of deposit.

1 主要會計政策 (續)

1.25 關連人士

就本財務報表而言，下列人士可視為本集團的關連人士：

- (i) 該人士有能力直接或間接透過一個或多個中介人控制，或可發揮重大影響力影響本集團的財務及經營決策，或共同控制本集團；
- (ii) 本集團及該人士均受共同控制；
- (iii) 該人士屬本集團的聯營公司或共同控制實體；
- (iv) 該人士屬本集團或本集團之母公司之主要行政人員的成員、或其近親家庭成員、或受該等個人控制、或共同控制或具有重大影響的實體；
- (v) 該人士如屬(i)所指的近親家庭成員或受該等個人控制、或共同控制或具有重大影響的實體；或
- (vi) 該人士屬提供福利予本集團或與本集團關連的實體的僱員離職後福利計劃。

個人的近親家庭成員指可影響，或受該個人影響，他們與該實體交易的家庭成員。

2 金融風險管理

本集團的經營活動面對着各類金融風險，這些活動亦包括分析、評估、採納及管理各類風險的部份或風險之組合。本集團了解承擔風險乃金融業務的核心部份，而營運風險乃從事業務不可避免的後果。因此本集團之目標是將風險與回報達至適當的平衡及將其對本集團財務表現的可能影響減至最低。

本集團已制定政策及程序，用以識別、量度、控制及監管營運的內在風險。這些風險主要包括信貸風險、市場風險、流動資金風險及營運風險。市場風險包括外匯、利率及其他價格風險。管理委員會就此等風險管理政策及程序之充分性及果效而作定期檢視；而稽核部門亦會進行定期稽核及檢查，以確保該等政策及程序得以落實及被遵從。

1 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

1.25 Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements, a party is considered to be related to the Group if:

- (i) the party has the ability, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, to control the Group or exercise significant influence over the Group in making financial and operating policy decisions, or has joint control over the Group;
- (ii) the Group and the party are subject to common control;
- (iii) the party is an associate or a jointly controlled entity of the Group;
- (iv) the party is a member of key management personnel of the Group or the Group's parent, or a close family member of such an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- (v) the party is a close family member of a party referred to in (i) or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- (vi) the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the Group or of any entity that is a related party of the Group.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the entity.

2 Financial risk management

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks and those activities involve analysis, evaluation, acceptance and management of some degree of risk or combination of risks. The Group recognises that taking risk is core to its financial business and the operational risks are an inevitable consequence of being in business. The Group's aim is therefore to achieve an appropriate balance between risk and return and minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance.

The Group has established policies and procedures for the identification, measurement, control and monitoring of the inherent risk of the operations. The most important risks are credit risk, market risk, liquidity risk and operational risk. Market risk includes currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risks. The adequacy and effectiveness of risk management policies and procedures are regularly reviewed by the Management Committee of the Board of Directors (the "Management Committee"). The Internal Audit Department also performs regular audits to ensure compliance with policies and procedures.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險

本集團承擔著信貸風險，該風險乃指交易對手未能履行責任而引致本集團財務上之損失。信貸風險主要從本集團資產組合內之貸款、債務證券、衍生金融工具、國庫券及資產負債表內給予交易對手的信貸金額而產生。此外，資產負債表外的財務安排（如貸款承諾）亦會帶來信貸風險。經濟上有重大轉變或個別行業呈現衰退，將導致損失與結算日已提之減值準備產生偏差。

本集團已制定信貸政策確定授出信貸之標準、信貸批核、審閱及監控程序，以及內部信貸評級系統及減值準備之評估程序。本集團信貸風險管理及控制集中於信貸管理部，並定時向管理委員會匯報。

(a) 信貸風險量度

(i) 貸款

在評估客戶、同業及其他交易對手貸款之信貸風險時，會採用有效之系統來量度及監控信貸風險作為信貸評估程序的一部份。本集團之信貸評級系統會考慮交易對手之信譽，包括保證人（如適用）之財政能力，抵押品及特別交易的風險，並就相關業務單位的資產組合之信貸風險作出區分及管理。

(ii) 債務證券及國庫券

於評估債務證券之風險時，主要採用認可的外部信貸評級機構之評級來評估及管理信貸風險。投資於此等證券使本集團於相關的風險下達到合理回報水平，並同時保持有效的資金來源。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk

The Group takes on exposure to credit risk, which is the risk that a counterparty will cause a financial loss for the Group by failing to discharge an obligation. Credit exposures arise principally from loans and advances, debt securities, derivative financial instruments, treasury bills, and other on-balance sheet exposures to counterparties in the Group's asset portfolio. There is also credit risk in off-balance sheet financial arrangements such as loan commitments. Significant changes in the economy, or in the health of a particular industry segment that represents a concentration in the Group's portfolio, could result in losses that are different from those provided for at the balance sheet date.

The Group has established credit policies that govern credit extension criteria, credit approval, review and monitoring processes, the internal credit rating system and impairment assessment processes. The Group's credit risk management and control are centralised in a credit management department which reports to the Management Committee regularly.

(a) Credit risk measurement

(i) Loans and advances

In assessing credit risk of loans and advances to customers and to banks and other counterparties, effective systems are adopted for measurement and monitoring of the credit risk as part of the credit assessment process. The Group's credit grading system, which in general, takes into account the underlying credit-worthiness of the counterparties, including the financial strengths of the guarantors (as the case may be), collateral pledged and the risk of specific transactions, allows differentiation and management of credit risk for asset portfolios of respective business units.

(ii) Debt securities and treasury bills

For debt securities, external ratings from recognised external credit assessment institutions are used for assessing and managing credit risk exposures. The investments in these securities allow the Group to achieve an appropriate level of returns commensurate with the risks and to maintain a readily available source of funding at the same time.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(b) 信貸限額控制及緩和政策

當本集團發現信貸風險，特別是過分集中於個別交易對手、集團、行業或國家時，便會作出管理及控制。

為避免過於集中而引致風險，各個客戶、交易對手及行業之信貸風險均按規定限額小心管理及監控。所有信貸風險之限額由管理委員會核准，該會同時負責檢討及批核最大額度之授信及管理較高之集中風險。信貸批核授權授信審核委員會及其他信貸業務管理人員負責。信貸管理部存有以每一相關集團的中央負債記錄，對實際信貸風險（包括資產負債表以內及以外之風險）、限額及資產質素均作出定期監管及控制，並受內部稽核之審查。

任何單一借款人（包括銀行）之信貸風險，已制定分級限額以限制資產負債表以內及以外之風險，及制定每日交易風險限額以限制持作買賣用途之項目如遠期外匯合約。而每日會將實際授信與限額對照，藉以監察風險水平。

一些特定控制及風險緩和措施概述如下：

(i) 抵押品

本集團會嘗試取得抵押品以將信貸風險減低至可接受水平。對於所有信貸的批核，無論是否有抵押保證，均基於交易對手之償還能力而決定。本集團履行既有之指引以區分不同類別抵押品之可接受性及信貸風險轉移能力。主要抵押品分類為：

- 住宅物業及其他物業之按揭；
- 商業資產之抵押，如現金存款、物業、機器、存貨及應收賬款；及
- 金融工具之抵押，如股權證券及債務證券。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(b) Risk limit control and mitigation policies

The Group manages and controls concentrations of credit risk wherever they are identified, in particular, to individual counterparties and groups, and to industries and countries.

To avoid concentration risk, credit exposures to individual customers, counterparties and industry sectors are carefully managed and monitored by the use of limits. All credit risk limits are approved by the Management Committee. The Management Committee is also responsible for the review and approval of the largest credit exposures and portfolio management of risk concentrations. Approval authorities are delegated to the Group's Credit Committee and other lending officers. Actual credit exposures, including on- and off-balance sheet exposures, limits and asset quality are regularly monitored and controlled by the Credit Management Department by keeping a central liability record for each group of related counterparties and are subject to checks by the internal audit function.

The exposure to any one borrower including banks is further restricted by sub-limits covering on- and off-balance sheet exposures, and daily delivery risk limits in relation to trading items such as forward foreign exchange contracts. Actual exposures against limits are monitored daily.

Some specific control and risk mitigation measures are outlined below:

(i) Collateral

The Group seeks to obtain collateral to mitigate credit risk to an acceptable level. All credit decisions, whether or not secured by collateral, are based on counterparties' repayment capacity. The Group implements guidelines on the acceptability of specific classes of collateral or credit risk mitigation. The principal types of collateral in credit risk mitigation include:

- Mortgages over residential properties and other properties;
- Charges over business assets such as cash deposits, premises, machineries, inventory and accounts receivable; and
- Charges over financial instruments such as equities and debt securities.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(b) 信貸限額控制及緩和政策 (續)

(i) 抵押品 (續)

本集團訂有政策以管理確定合格資產作為抵押品以減低信貸風險。資產的市場價值須要能夠確定或合理地建立，才能考慮為有效的風險轉移。該資產還須要有市場銷路並有既存的二手市場作出售。此外，於有需要時，本集團能取得該資產的控制權。根據抵押品的類別，其價值將會作每日至每年不等的定時重估。已逾期貸款所持抵押品主要類別為現金存款及物業。

(ii) 總淨額結算安排

本集團會與進行大量交易的對手訂立總淨額結算安排，藉以進一步限制信貸風險。總淨額結算安排不一定會導致資產負債表上資產及債務的對銷，原因是交易通常按總額結算。然而，關於有利合約之信貸風險會在出現不能償還情況時藉著總淨額結算安排而減少，所有與該交易對手之款項會終止及以淨額結算。

(iii) 衍生工具

本集團所採用的衍生工具主要為利率及外幣匯率相關之合約，大部份為通過櫃台交易之衍生工具。而本集團之衍生工具持倉盤，大部份是為應客戶需求並作為對沖該等客戶盤及其他買賣持倉盤而持有。管理委員會制定交易限額包括隔夜及即日市場限額。除指定對沖安排外，有關外匯及利率風險之衍生工具乃用作日常業務上對沖持倉盤，藉此控制流動資金水平以應付市場需求。基於此等衍生工具交易的性質，除本集團要求交易對手繳付保證金存款外，抵押品及其他抵押品並不常用於此等信貸風險。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(b) Risk limit control and mitigation policies (Continued)

(i) Collateral (Continued)

The Group has established policies to govern the determination of eligibility of assets taken as collateral for credit risk mitigation. In order for an asset to be considered as effective risk mitigation, the market value of the asset should be readily determinable or can be reasonably established. The asset is marketable and there exists a readily available secondary market for disposal of the asset. In addition, the Group is able to secure control over the asset if necessary. The collateral is revalued periodically ranging from daily to annually, depending on the type of collateral. As for those past due exposures, the main types of collateral held are cash deposits and properties.

(ii) Master netting agreements

The Group further restricts its exposure to credit losses by entering into master netting arrangements with counterparties with which it undertakes a significant volume of transactions. Master netting arrangements do not generally result in an offset of balance sheet assets and liabilities, as transactions are usually settled on a gross basis. However, the credit risk associated with favourable contracts is reduced by a master netting arrangement to the extent that if an event of default occurs, all amounts with the counterparty are terminated and settled on a net basis.

(iii) Derivatives

The principal derivatives used by the Group are interest and foreign exchange rate related contracts, which are primarily over-the-counter derivatives. Most of the Group's derivative positions have been entered into to meet customer demand and to hedge these and other trading positions. The Management Committee places trading limits on the level of exposure that can be taken in relation to both overnight and intra-day market positions. With the exception of specific hedging arrangements, foreign exchange and interest rate exposures associated with these derivatives are normally offset by entering into counterbalancing positions, thereby controlling the variability in the net cash amounts required to liquidate market positions. Given the purpose for entering into such derivative transaction, collateral or other security is not usually obtained for credit risk exposures on these instruments, except where the Group requires margin deposits from counterparties.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(b) 信貸限額控制及緩和政策 (續)

(iv) 信貸承擔

本集團提供信貸承諾，包括發出擔保書及信用證。該等工具之主要目的是確保在有需要時有資金供應給客戶。該等工具乃不可撤銷的保證，表示本集團將會在客戶未能向第三者履行責任時作出償付。該等工具帶有與貸款相同之信貸風險。

作出信貸承諾乃代表以放款、擔保書及信用證等形式授權未使用部份的信貸額度。有關作出信貸承諾之信貸風險，本集團等同擁有一項與未使用承擔相同的潛在損失。由於大部份作出信貸承諾乃客戶擬維持其特定信貸水平，是或然的，因此，此等可能出現的虧損應少於未使用之承擔總額。本集團會控制信貸承擔之期限，因長期承擔一般會比短期承擔存在較大程度的信貸風險。

(c) 減值準備政策

本集團會持續地進行信貸組合之信用分析及監控，以及最少每年對個別超過已定金額之金融資產進行評估，或對於個別情況增加定期審核的次數。減值準備於結算日被確認為損失乃基於如註釋1.7所述之減值客觀證據而作出。本集團之內部信貸評級系統幫助管理層判定該等減值客觀證據之存在性。

對個別評估賬戶之減值準備乃根據於結算日就個別戶口是否出現損失之評估而判定，並應用於所有重大賬戶。個別評估通常會考慮所持有之抵押品及該賬戶預期將來可能收回之現金流，按照相關的折現率折現。

綜合評估減值準備乃對(i)個別低於已定金額而又性質相似的資產；及(ii)已產生損失而未被個別確認而提供，會依據過往損失經驗之數據，經濟狀況，統計分析並以經驗判斷作補充。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(b) Risk limit control and mitigation policies (Continued)

(iv) Credit related commitments

The Group has issued credit related commitments including guarantees and letters of credit. The primary purpose of these instruments is to ensure that funds are available to a customer as required. These instruments represent irrevocable assurances that the Group will make payments in the event that a customer cannot meet its obligations to third parties. These instruments carry similar level of the same credit risk as loans.

Commitments to extend credit represent unused portions of authorised facility limits in the form of loans, guarantees or letters of credit. With respect to credit risk on commitments to extend credit, the Group is potentially exposed to loss in an amount equal to the total unused commitments. However, the likely amount of loss is less than the total unused commitments, as most commitments to extend credit are contingent upon customers maintaining specific credit standards. The Group monitors the term to maturity of credit commitments because longer-term commitments generally have a greater degree of credit risk than shorter-term commitments.

(c) Impairment allowance policies

The Group undertakes ongoing credit analysis and monitoring of its credit portfolios, and requires the review of individual financial assets that are above preset thresholds at least annually or more regularly when individual circumstances require. Impairment allowances are recognised for losses that have been incurred at the balance sheet date based on objective evidence of impairment as described in note 1.7. The Group's internal credit rating system assists management to determine whether objective evidence of impairment exists.

Impairment allowances on individually assessed accounts are determined by an evaluation of the incurred loss at the balance sheet date on a case-by-case basis, and are applied to all individually significant accounts. The assessment normally encompasses commitment of collateral held and the anticipated cash flows for that individual account adjusted at the relevant discount rates.

Collectively assessed impairment allowances are provided for (i) portfolios of homogenous assets that are individually below preset thresholds; and (ii) losses that have been incurred but have not yet been individually identified, using available data on historical loss experience, and economic conditions, statistical analysis and supplemented by experienced judgment.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(d) 考慮抵押品及其他信貸風險管理前
之最高信貸風險

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
短期資金	Short term funds	18,254,378	35,562,958	17,995,783	35,289,183
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	11,021,479	4,869,242	11,336,479	4,844,097
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	2,452,783	2,809,833	2,427,002	2,699,500
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	116,965	40,375	104,430	40,375
以公平價值誌入 損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	3,611,322	2,356,318	3,537,203	2,204,939
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	12,332,278	1,539,543	12,152,565	1,364,071
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	11,136,988	4,720,418	11,136,988	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項	Advances and other accounts	54,413,444	44,788,117	53,387,547	43,901,566
共同控制實體貸款	Loan to jointly controlled entities	55,098	61,062	55,098	61,062
信貸承擔	Credit commitments	19,376,946	14,034,091	19,530,204	14,185,509
		132,771,681	110,781,957	131,663,299	109,310,720

(e) 客戶貸款總額

(e) Gross loans and advances to customers

(i) 客戶貸款總額信貸質素

(i) Gross loans and advances to customers by credit quality

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
未逾期及無減值	Neither past due nor impaired	51,437,858	42,025,690	51,110,678	41,747,744
逾期但無減值	Past due but not impaired	1,102,492	1,259,930	1,082,748	1,226,818
已減值	Impaired	270,208	82,482	256,283	54,792
		52,810,558	43,368,102	52,449,709	43,029,354

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(e) 客戶貸款總額 (續)

(ii) 未逾期及無減值之客戶貸款總額

本集團

		物業抵押	其他		
		Real estate mortgage	企業	個人	合計
		港幣千元	Corporate	Individual	Total
		HK\$'000	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009				
級別一	Grade 1	16,519,849	32,536,546	1,893,688	50,950,083
級別二	Grade 2	95,663	196,079	79,209	370,951
級別三	Grade 3	24,663	79,282	12,879	116,824
		16,640,175	32,811,907	1,985,776	51,437,858

本行

The Bank

		物業抵押	其他		
		Real estate mortgage	企業	個人	合計
		港幣千元	Corporate	Individual	Total
		HK\$'000	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009				
級別一	Grade 1	16,540,802	32,323,421	1,760,976	50,625,199
級別二	Grade 2	95,663	196,079	79,209	370,951
級別三	Grade 3	24,663	76,986	12,879	114,528
		16,661,128	32,596,486	1,853,064	51,110,678

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(e) 客戶貸款總額 (續)

(ii) 未逾期及無減值之客戶貸款總額
(續)

本集團

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(e) Gross loans and advances to customers (Continued)

(ii) Gross loans and advances to customers that are neither past due nor impaired (Continued)

The Group

		物業抵押 Real estate mortgage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others		合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			企業 Corporate 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個人 Individual 港幣千元 HK\$'000	
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008				
級別一	Grade 1	16,112,881	23,590,762	1,915,856	41,619,499
級別二	Grade 2	69,099	219,413	8,743	297,255
級別三	Grade 3	8,746	39,290	60,900	108,936
		16,190,726	23,849,465	1,985,499	42,025,690

本行

The Bank

		物業抵押 Real estate mortgage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others		合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			企業 Corporate 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個人 Individual 港幣千元 HK\$'000	
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008				
級別一	Grade 1	16,134,361	23,409,897	1,797,295	41,341,553
級別二	Grade 2	69,099	219,413	8,743	297,255
級別三	Grade 3	8,746	39,290	60,900	108,936
		16,212,206	23,668,600	1,866,938	41,747,744

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(e) 客戶貸款總額 (續)

(ii) 未逾期及無減值之客戶貸款總額 (續)

下列為上述級別分析之界定：

級別一為「滿意」，代表借款人能承擔債務，本金及利息能全數償還。

級別二為「特別監控」，代表借款人經歷困難，可能影響本集團的利益。

級別三為「未達標準」，代表借款人表露出疲態而很可能危及其還款能力；或如不將抵押品變賣，則不能將貸款全數收回。

如貸款具足夠抵押品，當該等貸款出現虧損事件時，不一定引致該貸款出現減值虧損。雖該等貸款被列作為「未達標準」之級別，但該等貸款並不屬於已減值貸款而包括於上述表格內。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(e) Gross loans and advances to customers (Continued)

(ii) Gross loans and advances to customers that are neither past due nor impaired (Continued)

The following definitions have been adopted for the purpose of the above analysis:

Grade 1 “satisfactory” represents loans for which borrowers are currently meeting commitments and for which full repayment of interest and principal is not in doubt.

Grade 2 “special monitoring” represents loans with which borrowers are experiencing difficulties and which may threaten the Group’s position.

Grade 3 “substandard” represents loans in which borrowers are displaying a definable weakness that is likely to jeopardise repayment; or collection in full is improbable without realisation of available collateral.

The occurrence of loss event(s) may not necessarily result in impairment loss where the loans are fully collateralised. While such loans are of “substandard” grades, they are regarded as not being impaired and have been included in the above table.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(e) 客戶貸款總額 (續)

(iii) 逾期但無減值之客戶貸款總額

本集團

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(e) Gross loans and advances to customers (Continued)

(iii) Gross loans and advances to customers which were past due but not impaired

The Group

		物業抵押 Real estate mortgage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others		合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			企業 Corporate 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個人 Individual 港幣千元 HK\$'000	
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009				
三個月或以下	Three months or less	717,827	304,597	63,105	1,085,529
三個月以上至六個月	Six months or less but over three months	3,723	8,136	—	11,859
六個月以上	Over six months	4,892	212	—	5,104
		726,442	312,945	63,105	1,102,492

本行

The Bank

		物業抵押 Real estate mortgage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others		合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			企業 Corporate 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個人 Individual 港幣千元 HK\$'000	
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009				
三個月或以下	Three months or less	717,827	291,933	56,237	1,065,997
三個月以上至六個月	Six months or less but over three months	3,723	8,136	—	11,859
六個月以上	Over six months	4,892	—	—	4,892
		726,442	300,069	56,237	1,082,748

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(e) 客戶貸款總額 (續)

(iii) 逾期但無減值之客戶貸款總額 (續)

本集團

		物業抵押 Real estate mortgage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others		合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			企業 Corporate 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個人 Individual 港幣千元 HK\$'000	
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008				
三個月或以下	Three months or less	807,812	360,210	85,076	1,253,098
三個月以上 至六個月	Six months or less but over three months	—	4,123	924	5,047
六個月以上	Over six months	—	1,728	57	1,785
		807,812	366,061	86,057	1,259,930

本行

The Bank

		物業抵押	其他		
		Real estate mortgage	企業	個人	合計
		港幣千元	Corporate	Individual	Total
		HK\$'000	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008				
三個月或以下	Three months or less	807,812	335,880	76,506	1,220,198
三個月以上至六個月	Six months or less but over three months	—	3,911	924	4,835
六個月以上	Over six months	—	1,728	57	1,785
		807,812	341,519	77,487	1,226,818

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(e) 客戶貸款總額 (續)

(iv) 個別已減值之客戶貸款總額

已減值之客戶貸款總額是該等個別貸款於首次入賬後，因發生損失事項並存在減值之客觀證據，而該損失事項對貸款的預計未來現金流量造成影響。其分析如下：

已減值貸款	Impaired loans	物業抵押 Real estate mortgage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others		合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			企業 Corporate 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個人 Individual 港幣千元 HK\$'000	
本集團 二〇〇九年	The Group 2009	68,008	192,649	9,551	270,208
二〇〇八年	2008	31,893	41,106	9,483	82,482

已減值貸款	Impaired loans	物業抵押 Real estate mortgage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others		合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			企業 Corporate 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個人 Individual 港幣千元 HK\$'000	
本行 二〇〇九年	The Bank 2009	68,008	179,222	9,053	256,283
二〇〇八年	2008	31,893	13,615	9,284	54,792

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(e) 客戶貸款總額 (續)

(iv) 個別已減值之客戶貸款總額 (續)

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
已減值貸款	Impaired loans	270,208	82,482	256,283	54,792
佔客戶貸款總額之百分比	Percentage of total advances to customers	0.51%	0.19%	0.49%	0.13%
對上述貸款提撥之個別減值準備	Individual impairment allowances made in respect of such advances	112,816	42,664	99,839	17,920
評估上述個別減值準備已考慮之抵押品之總額	Total value of collateral taken into account in respect of the assessment of individual impairment allowances	149,419	35,896	149,419	35,896

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，同業貸款中並無已減值貸款（二〇〇八年：無）。

上述個別減值準備已考慮有關貸款之抵押品價值。

(v) 重議貸款

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(e) Gross loans and advances to customers (Continued)

(iv) Gross loans and advances to customers individually impaired (Continued)

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
已減值貸款	Impaired loans	270,208	82,482	256,283	54,792
佔客戶貸款總額之百分比	Percentage of total advances to customers	0.51%	0.19%	0.49%	0.13%
對上述貸款提撥之個別減值準備	Individual impairment allowances made in respect of such advances	112,816	42,664	99,839	17,920
評估上述個別減值準備已考慮之抵押品之總額	Total value of collateral taken into account in respect of the assessment of individual impairment allowances	149,419	35,896	149,419	35,896

At 31 December 2009, there were no impaired loans in respect of advances to banks (2008: Nil).

The above individual impairment allowances were made after taking into account the value of collateral in respect of such advances.

(v) Renegotiated loans

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
假如未重訂條款而可能已逾期或已減值之重議貸款	Renegotiated loans that would otherwise be past due or impaired	33,086	68,997	30,790	68,997

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(f) 同業貸款信貸質素

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
同業貸款總額	Gross balance with banks				
– 未逾期及無減值 (級別一)	– Neither past due nor impaired (Grade 1)	29,275,857	40,432,200	29,332,262	40,133,280

級別一為「滿意」，代表借款人能承擔債務，本金及利息能全數償還。

Grade 1 “satisfactory” represents loans for which borrowers are currently meeting commitments and for which full repayment of interest and principal is not in doubt.

(g) 收回資產

是年度本集團收回屬擔保之抵押品如下：

(g) Repossessed assets

During the year, the Group obtained assets by taking possession of collateral held as security, as follows:

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
住宅物業	Residential properties	5,191	2,565	5,191	2,565
工商物業	Commercial and industrial properties	2,524	2,826	2,524	2,826
其他	Others	745	2,481	–	247
		8,460	7,872	7,715	5,638

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團與本行之收回資產為港幣3,938,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣2,620,000元）。

At 31 December 2009, the repossessed assets of the Group and the Bank amounted to HK\$3,938,000 (2008: HK\$2,620,000).

收回物業會在可行的情況下盡快出售，所收款項將用以減低債務結欠。

Repossessed properties are sold as soon as practicable with the proceeds used to reduce the outstanding indebtedness.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(h) 債務證券

(i) 債務證券及國庫券之信貸質素

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(h) Debt securities

(i) Debt securities and treasury bills by credit quality

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
債務證券及國庫券	Debt securities and treasury bills				
– 未逾期及無減值	– Neither past due nor impaired	28,867,175	10,782,516	28,793,056	10,631,137

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團及本行已減值之可供出售之債務證券總額為港幣19,930,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣136,167,000元）。本集團及本行持有之已減值之債務證券並無抵押品並已作出全數撥備。

The gross amount of impaired available-for-sale debt securities of the Group and the Bank as at 31 December 2009 was HK\$19,930,000 (2008: HK\$136,167,000). No collateral was held by the Group and the Bank in respect of the impaired debt securities and full impairment provision has been provided against the gross amount.

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團及本行已減值之持至到期債務證券總額為港幣116,325,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣116,250,000元）。本集團及本行持有之已減值債務證券並無抵押品，已計提之累計減值準備為港幣116,325,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣116,250,000元）。

The gross amount of impaired held-to-maturity debt securities of the Group and the Bank as at 31 December 2009 was HK\$116,325,000 (2008: HK\$116,250,000). No collateral was held by the Group and the Bank in respect of the impaired debt securities, and the accumulated impairment allowance of HK\$116,325,000 (2008: HK\$116,250,000) has been provided.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(h) 債務證券 (續)

(ii) 未逾期及無減值之債務證券及國庫券

下列表格乃根據外在信貸評級機構之評級分析本集團債務證券及國庫券之信貸風險：

本集團

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(h) Debt securities (Continued)

(ii) Debt securities and treasury bills that are neither past due nor impaired

The tables below present an analysis of debt securities and treasury bills by rating agency designation based on the external credit assessment institutions' ratings that the Group has used in relation to credit risk exposures:

The Group

		國庫券 Treasury bills 港幣千元 HK\$'000	債務證券 Debt securities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009			
AA-至AAA	AA- to AAA	1,823,566	12,460,518	14,284,084
A- 至A+	A- to A+	—	9,603,078	9,603,078
BBB-至BBB+	BBB- to BBB+	—	3,138,344	3,138,344
低於BBB-	Lower than BBB-	—	81,386	81,386
無評級	Unrated	—	1,760,283	1,760,283
		1,823,566	27,043,609	28,867,175
其發行人為：	of which issued by:			
— 中央政府及中央銀行	— central governments and central banks	1,823,566	453,400	2,276,966
— 公營機構	— public sector entities	—	173,730	173,730
— 銀行及其他金融機構	— banks and other financial institutions	—	18,594,197	18,594,197
— 企業	— corporate entities	—	7,822,282	7,822,282
		1,823,566	27,043,609	28,867,175
其分類為：	of which classified by:			
— 持作買賣用途之證券	— trading securities	1,823,566	603,436	2,427,002
— 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產	— financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	3,611,322	3,611,322
— 可供出售之證券	— available-for-sale securities	—	11,691,863	11,691,863
— 持至到期證券	— held-to-maturity securities	—	11,136,988	11,136,988
		1,823,566	27,043,609	28,867,175

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(h) 債務證券 (續)

(ii) 未逾期及無減值之債務證券及國庫券 (續)

本行

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(h) Debt securities (Continued)

(ii) Debt securities and treasury bills that are neither past due nor impaired (Continued)

The Bank

		國庫券 Treasury bills 港幣千元 HK\$'000	債務證券 Debt securities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009			
AA-至AAA	AA- to AAA	1,823,566	12,453,295	14,276,861
A-至A+	A- to A+	–	9,566,809	9,566,809
BBB-至BBB+	BBB- to BBB+	–	3,107,717	3,107,717
低於BBB-	Lower than BBB-	–	81,386	81,386
無評級	Unrated	–	1,760,283	1,760,283
		1,823,566	26,969,490	28,793,056
其發行人為：	of which issued by:			
– 中央政府及中央銀行	– central governments and central banks	1,823,566	453,400	2,276,966
– 公營機構	– public sector entities	–	173,730	173,730
– 銀行及其他金融機構	– banks and other financial institutions	–	18,543,430	18,543,430
– 企業	– corporate entities	–	7,798,930	7,798,930
		1,823,566	26,969,490	28,793,056
其分類為：	of which classified by:			
– 持作買賣用途之證券	– trading securities	1,823,566	603,436	2,427,002
– 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產	– financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	–	3,537,203	3,537,203
– 可供出售之證券	– available-for-sale securities	–	11,691,863	11,691,863
– 持至到期證券	– held-to-maturity securities	–	11,136,988	11,136,988
		1,823,566	26,969,490	28,793,056

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(h) 債務證券 (續)

(ii) 未逾期及無減值之債務證券及國庫券 (續)

本集團

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(h) Debt securities (Continued)

(ii) Debt securities and treasury bills that are neither past due nor impaired (Continued)

The Group

		國庫券 Treasury bills 港幣千元 HK\$'000	債務證券 Debt securities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008			
AA-至AAA	AA- to AAA	2,040,514	2,026,164	4,066,678
A-至A+	A- to A+	—	3,897,268	3,897,268
BBB-至BBB+	BBB- to BBB+	—	1,701,505	1,701,505
低於BBB-	Lower than BBB-	—	73,061	73,061
無評級	Unrated	—	1,044,004	1,044,004
		2,040,514	8,742,002	10,782,516
其發行人為：	of which issued by:			
— 中央政府及中央銀行	— central governments and central banks	2,040,514	738,465	2,778,979
— 公營機構	— public sector entities	—	353,800	353,800
— 銀行及其他金融機構	— banks and other financial institutions	—	5,398,055	5,398,055
— 企業	— corporate entities	—	2,251,682	2,251,682
		2,040,514	8,742,002	10,782,516
其分類為：	of which classified by:			
— 持作買賣用途之證券	— trading securities	1,808,030	891,470	2,699,500
— 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產	— financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	2,356,318	2,356,318
— 可供出售之證券	— available-for-sale securities	232,484	773,796	1,006,280
— 持至到期證券	— held-to-maturity securities	—	4,720,418	4,720,418
		2,040,514	8,742,002	10,782,516

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(h) 債務證券 (續)

(ii) 未逾期及無減值之債務證券及國庫券 (續)

本行

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(h) Debt securities (Continued)

(ii) Debt securities and treasury bills that are neither past due nor impaired (Continued)

The Bank

		國庫券 Treasury bills 港幣千元 HK\$'000	債務證券 Debt securities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008			
AA-至AAA	AA- to AAA	2,040,514	1,993,468	4,033,982
A-至A+	A- to A+	—	3,841,856	3,841,856
BBB-至BBB+	BBB- to BBB+	—	1,677,105	1,677,105
低於BBB-	Lower than BBB-	—	73,061	73,061
無評級	Unrated	—	1,005,133	1,005,133
		2,040,514	8,590,623	10,631,137
其發行人為：	of which issued by:			
— 中央政府及中央銀行	— central governments and central banks	2,040,514	738,465	2,778,979
— 公營機構	— public sector entities	—	353,800	353,800
— 銀行及其他金融機構	— banks and other financial institutions	—	5,335,522	5,335,522
— 企業	— corporate entities	—	2,162,836	2,162,836
		2,040,514	8,590,623	10,631,137
其分類為：	of which classified by:			
— 持作買賣用途之證券	— trading securities	1,808,030	891,470	2,699,500
— 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產	— financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	2,204,939	2,204,939
— 可供出售之證券	— available-for-sale securities	232,484	773,796	1,006,280
— 持至到期證券	— held-to-maturity securities	—	4,720,418	4,720,418
		2,040,514	8,590,623	10,631,137

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(i) 資產、負債及資產負債表外項目的地區分佈

本集團

		總資產 Total assets 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總負債 Total liabilities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	信貸承擔 Credit commitments 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009			
香港	Hong Kong	113,631,956	103,088,810	19,096,824
美國	United States of America	1,491,402	1,241,865	83,192
中華人民共和國	People's Republic of China	5,454,788	4,868,293	196,930
開曼群島	Cayman Islands	24,602	—	—
分部互相抵銷	Inter-segment elimination	(3,292,825)	(3,292,825)	—
		117,309,923	105,906,143	19,376,946

本行

		總資產 Total assets 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總負債 Total liabilities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	信貸承擔 Credit commitments 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009			
香港	Hong Kong	112,510,787	102,882,749	19,250,082
美國	United States of America	1,480,005	1,241,842	83,192
中華人民共和國	People's Republic of China	5,437,251	4,866,501	196,930
開曼群島	Cayman Islands	24,602	—	—
分部互相抵銷	Inter-segment elimination	(3,292,374)	(3,292,374)	—
		116,160,271	105,698,718	19,530,204

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(i) 資產、負債及資產負債表外項目的地區分佈 (續)

本集團

		總資產 Total assets 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總負債 Total liabilities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	信貸承擔 Credit commitments 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008			
香港	Hong Kong	98,930,379	89,421,071	13,792,327
美國	United States of America	1,504,486	1,214,895	196,605
中華人民共和國	People's Republic of China	2,319,304	1,741,558	45,159
開曼群島	Cayman Islands	133,665	108,415	—
分部互相抵銷	Inter-segment elimination	(2,294,980)	(2,294,980)	—
		100,592,854	90,190,959	14,034,091

本行

The Bank

		總資產 Total assets 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總負債 Total liabilities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	信貸承擔 Credit commitments 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008			
香港	Hong Kong	97,472,823	88,638,572	13,943,745
美國	United States of America	1,493,389	1,214,871	196,605
中華人民共和國	People's Republic of China	2,301,630	1,739,846	45,159
開曼群島	Cayman Islands	133,665	108,415	—
分部互相抵銷	Inter-segment elimination	(2,294,531)	(2,294,531)	—
		99,106,976	89,407,173	14,185,509

以上分析乃按本集團業務之所在國家／地區計算。本集團的主要業務在香港。

The above analysis is prepared based on the country/region in which the Group's operations are located. The Group operates predominantly in Hong Kong.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.1 信貸風險 (續)

(i) 資產、負債及資產負債表外項目的地區分佈 (續)

風險集中之客戶貸款按地區分佈如下：

本集團

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 %	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 %
香港	Hong Kong	48,924,190	92.7	40,839,034	94.2
美國	United States of America	1,438,096	2.7	1,406,923	3.2
中華人民共和國	People's Republic of China	2,448,272	4.6	1,122,145	2.6
		52,810,558	100.0	43,368,102	100.0

本行

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 %	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 %
香港	Hong Kong	48,542,389	92.5	40,478,806	94.1
美國	United States of America	1,459,048	2.8	1,428,403	3.3
中華人民共和國	People's Republic of China	2,448,272	4.7	1,122,145	2.6
		52,449,709	100.0	43,029,354	100.0

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.1 Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Geographical concentrations of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items (Continued)

Geographical sector risk concentrations within the customer loan portfolio are as follows:

The Group

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 %	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 %
Hong Kong		48,924,190	92.7	40,839,034	94.2
United States of America		1,438,096	2.7	1,406,923	3.2
People's Republic of China		2,448,272	4.6	1,122,145	2.6
		52,810,558	100.0	43,368,102	100.0

The Bank

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 %	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 %
Hong Kong		48,542,389	92.5	40,478,806	94.1
United States of America		1,459,048	2.8	1,428,403	3.3
People's Republic of China		2,448,272	4.7	1,122,145	2.6
		52,449,709	100.0	43,029,354	100.0

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險

本集團所承擔之市場風險，乃指由於市場價格變動而引致金融工具之公平價值或未來現金流量改變的風險。市場風險主要源自其對息率、外幣及股權產品等的持倉淨盤，全部都面對一般及特定之市場變更及市場息率或價格如利率、匯率及股票價格等波幅的改變而影響。本集團之市場風險主要源自其外匯持倉和持作買賣用途及在銀行賬內之證券及衍生工具。

(a) 市場風險量度

管理委員會透過制定各項交易限額以管理本集團從不同活動而面對之市場風險。風險乃以合約或名義數值及未償還結餘之基準衡量及監察。該等限額由組合、產品及風險種類，以綜合風險衡量法，包括持倉限額、敏感度限額及止蝕限額而製定。財資部監察及管理所有與市場風險有關之交易持倉。獨立監察、檢查、每日按市價估值及確認交易均由其他獨立部門進行。而本集團之稽核部門亦會定時進行審核及檢查，以確保能遵照既定之風險限額進行交易。所有超越限額之項目須由相關之管理階層及管理委員會審核及批准。實際持倉由風險管理委員會監察。

本集團亦運用廣泛之壓力測試以極端化之事件來評估市場風險對本集團財務狀況之影響。壓力測試之結果由風險管理委員會審核。

(b) 市場風險敏感度分析

(i) 貨幣風險

本集團之貨幣風險主要源自外匯買賣、商業銀行運作及結構性外匯持倉。

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，如美元對港元在固定聯繫匯率範圍內下跌0.64%，在其他因素不變下，本集團及本行之除稅後溢利將相對地分別減少港幣18,040,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣6,849,000元）及港幣14,727,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣3,581,000元）。與二〇〇八年比較，二〇〇九年之外匯風險敏感度較高，主要原因是持有的美元持至到期證券及可供出售之證券增加。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 Market risk

The Group takes on exposure to market risk, which is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risks arise from open positions in interest rate, currency and equity products, all of which are exposed to general and specific market movements and changes in the level of volatility of market rates or prices such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates and equity prices. The Group's market risk primarily arises from its positions in foreign exchange, securities and derivatives in its trading and banking books.

(a) Market risk measurement

The Group's market risk exposures in different activities are managed by way of limits established by the Management Committee. Exposures are measured and monitored on the basis of contractual or notional amount and outstanding balances. Limits are set by portfolio, product and risk type, using a combination of risk measurement techniques, including position limits, sensitivity limits, as well as stop loss limits. All market risk trading positions are subject to monitored and managed by the Treasury Department. Independent monitoring, checking, daily mark-to-market valuation and trade confirmation are undertaken by departments independent of the Treasury Department. Regular checking and reviews are also conducted by the Group's internal audit function to ensure compliance with risk limits. All exceptions are reviewed and approved by the appropriate level of management and the Management Committee. Actual positions are monitored by the Risk Management Committee.

The Group also applies a wide range of stress testing to assess the financial impact of more extreme events on the market risk exposure of the Group. The results of the stress testing are reviewed by the Risk Management Committee.

(b) Market risk sensitivity analysis

(i) Currency risk

The Group's currency risk positions mainly arise from foreign exchange dealing, commercial banking operations and structural foreign currency exposures.

At 31 December 2009, if USD had weakened within the pegged range of 0.64% against HKD with all other variables held constant, the Group's and the Bank's profit after taxation for the year would have been HK\$18,040,000 (2008: HK\$6,849,000) and HK\$14,727,000 (2008: HK\$3,581,000) lower respectively. The higher foreign currency exchange rate sensitivity in 2009 compared with 2008 was attributable to additional holdings of USD denominated held-to-maturity and available-for-sale securities.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(b) 市場風險敏感度分析 (續)

(ii) 利率風險

本集團之利率風險主要源自因持有附息資產、負債及資產負債表以外項目在重訂息率時有時間差異而引起。

任何利率改變會影響以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產及金融負債之價值。本集團使用利率掉期合約以減低定息金融資產及金融負債之利率風險。於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，如利率於當日上漲100點子，在其他因素不變下，本集團及本行之除稅後溢利將相對地分別減少港幣7,576,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣6,435,000元）及港幣7,303,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣5,481,000元），主要由持作買賣用途之證券及以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產之公平價值重估所引致。本集團及本行於其他全面收益及獨立累計於權益內之重估投資儲備盈餘將相對地減少港幣29,493,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣2,134,000元），主要由重估可供出售之證券引致。與二〇〇八年比較，二〇〇九年之利率風險敏感度較高，主要由於所持的可供出售之證券上升。

(iii) 股權風險

本集團之股權風險主要源自持有若干本港上市之股權證券及以本港上市之證券作相關資產之期權聯繫金融資產。其主要部份乃持作長期投資用途。

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，如恒生指數於當日下跌10%，在其他因素不變及所有股本工具根據與指數之歷史掛鉤關係變動下，本集團之除稅後溢利將減少港幣1,472,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣12,016,000元）。本集團及本行於其他全面收益及獨立累計於權益內之重估投資儲備盈餘將分別減少港幣34,342,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣24,058,000元）及港幣13,590,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣8,134,000元）。與二〇〇八年比較，二〇〇九年持作買賣用途之證券及以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產之股權風險敏感度較低，主要由於所持的股權下降。而可供出售之證券之股權風險敏感度較高，主要由於所持的股權增加。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(b) Market risk sensitivity analysis (Continued)

(ii) Interest rate risk

The Group's interest rate risk mainly arises from the timing differences in the repricing of interest bearing assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet positions.

Any changes in interest rates would affect the value of those financial assets and liabilities carried at fair value. The Group enters into interest rate swaps to mitigate the interest rate risk associated with the fixed-rate financial assets and financial liabilities. At 31 December 2009, if interest rates at that date had been 100 basis points higher with all other variables held constant, the Group's and the Bank's profit after taxation for the year would have been HK\$7,576,000 (2008: HK\$6,435,000) and HK\$7,303,000 (2008: HK\$5,481,000) lower respectively, mainly as a result of revaluation of trading securities and financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss. The Group's and the Bank's surplus in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in investment revaluation reserve would have been HK\$29,493,000 (2008: HK\$2,134,000) lower due to the revaluation of those available-for-sale securities. The higher interest rate sensitivity in 2009 compared with 2008 was attributable to additional holdings of available-for-sale securities.

(iii) Equity risk

The Group's equity risk position mainly arises from the holdings of certain equity securities and option-linked financial assets with underlying equity securities listed in Hong Kong. The majority of this position is held for long term investment purposes.

At 31 December 2009, if the Hang Seng Index at that date had been 10% lower with all other variables held constant and all the equity instruments had moved according to their historical correlation with the index, the Group's profit after taxation for the year would have been HK\$1,472,000 (2008: HK\$12,016,000) lower, and the Group's and the Bank's surplus in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in investment revaluation reserve would have been HK\$34,342,000 (2008: HK\$24,058,000) and HK\$13,590,000 (2008: HK\$8,134,000) lower respectively. The lower equity sensitivity for trading securities and financial assets designated as fair value through profit or loss in 2009 compared with 2008 was attributable to a reduction in holdings of equities. The higher equity sensitivity for available-for-sale securities in 2009 compared with 2008 was attributable to additional holdings of equities.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(b) 市場風險敏感度分析 (續)

(iv) 市場風險收入每日分佈情況

本集團及圍內數間附屬公司於二〇〇九年內，從事與市場風險有關活動所賺取之每日平均收入(包括與買賣有關之淨利息收入或其他收入)為港幣510,000元(二〇〇八年：港幣342,000元)。該等每日平均收入之標準差為港幣1,069,000元(二〇〇八年：港幣4,314,000元)。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

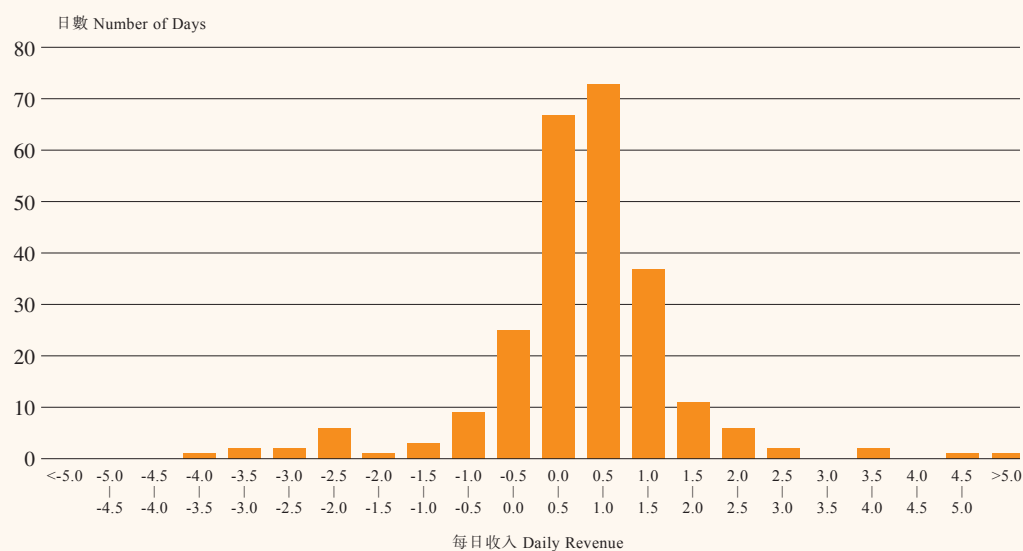
2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(b) Market risk sensitivity analysis (Continued)

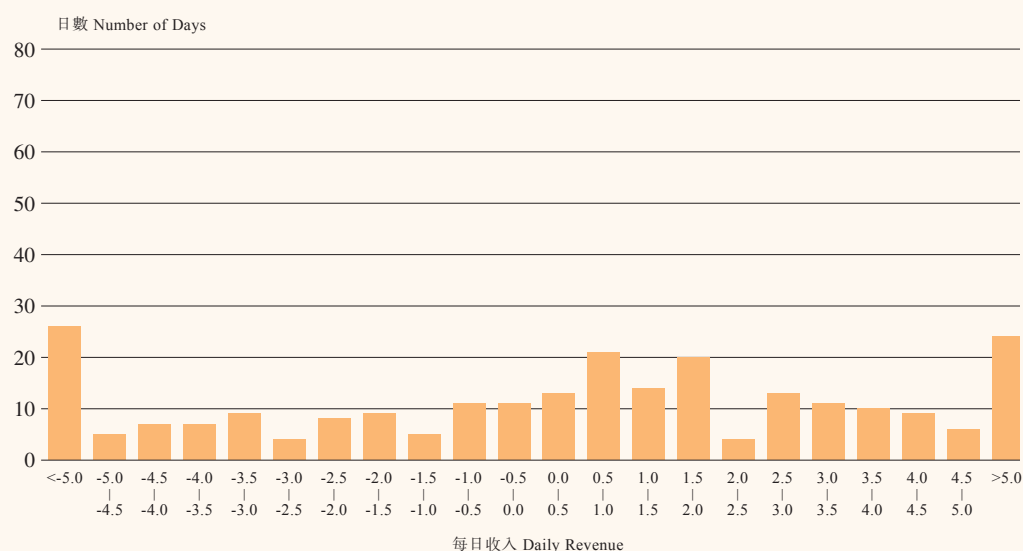
(iv) Daily distribution of market risk revenue

The average daily revenue in 2009 earned from market risk-related activities by the Bank and certain subsidiaries, including trading-related net interest income and other revenue was HK\$510,000 (2008: HK\$342,000). The standard deviation of this daily revenue was HK\$1,069,000 (2008: HK\$4,314,000).

二〇〇九年
市場風險收入
每日分佈情況
Daily
distribution
of market risk
revenue for 2009
港幣百萬元計 HK\$ Million



二〇〇八年
市場風險收入
每日分佈情況
Daily
distribution
of market risk
revenue for 2008
港幣百萬元計 HK\$ Million



2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(c) 貨幣風險

現行市場外幣匯率的波動會影響本集團的財務狀況和現金流量。本集團之外匯風險主要包括財資部之外匯買賣及源自商業銀行業務之外幣持倉風險。

管理委員會以貨幣及總額為基礎，制定隔夜及即日之持倉限額。此等風險每日均由財資部按管理委員會核定之外匯持倉限額集中管理，並由另一部門獨立監察。

由客戶交易而產生之外匯風險（包括附設在某些客戶存款內之貨幣期權），一般會與其他客戶交易或市場交易對銷。用以購買港元資產之外匯資金均會採用掉期或遠期貨幣兌換合約對沖外匯風險。

下頁表格概述本集團於十二月三十一日之外幣匯率風險。本集團的資產及負債以貨幣作分類並按其賬面值呈列。資產負債表外之差距乃主要用作管理本集團因市場變動的貨幣風險之外幣衍生金融工具的名義金額淨額。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(c) Currency risk

The Group takes on exposure to effects of fluctuations in the prevailing foreign currency exchange rates on its financial position and cash flows. The Group's exposures mainly comprise foreign exchange dealing by the Treasury Department and currency exposures originated by its commercial banking businesses.

The Management Committee sets limits on the level of exposure by currency and in total for both overnight and intra-day positions. All exposures are centrally managed by the Treasury Department and independently monitored by a separate department on a daily basis.

Foreign currency exposures arising from customer transactions, including currency options embedded in certain customer deposits, are normally offset against other customer transactions or transactions with the market. Foreign currency funding used to fund Hong Kong dollar assets is hedged using currency swaps or forward exchange contracts to mitigate the foreign exchange risk.

The tables on the following pages summarise the Group's exposure to foreign currency exchange rate risk at 31 December. Included in the tables are the Group's assets and liabilities at carrying amounts, categorised by currency. The off-balance sheet gap represents the net notional amounts of foreign currency derivative financial instruments, which are principally used to manage the Group's exposure to currency movements.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(c) 貨幣風險 (續)

資產、負債及資產負債表外項目的分佈

本集團

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(c) Currency risk (Continued)

Concentration of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items

The Group

		港元 HK\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	美元 US\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	澳元 A\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	紐元 NZ\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009						
資產	Assets						
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	8,602,090	3,550,176	1,742,441	1,021,850	3,811,536	18,728,093
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	6,857,074	2,312,612	–	507,267	1,344,526	11,021,479
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	2,056,723	36,196	100,812	–	259,052	2,452,783
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	61,612	19,489	1,290	16,204	18,370	116,965
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	2,442,805	739,529	350,399	–	78,589	3,611,322
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	1,683,300	6,193,571	3,124,241	687,680	643,486	12,332,278
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	5,880,267	3,289,749	1,693,702	197,271	75,999	11,136,988
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項及遞延稅項資產)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable and deferred tax assets)	45,833,806	6,212,584	554,455	4,556	1,969,635	54,575,036
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	181,619	–	–	–	–	181,619
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	4,936	–	–	–	–	4,936
投資物業	Investment properties	2,275,960	–	–	–	–	2,275,960
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	246,797	–	–	–	–	246,797
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	585,610	32,278	–	–	7,779	625,667
總資產	Total assets	76,712,599	22,386,184	7,567,340	2,434,828	8,208,972	117,309,923
負債	Liabilities						
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	170,052	2,018,088	–	56,363	1,154,037	3,398,540
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	34,006	–	–	–	–	34,006
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	439,105	104,196	9,840	740	14,725	568,606
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	402,144	–	–	–	–	402,144
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	60,471,897	12,048,057	8,764,690	3,863,080	7,153,703	92,301,427
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	1,205,841	775,500	–	–	–	1,981,341
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	3,000,000	–	–	–	–	3,000,000
其他賬項及預提 (包括當期稅項及遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	3,852,936	72,796	43,477	8,198	242,672	4,220,079
總負債	Total liabilities	69,575,981	15,018,637	8,818,007	3,928,381	8,565,137	105,906,143
資產負債表內持倉淨額	Net on-balance sheet position	7,136,618	7,367,547	(1,250,667)	(1,493,553)	(356,165)	11,403,780
資產負債表外名義持倉淨額	Off-balance sheet net notional position	288,473	(3,991,816)	1,328,986	1,435,407	957,158	18,208
信貸承擔	Credit commitments	18,218,779	1,026,273	–	786	131,108	19,376,946

財務報表註釋

Notes to the Financial Statements

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(c) 貨幣風險 (續)

(c) Currency risk (Continued)

資產、負債及資產負債表外項目的分佈
(續)

Concentration of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items
(Continued)

本行

The Bank

		港元 HK\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	美元 US\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	澳元 A\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	紐元 NZ\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009						
資產	Assets						
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	8,418,009	3,478,796	1,742,441	1,021,850	3,808,399	18,469,495
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	7,172,074	2,312,612	–	507,267	1,344,526	11,336,479
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	2,030,942	36,196	100,812	–	259,052	2,427,002
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	49,077	19,489	1,290	16,204	18,370	104,430
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	2,436,016	672,199	350,399	–	78,589	3,537,203
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	1,503,587	6,193,571	3,124,241	687,680	643,486	12,152,565
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	5,880,267	3,289,749	1,693,702	197,271	75,999	11,136,988
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable)	44,712,189	6,233,293	554,455	4,556	1,969,338	53,473,831
附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	288,530	11,633	–	–	–	300,163
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	80,098	–	–	–	–	80,098
投資物業	Investment properties	2,355,760	–	–	–	–	2,355,760
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	246,797	–	–	–	–	246,797
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	531,234	1,392	–	–	6,834	539,460
總資產	Total assets	75,704,580	22,248,930	7,567,340	2,434,828	8,204,593	116,160,271
負債	Liabilities						
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	263,491	2,018,088	–	56,363	1,154,037	3,491,979
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	34,006	–	–	–	–	34,006
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	437,564	104,196	9,840	740	14,725	567,065
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	402,144	–	–	–	–	402,144
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	61,588,529	12,524,183	8,764,754	3,871,205	7,154,022	93,902,693
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	1,205,841	775,500	–	–	–	1,981,341
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	3,000,000	–	–	–	–	3,000,000
其他賬項及預提 (包括當期稅項及遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	1,947,118	79,353	43,477	8,207	241,335	2,319,490
總負債	Total liabilities	68,878,693	15,501,320	8,818,071	3,936,515	8,564,119	105,698,718
資產負債表內持倉淨額	Net on-balance sheet position	6,825,887	6,747,610	(1,250,731)	(1,501,687)	(359,526)	10,461,553
資產負債表外名義持倉淨額	Off-balance sheet net notional position	288,473	(3,991,816)	1,328,986	1,435,407	957,158	18,208
信貸承擔	Credit commitments	18,372,037	1,026,273	–	786	131,108	19,530,204

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(c) 貨幣風險 (續)

資產、負債及資產負債表外項目的分佈
(續)

本集團

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(c) Currency risk (Continued)

Concentration of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items
(Continued)

The Group

		港元 HK\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	美元 US\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	澳元 A\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	紐元 NZ\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2008						
資產	Assets						
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	15,124,054	7,827,594	5,425,221	3,156,102	4,527,949	36,060,920
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	1,158,722	2,357,319	375,571	449,500	528,130	4,869,242
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	2,409,608	67,701	74,014	–	258,510	2,809,833
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	30,225	6,491	650	1,530	1,479	40,375
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	1,029,225	1,243,753	7,827	–	75,513	2,356,318
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	400,997	519,679	160,310	53,597	404,960	1,539,543
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	3,941,564	403,610	268,125	–	107,119	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項及遞延稅項資產)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable and deferred tax assets)	41,247,223	2,927,546	403,065	8,959	376,155	44,962,948
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	153,900	–	–	–	–	153,900
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	5,867	–	–	–	–	5,867
投資物業	Investment properties	2,346,550	–	–	–	–	2,346,550
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	237,173	–	–	–	–	237,173
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	446,876	33,587	–	–	9,304	489,767
總資產	Total assets	68,531,984	15,387,280	6,714,783	3,669,688	6,289,119	100,592,854
負債	Liabilities						
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	80,952	619,755	853	–	212,924	914,484
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	595,471	–	–	–	–	595,471
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	103,827	89,779	762	1,681	1,557	197,606
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	2,076,092	–	–	–	–	2,076,092
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	53,316,938	13,486,441	6,610,496	3,620,973	5,458,778	82,493,626
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	594,822	426,148	–	–	–	1,020,970
其他賬項及預提 (包括當期稅項及遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	2,674,577	95,855	30,824	13,225	78,229	2,892,710
總負債	Total liabilities	59,442,679	14,717,978	6,642,935	3,635,879	5,751,488	90,190,959
資產負債表內持倉淨額	Net on-balance sheet position	9,089,305	669,302	71,848	33,809	537,631	10,401,895
資產負債表外名義持倉淨額	Off-balance sheet net notional position	(432,863)	612,306	(4,365)	(1,959)	(175,451)	(2,332)
信貸承擔	Credit commitments	13,537,012	350,279	–	–	146,800	14,034,091

財務報表註釋

Notes to the Financial Statements

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(c) 貨幣風險 (續)

資產、負債及資產負債表外項目的分佈
(續)

本行

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(c) Currency risk (Continued)

Concentration of assets, liabilities and off-balance sheet items
(Continued)

The Bank

		港元 HK\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	美元 US\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	澳元 A\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	紐元 NZ\$ 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2008						
資產	Assets						
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	14,851,383	7,826,494	5,425,221	3,156,102	4,527,945	35,787,145
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	1,315,275	2,175,621	375,571	449,500	528,130	4,844,097
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	2,300,034	66,942	74,014	–	258,510	2,699,500
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	30,225	6,491	650	1,530	1,479	40,375
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	1,007,558	1,121,868	–	–	75,513	2,204,939
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	240,058	505,146	160,310	53,597	404,960	1,364,071
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	3,941,564	403,610	268,125	–	107,119	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable)	40,250,930	2,948,663	403,065	8,959	375,871	43,987,488
附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	288,530	11,625	–	–	–	300,155
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	86,062	–	–	–	–	86,062
投資物業	Investment properties	2,425,050	–	–	–	–	2,425,050
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	237,173	–	–	–	–	237,173
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	400,384	1,855	–	–	8,264	410,503
總資產	Total assets	67,374,226	15,068,315	6,706,956	3,669,688	6,287,791	99,106,976
負債	Liabilities						
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	177,980	619,755	853	–	212,924	1,011,512
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	595,471	–	–	–	–	595,471
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	103,827	89,779	762	1,681	1,557	197,606
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	2,115,948	–	–	–	–	2,115,948
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	53,810,535	13,779,028	6,633,286	3,655,306	5,459,377	83,337,532
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	594,822	426,148	–	–	–	1,020,970
其他賬項及預提 (包括遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including deferred tax liabilities)	910,037	95,866	30,864	13,322	78,045	1,128,134
總負債	Total liabilities	58,308,620	15,010,576	6,665,765	3,670,309	5,751,903	89,407,173
資產負債表內持倉淨額	Net on-balance sheet position	9,065,606	57,739	41,191	(621)	535,888	9,699,803
資產負債表外名義持倉淨額	Off-balance sheet net notional position	(432,863)	612,306	(4,365)	(1,959)	(175,451)	(2,332)
信貸承擔	Credit commitments	13,688,430	350,279	–	–	146,800	14,185,509

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(d) 利率風險

現行市場利率的波動會影響本集團的公平價值利率風險及現金流量利率風險。公平價值利率風險乃指金融工具之價值將隨著市場利率改變而波動的風險。現金流量利率風險乃指金融工具之將來現金流量將隨著市場利率改變而波動的風險。

由於利率變動，息差可能會增加，但若利率出現不可預計的波動，則息差可能會減少或引致虧損。本集團已制定政策及制度以監察其較易受利率影響之倉盤及重定息率淨差距，以確保其在管理委員會所核定之限額以內獲妥善管理。實際持倉額會按月與核定限額作比較並由風險管理委員會監察。

儘管利率風險管理之主要目的在於限制利率變動對淨利息收入之潛在不利影響，亦可在風險限額內增持利率倉盤以提高收益。

下頁表格概述了本集團的利率風險，並按賬面值列示了本集團的資產及負債，而資產及負債則按重定息日或到期日(以較早者為準)分類。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(d) Interest rate risk

The Group is exposed to the effects of fluctuations in the prevailing levels of market interest rates in respect of its fair value and cash flow interest rate risks. Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Interest margin may increase as a result of such changes but may reduce or create losses in the event that unexpected movements arise. The Group has established policies and systems to monitor its interest-sensitive positions and net repricing gap to ensure that they are all properly managed under the limits approved by the Management Committee. Actual positions are compared with the approved limits and monitored by the Risk Management Committee on a monthly basis.

While the primary objective of interest rate risk management is to limit potential adverse effects of interest rate movements on net interest income, interest rate positions may be taken for yield enhancement within the risk limits.

The tables on the following pages summarise the Group's exposure to interest rate risks. Included in the tables are the Group's assets and liabilities at carrying amounts, categorised by the earlier of contractual repricing or maturity dates.

財務報表註釋

Notes to the Financial Statements

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(d) 利率風險 (續)

資產及負債之利率敏感度 — 重定息率分析

本集團

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.2 Market risk (Continued)

(d) Interest rate risk (Continued)

Interest sensitivity of assets and liabilities – repricing analysis

The Group

		一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	不計息 Non-interest bearing 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009							
資產	Assets							
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	17,010,347	—	—	—	—	1,717,746	18,728,093
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	582,274	8,844,642	1,594,563	—	—	—	11,021,479
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	663,990	926,883	690,598	145,180	351	25,781	2,452,783
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	116,965	116,965
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	7,445	176,287	666,267	2,761,323	—	—	3,611,322
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	2,708,992	7,873,946	23,749	1,085,176	—	640,415	12,332,278
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	4,446,951	4,887,762	533,831	1,244,296	24,148	—	11,136,988
貸款及其他賬項	Advances and other accounts							
(包括可回收稅項及遞延稅項資產)	(including tax recoverable and deferred tax assets)	43,799,510	8,082,019	219,905	375,951	100,372	1,997,279	54,575,036
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	20,506	33,285	—	—	—	127,828	181,619
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	—	—	—	—	—	4,936	4,936
投資物業	Investment properties	—	—	—	—	—	2,275,960	2,275,960
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	—	—	—	—	—	246,797	246,797
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	625,667	625,667
總資產	Total assets	69,240,015	30,824,824	3,728,913	5,611,926	124,871	7,779,374	117,309,923
負債	Liabilities							
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	2,672,367	507,672	—	—	—	218,501	3,398,540
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	29,499	4,000	507	—	—	—	34,006
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	568,606	568,606
以公平價值計入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	201,595	200,549	—	—	—	402,144
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	63,100,681	17,607,211	5,877,197	338,512	—	5,377,826	92,301,427
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	745,867	1,235,474	—	—	—	—	1,981,341
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	800,000	700,000	—	—	1,500,000	—	3,000,000
其他賬項及預提	Other accounts and accruals							
(包括當期稅項及遞延稅項負債)	(including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	—	56,787	—	—	—	4,163,292	4,220,079
總負債	Total liabilities	67,348,414	20,312,739	6,078,253	338,512	1,500,000	10,328,225	105,906,143
利息敏感度差距總額 (未經調整)	Total interest sensitivity gap (unadjusted)	1,891,601	10,512,085	(2,349,340)	5,273,414	(1,375,129)		
利率衍生工具合約之影響	Effect of interest rate derivatives	1,118,967	1,958,437	(390,714)	(2,880,624)	—		
利息敏感度差距總額 (經調整)	Total interest sensitivity gap (adjusted)	3,010,568	12,470,522	(2,740,054)	2,392,790	(1,375,129)		

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(d) 利率風險 (續)

資產及負債之利率敏感度 — 重定息率分析 (續)

本行

		一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	不計息 Non-interest bearing 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2009							
資產	Assets							
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	16,758,996	—	—	—	—	1,710,499	18,469,495
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	582,274	8,929,642	1,824,563	—	—	—	11,336,479
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	663,990	926,883	690,598	145,180	351	—	2,427,002
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	104,430	104,430
以公平價值計入損益賬 之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	156,998	622,592	2,757,613	—	—	3,537,203
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	2,708,992	7,873,946	23,749	1,085,176	—	460,702	12,152,565
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	4,446,951	4,887,762	533,831	1,244,296	24,148	—	11,136,988
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable)	43,746,757	8,086,014	144,332	180,968	98,965	1,216,795	53,473,831
附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	—	—	—	—	—	300,163	300,163
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	20,506	33,285	—	—	—	26,307	80,098
投資物業	Investment properties	—	—	—	—	—	2,355,760	2,355,760
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	—	—	—	—	—	246,797	246,797
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	539,460	539,460
總資產	Total assets	68,928,466	30,894,530	3,839,665	5,413,233	123,464	6,960,913	116,160,271
負債	Liabilities							
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	2,722,367	507,672	—	—	—	261,940	3,491,979
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	29,499	4,000	507	—	—	—	34,006
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	567,065	567,065
以公平價值計入損益賬 之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	201,595	200,549	—	—	—	402,144
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	64,413,220	17,611,182	5,947,085	339,560	—	5,591,646	93,902,693
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	745,867	1,235,474	—	—	—	—	1,981,341
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	800,000	700,000	—	—	1,500,000	—	3,000,000
其他賬項及預提 (包括當期稅項及 遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	—	56,787	—	—	—	2,262,703	2,319,490
總負債	Total liabilities	68,710,953	20,316,710	6,148,141	339,560	1,500,000	8,683,354	105,698,718
利息敏感度差距總額 (未經調整)	Total interest sensitivity gap (unadjusted)	217,513	10,577,820	(2,308,476)	5,073,673	(1,376,536)		
利率衍生工具合約之影響	Effect of interest rate derivatives	1,118,967	1,958,437	(390,714)	(2,880,624)	—		
利息敏感度差距總額 (經調整)	Total interest sensitivity gap (adjusted)	1,336,480	12,536,257	(2,699,190)	2,193,049	(1,376,536)		

財務報表註釋

Notes to the Financial Statements

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(d) 利率風險 (續)

資產及負債之利率敏感度 — 重定息率分析 (續)

本集團

		一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	不計息 Non-interest bearing 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2008							
資產	Assets							
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	35,283,685	—	—	—	—	777,235	36,060,920
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	347,205	4,376,012	146,025	—	—	—	4,869,242
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	317,981	592,328	1,358,462	417,575	13,154	110,333	2,809,833
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	40,375	40,375
以公平價值計入損益賬 之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	414,764	199,808	610,072	1,131,674	—	—	2,356,318
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	187,922	385,118	433,240	—	—	533,263	1,539,543
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	2,113,891	2,320,196	108,454	149,968	27,909	—	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項	Advances and other accounts							
(包括可回收稅項及 遞延稅項資產)	(including tax recoverable and deferred tax assets)	37,250,380	4,994,199	477,635	411,085	149,735	1,679,914	44,962,948
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	22,173	37,571	—	—	—	94,156	153,900
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	—	—	—	—	—	5,867	5,867
投資物業	Investment properties	—	—	—	—	—	2,346,550	2,346,550
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	—	—	—	—	—	237,173	237,173
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	489,767	489,767
總資產	Total assets	75,938,001	12,905,232	3,133,888	2,110,302	190,798	6,314,633	100,592,854
負債	Liabilities							
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	641,515	103,491	48,736	—	—	120,742	914,484
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	359,995	234,961	—	515	—	—	595,471
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	197,606	197,606
以公平價值計入損益賬 之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	482,294	521,725	864,586	207,487	—	—	2,076,092
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	57,740,908	18,300,803	2,862,653	48,032	—	3,541,230	82,493,626
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	403,672	617,298	—	—	—	—	1,020,970
其他賬項及預提 (包括當期稅項及 遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	—	—	—	—	—	2,892,710	2,892,710
總負債	Total liabilities	59,628,384	19,778,278	3,775,975	256,034	—	6,752,288	90,190,959
利息敏感度差距總額 (未經調整)	Total interest sensitivity gap (unadjusted)	16,309,617	(6,873,046)	(642,087)	1,854,268	190,798		
利率衍生工具合約之影響	Effect of interest rate derivatives	973,151	(438,108)	536,645	(1,175,996)	—		
利息敏感度差距總額 (經調整)	Total interest sensitivity gap (adjusted)	17,282,768	(7,311,154)	(105,442)	678,272	190,798		

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(d) 利率風險 (續)

資產及負債之利率敏感度－重定息率分析 (續)

本行

		一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	不計息 Non-interest bearing 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年十二月 三十一日	At 31 December 2008							
資產	Assets							
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	35,014,023	—	—	—	—	773,122	35,787,145
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	347,205	4,110,867	386,025	—	—	—	4,844,097
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	317,981	592,328	1,358,462	417,575	13,154	—	2,699,500
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	40,375	40,375
以公平價值計入損益賬 之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	392,330	154,837	551,454	1,106,318	—	—	2,204,939
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	187,922	385,118	433,240	—	—	357,791	1,364,071
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	2,113,891	2,320,196	108,454	149,968	27,909	—	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable)	37,185,592	5,001,143	353,974	222,088	147,921	1,076,770	43,987,488
附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	—	—	—	—	—	300,155	300,155
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	22,173	37,571	—	—	—	26,318	86,062
投資物業	Investment properties	—	—	—	—	—	2,425,050	2,425,050
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	—	—	—	—	—	237,173	237,173
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	410,503	410,503
總資產	Total assets	75,581,117	12,602,060	3,191,609	1,895,949	188,984	5,647,257	99,106,976
負債	Liabilities							
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	691,515	103,491	48,736	—	—	167,770	1,011,512
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	359,995	234,961	—	515	—	—	595,471
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	197,606	197,606
以公平價值計入損益賬 之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	503,253	540,622	864,586	207,487	—	—	2,115,948
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	58,290,894	18,371,170	2,873,679	50,162	—	3,751,627	83,337,532
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	403,672	617,298	—	—	—	—	1,020,970
其他賬項及預提 (包括遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including deferred tax liabilities)	—	—	—	—	—	1,128,134	1,128,134
總負債	Total liabilities	60,249,329	19,867,542	3,787,001	258,164	—	5,245,137	89,407,173
利息敏感度差距總額 (未經調整)	Total interest sensitivity gap (unadjusted)	15,331,788	(7,265,482)	(595,392)	1,637,785	188,984		
利率衍生工具合約之影響	Effect of interest rate derivatives	973,151	(438,108)	536,645	(1,175,996)	—		
利息敏感度差距總額 (經調整)	Total interest sensitivity gap (adjusted)	16,304,939	(7,703,590)	(58,747)	461,789	188,984		

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.2 市場風險 (續)

(d) 利率風險 (續)

下表概述貨幣金融工具中(不以公平價值計入損益賬內)幾種主要貨幣的實際利率：

本集團

		港元 HK\$ %	美元 US\$ %	澳元 A\$ %	紐元 NZ\$ %	其他 Others %	合計 Total %
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2009							
資產	Assets						
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	0.16	0.38	3.71	2.77	0.46	0.74
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	0.29	0.60	—	2.75	1.92	0.67
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	0.98	1.29	4.63	3.40	1.20	2.20
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	0.39	2.24	4.80	3.28	0.81	1.68
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	2.04	2.65	4.18	—	4.37	2.20
負債	Liabilities						
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	0.19	0.30	—	2.75	2.11	0.95
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	0.12	0.18	3.23	2.12	0.46	0.53
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	0.38	0.53	—	—	—	0.43
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	3.94	—	—	—	—	3.94
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日 At 31 December 2008							
資產	Assets						
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	0.99	1.48	4.33	5.36	1.73	2.07
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	1.69	2.22	4.40	5.10	2.48	2.56
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	0.71	1.68	5.06	7.68	0.73	1.74
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	2.72	3.48	5.74	—	4.01	3.00
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	2.66	3.80	7.16	—	6.66	2.80
負債	Liabilities						
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	0.07	0.41	6.45	—	4.65	1.37
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	0.89	1.21	3.99	4.83	1.49	1.40
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	2.59	3.56	—	—	—	3.00

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.3 流動資金風險

流動資金風險乃指本集團未能於金融負債到期日履行其償還責任，或是客戶提取資金後未能補充資金。此可能會引致資金未能應付存戶提取的需求或貸款未能按承諾發放。本集團每天運用可動用的現金資源，以應付來自隔夜存款、活期賬戶、到期存款、貸款支付、與保證書的需求，以及來自保證金及其他現金結算衍生工具的需求。

(a) 流動資金風險管理程序

本集團已定下政策及制度以監察及控制每日流動資金狀況。財資部通過監察未來之現金量以控制本集團每日的資金營運，包括存款到期或客戶借貸之資金補充。本集團活躍於貨幣市場使之能夠實行，並且持有一系列組合之優質流動資產，於遇有緊急資金需要時能即時變現。本集團亦對資產負債表以外之現金流量活動，如貸款承諾、擔保或備用額度之或有負債作出監察作為流動資金風險管理程序的一部份。財資部亦會經常檢查流動資金來源，以維持貨幣、地域、提供者，產品及條款都能多樣化。

本集團有制定流動資金比率、貸存比率及到期錯配金額之限額，以確保本集團有能力應付其資金需求。所有限額均由管理委員會核准。實際風險水平與核定限額之比較和監察，則由資產負債管理委員會執行。本集團亦定期對在正常業務運作、機構特殊危機及一般市場危機情況下作出壓力狀況分析。流動資金管理程序須定期向管理委員會及董事會報告。

(b) 到期分析

下頁表格按資產負債表日至合約到期日餘下期間分析本集團之資產與負債。分析內之保險負債乃根據於資產負債表日已確認之保險負債估計淨現金流出日分類。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group is unable to meet its payment obligations associated with its financial liabilities when they fall due and to replace funds when they are withdrawn. The consequence may be the failure to meet obligations to repay depositors and fulfill commitments to lend. The Group is exposed to daily calls on its available cash resources from overnight deposits, current accounts, matured deposits, loan draw-downs and guarantees, and from margin and other calls on cash-settled derivatives.

(a) Liquidity risk management process

The Group has established policies and systems to monitor and control its liquidity position on a daily basis. The Treasury Department manages the Group's day-to-day funding by monitoring future cash flows to ensure that requirements can be met. This includes replenishment of funds as they mature or are borrowed by customers. The Group maintains an active presence in money markets to enable this to happen and a portfolio of high quality liquid assets that can easily be liquidated to meet emergency funding needs. The Group also monitors the off-balance sheet cash flow activities, such as loan commitments, contingent liabilities under guarantees and standby facilities received, as part of its liquidity risk management process. Sources of liquidity are regularly reviewed by the Treasury Department to maintain diversification in currency, geography, provider, product and term.

Limits for liquidity ratio, loan-to-deposit ratio and maturity mismatch amount have been set to ensure that the Group is able to meet its funding requirements. All limits are approved by the Management Committee. Actual positions are compared with the approved limits and monitored by the Asset and Liability Management Committee. Stress scenario analysis for normal business conditions, an institution-specific crisis and a general market crisis are also conducted on a regular basis to assess the liquidity risk of the Group. The liquidity management process is regularly reported to the Management Committee and the Board of Directors.

(b) Maturity analysis

The tables on the following pages analyse the Group's assets and liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the balance sheet date to the contractual maturity date. The analysis in respect of insurance liabilities is based on the estimated timing of net cash outflows resulting from recognised insurance liabilities at balance sheet date.

財務報表註釋
Notes to the Financial Statements

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

2.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) 到期分析 (續)

(b) Maturity analysis (Continued)

本集團

The Group

		即時償還 Repayable on demand 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無註明日期 Undated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009								
資產	Assets								
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	2,372,191	16,286,303	—	—	—	—	69,599	18,728,093
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	—	138,403	8,808,392	1,792,238	282,446	—	—	11,021,479
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	—	663,991	826,071	690,598	245,991	351	25,781	2,452,783
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	—	116,965	116,965
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	—	158,960	665,516	2,761,322	25,524	—	3,611,322
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	—	—	—	1,883,014	9,730,493	78,356	640,415	12,332,278
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	—	2,184,703	3,224,146	2,140,156	3,466,898	121,085	—	11,136,988
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項及 遞延稅項資產)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable and deferred tax assets)	1,293,338	959,412	2,776,782	8,736,398	24,662,958	15,578,196	567,952	54,575,036
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	—	—	7	—	53,791	—	127,821	181,619
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	—	—	—	—	—	—	4,936	4,936
投資物業	Investment properties	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,275,960	2,275,960
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	—	—	—	—	—	—	246,797	246,797
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	—	625,667	625,667
總資產	Total assets	3,665,529	20,232,812	15,794,358	15,907,920	41,203,899	15,803,512	4,701,893	117,309,923
負債	Liabilities								
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	227,682	2,663,186	170,360	337,312	—	—	—	3,398,540
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	—	29,499	4,000	507	—	—	—	34,006
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	—	568,606	568,606
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	—	201,595	200,549	—	—	—	402,144
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	36,043,388	32,435,119	17,607,211	5,877,197	338,512	—	—	92,301,427
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	—	109,996	119,988	1,651,357	100,000	—	—	1,981,341
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	—	—	—	—	—	3,000,000	—	3,000,000
其他賬項及預提 (包括當期稅項及 遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	422,779	1,231,669	636,391	468,115	742,378	414,821	303,926	4,220,079
總負債	Total liabilities	36,693,849	36,469,469	18,739,545	8,535,037	1,180,890	3,414,821	872,532	105,906,143
流動資金差距淨額	Net liquidity gap	(33,028,320)	(16,236,657)	(2,945,187)	7,372,883	40,023,009	12,388,691	3,829,361	11,403,780

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

(b) 到期分析 (續)

本行

		即時償還 Repayable on demand 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無註明日期 Undated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009								
資產	Assets								
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	2,361,811	16,038,085	—	—	—	—	69,599	18,469,495
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	—	138,403	8,893,392	2,022,238	282,446	—	—	11,336,479
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	—	663,991	826,071	690,598	245,991	351	—	2,427,002
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	—	104,430	104,430
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	—	156,998	622,592	2,757,613	—	—	3,537,203
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	—	—	—	1,883,014	9,730,493	78,356	460,702	12,152,565
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	—	2,184,703	3,224,146	2,140,156	3,466,898	121,085	—	11,136,988
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable)	1,312,499	539,617	2,702,392	8,455,818	24,399,000	15,572,712	491,793	53,473,831
附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	—	—	—	—	—	—	300,163	300,163
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	—	—	7	—	53,791	—	26,300	80,098
投資物業	Investment properties	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,355,760	2,355,760
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	—	—	—	—	—	—	246,797	246,797
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	—	539,460	539,460
總資產	Total assets	3,674,310	19,564,799	15,803,006	15,814,416	40,936,232	15,772,504	4,595,004	116,160,271
負債	Liabilities								
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	271,121	2,713,186	170,360	337,312	—	—	—	3,491,979
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	—	29,499	4,000	507	—	—	—	34,006
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	—	567,065	567,065
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	—	201,595	200,549	—	—	—	402,144
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	36,359,348	33,645,518	17,611,182	5,947,085	339,560	—	—	93,902,693
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	—	109,996	119,988	1,651,357	100,000	—	—	1,981,341
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	—	—	—	—	—	3,000,000	—	3,000,000
其他賬項及預提 (包括當期稅項及 遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	372,474	874,389	567,956	69,441	2,417	413,459	19,354	2,319,490
總負債	Total liabilities	37,002,943	37,372,588	18,675,081	8,206,251	441,977	3,413,459	586,419	105,698,718
流動資金差距淨額	Net liquidity gap	(33,328,633)	(17,807,789)	(2,872,075)	7,608,165	40,494,255	12,359,045	4,008,585	10,461,553

財務報表註釋
Notes to the Financial Statements

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

2.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) 到期分析 (續)

(b) Maturity analysis (Continued)

本集團

The Group

		即時償還 Repayable on demand 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無註明日期 Undated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008								
資產	Assets								
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	1,543,584	34,499,774	—	—	—	—	17,562	36,060,920
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	—	—	4,319,154	149,025	401,063	—	—	4,869,242
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	—	317,981	518,314	1,358,462	491,589	13,154	110,333	2,809,833
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	—	40,375	40,375
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	392,330	172,105	612,263	1,159,497	20,123	—	2,356,318
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	—	—	—	724,028	196,974	85,278	533,263	1,539,543
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	—	1,986,912	1,788,778	569,566	244,878	130,284	—	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項及 遞延稅項資產)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable and deferred tax assets)	1,363,872	1,222,967	2,079,796	5,338,284	19,656,366	14,689,521	612,142	44,962,948
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	—	2	16	5,953	53,791	—	94,138	153,900
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates	—	—	—	—	—	—	5,867	5,867
投資物業	Investment properties	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,346,550	2,346,550
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	—	—	—	—	—	—	237,173	237,173
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	—	489,767	489,767
總資產	Total assets	2,907,456	38,419,966	8,878,163	8,757,581	22,204,158	14,938,360	4,487,170	100,592,854
負債	Liabilities								
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	124,957	637,300	46,794	105,433	—	—	—	914,484
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	—	359,995	234,961	—	515	—	—	595,471
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	—	197,606	197,606
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	—	300,100	1,213,449	562,543	—	—	2,076,092
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	24,490,668	36,791,470	18,300,803	2,862,653	48,032	—	—	82,493,626
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	—	—	347,413	343,677	329,880	—	—	1,020,970
其他賬項及預提 (包括當期稅項及 遞延稅項負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including current taxation and deferred tax liabilities)	360,498	402,983	281,548	606,351	670,674	276,363	294,293	2,892,710
總負債	Total liabilities	24,976,123	38,191,748	19,511,619	5,131,563	1,611,644	276,363	491,899	90,190,959
流動資金差距淨額	Net liquidity gap	(22,068,667)	228,218	(10,633,456)	3,626,018	20,592,514	14,661,997	3,995,271	10,401,895

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

(b) 到期分析 (續)

本行

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) Maturity analysis (Continued)

The Bank

		即時償還 Repayable on demand 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上至 五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無註明日期 Undated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008								
資產	Assets								
庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	1,539,465	34,230,118	—	—	—	—	17,562	35,787,145
同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	—	—	4,054,009	389,025	401,063	—	—	4,844,097
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	—	317,981	518,314	1,358,462	491,589	13,154	—	2,699,500
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	—	40,375	40,375
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	392,330	154,837	551,454	1,106,318	—	—	2,204,939
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	—	—	—	724,028	196,974	85,278	357,791	1,364,071
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	—	1,986,912	1,788,778	569,566	244,878	130,284	—	4,720,418
貸款及其他賬項 (包括可回收稅項)	Advances and other accounts (including tax recoverable)	1,335,334	1,089,761	1,994,562	5,034,673	19,423,600	14,600,308	509,250	43,987,488
附屬公司權益	Interests in subsidiaries	—	—	—	—	—	—	300,155	300,155
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities	—	2	16	5,953	53,791	—	26,300	86,062
投資物業	Investment properties	—	—	—	—	—	—	2,425,050	2,425,050
租賃土地權益	Interests in leasehold land	—	—	—	—	—	—	237,173	237,173
其他物業及設備	Other properties and equipment	—	—	—	—	—	—	410,503	410,503
總資產	Total assets	2,874,799	38,017,104	8,510,516	8,633,161	21,918,213	14,829,024	4,324,159	99,106,976
負債	Liabilities								
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	171,985	687,300	46,794	105,433	—	—	—	1,011,512
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	—	359,995	234,961	—	515	—	—	595,471
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	—	—	—	—	—	197,606	197,606
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	—	300,100	1,233,966	581,882	—	—	2,115,948
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	24,995,399	37,047,122	18,371,170	2,873,679	50,162	—	—	83,337,532
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	—	—	347,413	343,677	329,880	—	—	1,020,970
其他賬項及預提 (包括遞延稅項 負債)	Other accounts and accruals (including deferred tax liabilities)	168,997	261,860	184,659	222,824	973	274,537	14,284	1,128,134
總負債	Total liabilities	25,336,381	38,356,277	19,485,097	4,779,579	963,412	274,537	211,890	89,407,173
流動資金差距淨額	Net liquidity gap	(22,461,582)	(339,173)	(10,974,581)	3,853,582	20,954,801	14,554,487	4,112,269	9,699,803

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

(b) 到期分析 (續)

資產與負債的到期日和利率的相配和受控下的錯配對本集團的管理層至關重要。由於所敘做的業務期限經常不確定，且類型也不盡相同，因此要做到完全相配情況並不普遍。不相配的情況既可能提高盈利能力，也可能增加虧損風險。

資產與負債的到期日相配和以可接受的成本取代到期計息負債的能力，是評估本集團流動資金狀況及其利率和外匯變動風險的重要因素。

應付保證書和信用證項下所需款項的流動資金需求遠少於承諾的金額，因為本集團一般不預期第三者會根據該等協議動用有關資金。由於很多信貸承諾在毋須動用資金下已告屆滿或終止，因此提供信貸承擔的尚未償付合同總金額未必等同日後的現金需求。

(c) 合約到期日之未折現現金流量

下頁表格分析本集團於資產負債表日至合約到期日的非衍生金融負債和衍生金融負債按剩餘到期日的現金流出金額，而保險負債則按淨現金流出的估計日期分類。鑑於本集團乃根據預測的未經折現現金流量來管理內在流動資金風險，在表格內所披露之數據為協定之未經折現的現金流量。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

(b) Maturity analysis (Continued)

The matching and controlled mismatching of the maturities and interest rates of assets and liabilities are fundamental to the management of the Group. It is unusual for banks to be completely matched, as transacted business is often of uncertain term and of different types. An unmatched position potentially enhances profitability, but also increases the risk of losses.

The maturities of assets and liabilities and the ability to replace, at an acceptable cost, interest-bearing liabilities as they mature are important factors in assessing the liquidity of the Group and its exposure to changes in interest rates and currency risks.

Liquidity requirements to support calls under guarantees and standby letters of credit are considerably less than the amount of the commitment because the Group does not generally expect the third party to draw funds under the agreement. The total outstanding contractual amount of commitments to extend credit does not necessarily represent future cash requirements, as many of these commitments will expire or terminate without being funded.

(c) Undiscounted cash flows by contractual maturities

The tables on the following pages analyse the cash flow payable by the Group in respect of non-derivative financial liabilities and derivative financial instruments by remaining contractual maturities, and by estimated timing of net cash outflow for insurance liabilities at the balance sheet date. The amounts disclosed in the tables are the contractual undiscounted cash flows, whereas the Group manages the inherent liquidity risk based on expected undiscounted cash flows.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

2.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

(c) 合約到期日之未折現現金流量
(續)

(c) Undiscounted cash flows by contractual maturities (Continued)

本集團

The Group

		即時償還 Repayable on demand 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無註明日期 Undated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009								
非衍生現金流量負債	Non-derivative cash flow liabilities								
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	36,045,385	32,493,961	17,651,517	5,925,129	345,401	—	—	92,461,393
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	227,682	2,664,125	171,064	341,364	—	—	—	3,404,235
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	—	29,500	4,006	506	—	—	—	34,012
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	680	202,255	200,680	—	—	—	403,615
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	—	110,755	121,397	1,654,892	100,088	—	—	1,987,132
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	—	4,454	25,082	88,609	472,578	3,753,562	—	4,344,285
其他負債	Other liabilities	420,815	1,199,217	606,811	443,173	740,810	414,821	303,926	4,129,573
衍生現金流量 衍生金融工具	Derivative cash flow Derivative financial instruments	—	6,846,018	4,798,866	117,252	35,842	—	—	11,797,978
		36,693,882	43,348,710	23,580,998	8,771,605	1,694,719	4,168,383	303,926	118,562,223
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008								
非衍生現金流量負債	Non-derivative cash flow liabilities								
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	24,493,347	36,904,509	18,396,558	2,903,053	51,470	—	—	82,748,937
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	124,957	637,812	47,920	108,512	—	—	—	919,201
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	—	360,000	235,006	6	512	—	—	595,524
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	3,224	313,465	1,241,082	562,178	—	—	2,119,949
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	—	4,133	351,015	356,686	335,817	—	—	1,047,651
其他負債	Other liabilities	357,818	307,028	222,966	589,803	669,706	276,363	294,293	2,717,977
衍生現金流量 衍生金融工具	Derivative cash flow Derivative financial instruments	—	562,082	158,867	45,117	24,306	—	—	790,372
		24,976,122	38,778,788	19,725,797	5,244,259	1,643,989	276,363	294,293	90,939,611

財務報表註釋
Notes to the Financial Statements

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

2.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

(c) 合約到期日之未折現現金流量
(續)

(c) Undiscounted cash flows by contractual maturities (Continued)

本行

The Bank

		即時償還 Repayable on demand 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月 或以下 Up to 1 month 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一個月以上 至三個月 1-3 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	三個月以上 至一年 3-12 months 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無註明日期 Undated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009								
非衍生現金流量負債	Non-derivative cash flow liabilities								
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	36,361,345	33,716,461	17,655,519	5,995,812	346,452	—	—	94,075,589
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	271,121	2,714,126	171,064	341,364	—	—	—	3,497,675
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	—	29,500	4,006	506	—	—	—	34,012
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	680	202,255	200,680	—	—	—	403,615
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	—	110,755	121,397	1,654,892	100,088	—	—	1,987,132
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	—	4,454	25,082	88,609	472,578	3,753,562	—	4,344,285
其他負債	Other liabilities	370,510	830,758	538,350	44,464	849	413,459	19,354	2,217,744
衍生現金流量	Derivative cash flow								
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	6,846,018	4,798,866	117,252	35,842	—	—	11,797,978
		37,002,976	44,252,752	23,516,539	8,443,579	955,809	4,167,021	19,354	118,358,030
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008								
非衍生現金流量負債	Non-derivative cash flow liabilities								
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	24,998,078	37,160,629	18,467,160	2,914,321	53,657	—	—	83,593,845
同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	171,985	687,812	47,920	108,512	—	—	—	1,016,229
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	—	360,000	235,006	6	512	—	—	595,524
以公平價值計入 損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	3,350	313,596	1,262,424	581,858	—	—	2,161,228
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	—	4,133	351,015	356,686	335,817	—	—	1,047,651
其他負債	Other liabilities	166,318	165,474	126,005	206,152	—	274,537	14,284	952,770
衍生現金流量	Derivative cash flow								
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	562,082	158,867	45,117	24,306	—	—	790,372
		25,336,381	38,943,480	19,699,569	4,893,218	996,150	274,537	14,284	90,157,619

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

(d) 資產負債表以外項目

本集團

		一年或以下 Not later than 1 year 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009				
放款承擔	Loan commitments	17,639,248	—	—	17,639,248
擔保書及其他金融 額度	Guarantees and other financial facilities				
— 擔保書及備用 信用狀	— Guarantees and standby letters of credit	679,349	—	—	679,349
— 信用狀	— Documentary and commercial letters of credit	1,058,349	—	—	1,058,349
營業租約承擔	Operating lease commitments	27,218	51,649	—	78,867
資本承擔	Capital commitments	6,012	—	—	6,012
合計	Total	19,410,176	51,649	—	19,461,825

		一年或以下 Not later than 1 year 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008				
放款承擔	Loan commitments	13,503,060	—	—	13,503,060
擔保書及其他金融 額度	Guarantees and other financial facilities				
— 擔保書及備用 信用狀	— Guarantees and standby letters of credit	409,492	—	—	409,492
— 信用狀	— Documentary and commercial letters of credit	121,539	—	—	121,539
營業租約承擔	Operating lease commitments	25,655	44,380	7,590	77,625
資本承擔	Capital commitments	45,127	—	—	45,127
合計	Total	14,104,873	44,380	7,590	14,156,843

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.3 流動資金風險 (續)

(d) 資產負債表以外項目 (續)

本行

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.3 Liquidity risk (Continued)

(d) Off-balance sheet items (Continued)

The Bank

		一年或以下 Not later than 1 year 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009				
放款承擔	Loan commitments	17,720,861	—	—	17,720,861
擔保書及其他金融 額度	Guarantees and other financial facilities				
— 擔保書及備用 信用狀	— Guarantees and standby letters of credit	750,994	—	—	750,994
— 信用狀	— Documentary and commercial letters of credit	1,058,349	—	—	1,058,349
營業租約承擔	Operating lease commitments	23,671	49,896	—	73,567
資本承擔	Capital commitments	5,378	—	—	5,378
合計	Total	19,559,253	49,896	—	19,609,149

		一年或以下 Not later than 1 year 港幣千元 HK\$'000	一年以上 至五年 1-5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	五年以上 Over 5 years 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008				
放款承擔	Loan commitments	13,587,833	—	—	13,587,833
擔保書及其他金融 額度	Guarantees and other financial facilities				
— 擔保書及備用 信用狀	— Guarantees and standby letters of credit	476,137	—	—	476,137
— 信用狀	— Documentary and commercial letters of credit	121,539	—	—	121,539
營業租約承擔	Operating lease commitments	24,388	44,380	7,590	76,358
資本承擔	Capital commitments	42,991	—	—	42,991
合計	Total	14,252,888	44,380	7,590	14,304,858

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.4 營運風險管理

營運風險指因內部程序不完善或失效、人為過失、系統故障或由外來事故引致損失的風險。

本集團訂立營運風險管理架構以識別、量度、監控及控制營運風險。由管理委員會核准之營運風險管理政策，已界定各委員會、業務單位及支援部門的職責，以多樣工具包括自我控制評估、危機事項管理及以主要風險指標來促進對營運風險的量度及評估。本集團亦依靠各營業單位的內部監控機制，加上內部審核環節管理及控制營運風險。

本集團之內部監控系統乃由建立完善之組織架構、詳盡的政策及標準所組成。董事會所期望之職能、責任及誠信已清楚地列明於政策文件上。每個業務及操作單位的權限及責任亦清楚列明，確保有足夠之查核及平衡。內部監控機制程序包括風險評估、職能分工、使用權限、培訓及定期核實以及核對交易及賬戶之資料。

風險評估範圍亦包括外判、新產品及新系統之履行。持續業務計劃之訂立，減低系統故障或自然災害對業務運作之影響及干擾。此外，本集團已購有足夠的保險以覆蓋合理程度的營運風險。

風險管理委員會負責定期對營運風險情況進行檢討，本集團之內部稽核功能在營運風險架構裏亦十分重要。透過對所有業務及操作功能的定期及深入的審核，為董事會提供客觀證據，確保穩健內部監控系統的維持及操作已依從既定的程序及準則。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.4 Operational risk management

Operational risk is the risk of loss resulting from inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems, or from external events.

The Group has established an operational risk management framework to identify, measure, monitor and control operational risk. The Operational Risk Management Policy, approved by the Management Committee, defines responsibilities of various committees, business units and supporting departments and encompasses various tools including control self-assessment, risk event management and key risk indicators to facilitate measurement and assessment of operational risk. The Group also relies on internal control mechanisms within the business lines, supplemented by the internal audit function to manage and control operational risk.

The internal control system of the Group comprises a well-established organisational structure and comprehensive policies and standards. The Board's expectations regarding duty, responsibility and integrity are clearly spelled out in formal policy statements. The lines of authority and responsibilities of each business and operational unit have been clearly defined to ensure adequate checks and balances. Procedures including risk assessments, segregation of duties, use of limits, training and regular verification and reconciliation of transactions and accounts are used in the internal control mechanism.

Risk assessment will be conducted on the outsourcing services, new products and new systems implementation. Business continuity plans are in place to mitigate the impact and interruptions to business activities caused by system failure or natural disaster. Adequate insurance is taken out to cover a reasonable extent of operational risk.

The Risk Management Committee is responsible for regular review of the operational risk profile and the Group's internal audit function plays an important role in the Group's operational risk framework. It provides an objective assurance to the Board that a sound internal control system is maintained and operated in compliance with the established processes and standards through regular and comprehensive audits on all business and operational functions.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.5 金融資產及負債之公平價值

在市場上交易活躍的金融工具(如公開買賣之衍生工具與持作買賣用途及可供出售之證券)，其公平價值乃根據結算當日市場價格而計算。本集團持有之金融資產以市場買價為市值報價；而金融負債則以市場賣價作為合適之市值報價。

未有在活躍市場上交易的金融工具(如通過櫃台交易之衍生工具)，其公平價值乃透過估值決定。本集團根據於結算當日存在之市場情況，採用各種方法作出估計。其他技術如估計現金流量折算法，則用以釐定其餘金融工具的公平價值。利率掉期之公平價值則以預計未來現金流量之現值計算。外匯遠期合約則按結算日之市場外幣遠期兌換率釐定。

未於本集團資產負債表內按公平價值呈列之金融資產及負債之公平價值估計如下：

(a) 同業存放及貸款

存放同業的浮息存款和隔夜錢存款的公平價值即其賬面值。固定利率存款(存款期通常少於一年)的估計公平價值，是基於貼現現金流量按具同類信貸風險和剩餘到期日債務的通行貨幣市場利率計算。因此，公平價值約等於其賬面值。

(b) 貸款及其他賬項

貸款及其他賬項在扣除減值撥備後列賬。除小部份外，絕大部份客戶貸款均以浮動利率計息。本集團計算客戶貸款及商業票據之公平價值時已考慮相關之市場利率，並注意到公平價值總額與賬面值總額並無重大差別。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The fair value of financial instruments traded in an active market (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the balance sheet date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price; the appropriate quoted market price for financial liabilities is the current ask price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each balance sheet date. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. The fair value of interest-rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows. The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange market rates at the balance sheet date.

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities not presented at fair value in the Group's balance sheet are estimated as follows:

(a) Balances, placement with and loans and advances to banks

The fair value of floating rate placements and overnight deposits is their carrying amounts. The estimated fair value of fixed interest bearing deposits, which is normally less than one year, is based on discounted cash flows using prevailing money-market interest rates for debts with similar credit risk and remaining maturity. Therefore the fair value is approximately equal to its carrying value.

(b) Advances and other accounts

Advances and other accounts are net of allowances for impairment. All except a very insignificant portion of loans and advances to customers bear interest at a floating rate. The Group has assessed the fair value of advances to customers and trade bills, after taking into account the relevant market interest rates and noted that the total fair value is not materially different from the total carrying value.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.5 金融資產及負債之公平價值 (續)

(c) 同業存款及客戶存款

同業存款及客戶存款(未註明到期日,包括不帶有利息之存款)的估計公平價值為即時償還的金額。該等浮息結餘的公平價值即其賬面值。

定息同業存款及客戶存款而無市場報價,其估計公平價值是基於貼現現金流量按具同類剩餘到期日的新債務利率計算。由於該等結餘期限通常少於一年,因此,其公平價值約等於其賬面值。

(d) 發行之存款證及後償債項

發行之存款證及後償債項公平價值乃根據市場上公開報價。若未能得到公開報價,以類似其尚餘年期之近期交易所用的息率以貼現現金模式計算其公平價值。本集團計算發行之存款證及後償債項之公平價值時已考慮相關之市場利率,並注意到公平價值總額與賬面值總額並無重大差別。

(e) 其他賬項及預提

其他賬項及預提一般為不帶有利息之結餘,因此,其公平價值為其賬面值。

除上述資產負債表項目外,下表概述未於本集團資產負債表內按公平價值呈列的有關金融資產和負債的賬面值和概約公平價值。

本集團及本行

金融資產
持至到期證券

Financial assets
Held-to-maturity securities

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

(c) Deposits and balances from banks and customers

The estimated fair value of deposits and balances with no stated maturity, which include non-interest bearing deposits, is the amount repayable on demand. The fair value of those balances bearing interest at a floating rate is their carrying value.

The estimated fair value of fixed interest-bearing deposits from banks and deposits from customers without quoted market price is based on discounted cash flows using interest rates for new debts with similar remaining maturity. As they are normally less than one year, their fair values are approximately equal to their carrying values.

(d) Certificates of deposit and subordinated debt issued

The fair value of certificates of deposit and subordinated debt issued is based on quoted market prices. For those where quoted market prices are not available, a discounted cash flow model is used based on a current yield curve appropriate for the remaining term to maturity. The Group has assessed the fair value of certificates of deposit and subordinated debt after taking into account the relevant yield curve and noted that the total fair value is not materially different from the total carrying value.

(e) Other accounts and accruals

The estimated fair value of other accounts and accruals, which are normally non-interest bearing balances, is their carrying value.

Except for the above balance sheet items, the following table summarises the carrying amounts and fair values of other financial assets and liabilities not presented on the Group's balance sheet at their fair value.

The Group and the Bank

		賬面值 Carrying value		公平價值 Fair value	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
金融資產	Financial assets				
持至到期證券	Held-to-maturity securities	11,136,988	4,720,418	11,170,002	4,720,314

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.5 金融資產及負債之公平價值 (續)

香港財務報告準則第7號規定了估值方法的層級制度是根據估價方法之投入數據是可觀察到或無法觀察到。可觀察的投入數據反映市場資訊從獨立的來源獲得；不可觀察的投入數據反映了本集團對市場的預期。這兩種投入數據產生了下列公平價值的層級：

- 第1層－參考同一工具於活躍市場取得的市場報價（未經調整）。
- 第2層－根據可觀察的直接（如報價）或間接（如由報價所推算）投入數據之估值模式。此層次估值的工具包括以下方式：就相若工具在活躍市場所取得的市場報價；就同一或相若工具在非活躍市場取得的市場報價；或其他估值模式，而該等估值模式所用的投入數據，是可直接或間接從市場觀察所得的數據。
- 第3層－根據重要但非可觀察得到的投入數據之估值模式。此層次估值的工具，其估值模式所投入之數據並非根據可觀察的數據，惟該等非可觀察的數據可以對估值產生重大影響。此層次估值的工具，也包括在活躍市場所取得的相若金融工具之市場報價，惟當中需要作出重要的非可觀察之調整或假設，以反映不同金融工具之間的差別。

這層次制度須應用到可觀察的市場數據。本集團在許可的情況下考慮有關及可觀察的市場價格用於其估值上。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

HKFRS 7 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based on whether the inputs to those valuation techniques are observable or unobservable. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources; unobservable inputs reflect the Group's market assumptions. These two types of inputs have created the following fair value hierarchy:

- Level 1 – Quoted market price (unadjusted) in an active market for an identical instrument.
- Level 2 – Valuation techniques based on observable inputs, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices). This category includes instruments valued using: quoted market prices in active markets for similar instruments; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are considered less than active; or other valuation techniques where all significant inputs are directly or indirectly observable from market data.
- Level 3 – Valuation techniques using significant unobservable inputs. This category includes all instruments where the valuation technique includes inputs not based on observable data and the unobservable inputs have a significant effect on the instrument's valuation. This category includes instruments that are valued based on quoted prices for similar instruments where significant unobservable adjustments or assumptions are required to reflect differences between the instruments.

This hierarchy requires the use of observable market data when available. The Group considers relevant and observable market prices in its valuations where possible.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.5 金融資產及負債之公平價值 (續)

下列表格對期末以公平價值計量的金融工具 (按其身處公平價值的層次) 作出分析：

本集團

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

The table below analyses financial instruments, measured at fair value at the end of the reporting period, by the level in the fair value hierarchy into which the fair value treatment is categorised:

The Group

		第一層 Level 1 港幣千元 HK\$'000	第二層 Level 2 港幣千元 HK\$'000	第三層 Level 3 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009				
資產	Assets				
持作買賣用途 之證券：	Trading securities:				
－ 債務證券	－ Debt securities	2,426,043	959	—	2,427,002
－ 股權證券及股權 投資基金	－ Equity securities and investment fund	25,781	—	—	25,781
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	76,144	40,821	116,965
以公平價值誌入 損益賬之 金融資產：	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:				
－ 債務證券	－ Debt securities	3,534,561	—	76,761	3,611,322
可供出售之證券：	Available-for-sale securities:				
－ 債務證券	－ Debt securities	8,316,196	3,375,667	—	11,691,863
－ 股權證券及股權 投資基金	－ Equity securities and investment fund	321,823	39,267	279,325	640,415
		14,624,404	3,492,037	396,907	18,513,348
負債	Liabilities				
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	34,006	—	—	34,006
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	84,850	483,756	568,606
以公平價值誌入 損益賬之 金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	402,144	—	402,144
		34,006	486,994	483,756	1,004,756

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.5 金融資產及負債之公平價值 (續)

本行

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

The Bank

		第一層 Level 1 港幣千元 HK\$'000	第二層 Level 2 港幣千元 HK\$'000	第三層 Level 3 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009				
資產	Assets				
持作買賣用途 之證券：	Trading securities:				
－ 債務證券	－ Debt securities	2,426,043	959	—	2,427,002
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	63,609	40,821	104,430
以公平價值誌入 損益賬之 金融資產：	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss:				
－ 債務證券	－ Debt securities	3,507,419	—	29,784	3,537,203
可供出售之證券：	Available-for-sale securities:				
－ 債務證券	－ Debt securities	8,316,196	3,375,667	—	11,691,863
－ 股權證券及股權 投資基金	－ Equity securities and investment fund	154,280	39,267	267,155	460,702
		14,403,938	3,479,502	337,760	18,221,200
負債	Liabilities				
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	34,006	—	—	34,006
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	—	83,309	483,756	567,065
以公平價值誌入 損益賬之 金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	402,144	—	402,144
		34,006	485,453	483,756	1,003,215

本年度內，根據第1層及第2層的分層方法釐定公平價值之金融工具，兩者之間並無重大的轉移。

During the year there were no significant transfers between instruments in Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.5 金融資產及負債之公平價值 (續)

第三層公平價值計量的結餘於年內之變動如下：

本集團

		資 產 Assets				負 債 Liabilities		
		以公平價值誌 入損益賬之 金融資產 – 債務證券 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss – Debt securities		可供出售 之證券 – 股權證券 Available- for-sale securities – Equity securities		以公平價值誌 入損益賬之 金融負債 – 債務證券 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss – Debt securities		
		衍生 金融工具 Derivative financial instruments 港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000	衍生 金融工具 Derivative financial instruments 港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	總額 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年 一月一日		At 1 January 2009	523	389,719	256,204	646,446	(148,103)	(703,920)
收益／(虧損) 總額		Total gains/(losses)						
確認於		recognised in						
－ 損益		– Profit or loss	40,298	19,583	–	59,881	(335,653)	(980)
－ 其他全面收益		– Other comprehensive income	–	–	453	453	–	–
購買		Purchases	–	–	22,668	22,668	–	–
發行		Issues	–	–	–	–	(452,000)	(452,000)
償還		Settlements	–	(332,541)	–	(332,541)	–	1,156,900
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日		At 31 December 2009	40,821	76,761	279,325	396,907	(483,756)	–
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日 所持有的資產／ 負債，其包括在是 年度損益內之 收益／(虧損) 總額		Total gains/(losses) for the year included in profit or loss for assets/ liabilities held at 31 December 2009	40,821	(2,198)	–	38,623	(403,388)	–
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日 所持有的資產， 其包括在是年度 其他全面收益內之 收益總額		Total gains for the year included in other comprehensive income for assets held at 31 December 2009	–	–	453	453	–	–

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

The movement during the year in the balance of Level 3 fair value measurements is as follows:

The Group

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.5 金融資產及負債之公平價值 (續)

2.5 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities (Continued)

本行

The Bank

		資產 Assets				負債 Liabilities			
		以公平價值誌 入損益賬之 金融資產 – 債務證券 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss – Debt securities				以公平價值誌 入損益賬之 金融負債 – 債務證券 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss – Debt securities			
		衍生 金融工具 Derivative financial instruments	港幣千元 HK\$'000	可供出售 之證券 – 股權證券 Available- for-sale securities – Equity securities	總額 Total	衍生 金融工具 Derivative financial instruments	港幣千元 HK\$'000	總額 Total	
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	
於二〇〇九年 一月一日	At 1 January 2009	523	259,716	243,277	503,516	(148,103)	(743,776)	(891,879)	
收益／(虧損) 總額	Total gains/(losses)								
確認於 － 損益	recognised in – Profit or loss	40,298	2,573	–	42,871	(335,653)	(984)	(336,637)	
－ 其他全面收益	– Other comprehensive income	–	–	1,210	1,210	–	–	–	
購買	Purchases	–	–	22,668	22,668	–	–	–	
發行	Issues	–	–	–	–	–	(452,000)	(452,000)	
償還	Settlements	–	(232,505)	–	(232,505)	–	1,196,760	1,196,760	
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	40,821	29,784	267,155	337,760	(483,756)	–	(483,756)	
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日 所持有的資產／ 負債，其包括在是 年度損益內之 收益／(虧損) 總額	Total gains/(losses) for the year included in profit or loss for assets/ liabilities held at 31 December 2009	40,821	2,749	–	43,570	(403,388)	–	(403,388)	
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日 所持有的資產， 其包括在是年度 其他全面收益內之 收益總額	Total gains for the year included in other comprehensive income for assets held at 31 December 2009	–	–	1,210	1,210	–	–		

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.5 金融資產及負債之公平價值 (續)

重大不可觀察假設出現變動對合理可行替代假設的影響

金融工具的公平價值於若干情況下採用估值模型計量，該等模型依據的假設，並無相同工具的可觀察現行市場交易價格支持，亦不是以可觀察市場數據為基礎。下表列示在公平價值上下波幅10%下，公平價值對於合理可行替代假設的敏感度分析。

本集團

		收益／(虧損)的影響 Effect on profit/(loss)		其他全面收益的影響 Effect on other comprehensive income	
		有利變動 Favourable	不利變動 Unfavourable	有利變動 Favourable	不利變動 Unfavourable
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009				
資產	Assets				
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	4,082	(4,082)	—	—
以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	7,676	(7,676)	—	—
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	—	—	27,933	(27,933)
		11,758	(11,758)	27,933	(27,933)
負債	Liabilities				
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	48,376	(48,376)	—	—

本行

The Bank

		收益／(虧損)的影響 Effect on profit/(loss)		其他全面收益的影響 Effect on other comprehensive income	
		有利變動 Favourable	不利變動 Unfavourable	有利變動 Favourable	不利變動 Unfavourable
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009				
資產	Assets				
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	4,082	(4,082)	—	—
以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	2,978	(2,978)	—	—
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities	—	—	26,715	(26,715)
		7,060	(7,060)	26,715	(26,715)
負債	Liabilities				
衍生金融工具	Derivative financial instruments	48,376	(48,376)	—	—

2 金融風險管理 (續)

2.6 資本管理

本集團對資本管理之目的如下：

- 遵從香港《銀行業條例》當中《銀行業（資本）規則》的資本要求；
- 保證本集團之持續營運能力可以持續提供股東之回報及其他外在關係者之利益；
- 維持本集團之穩定及發展；及
- 維持強大資本基礎以支持業務發展。

香港《銀行業條例》要求各銀行或銀行集團維持法定資本對風險比重資產的比率（資本充足比率）不少於8%。本集團之附屬公司亦需符合其他法定機構如證券及期貨事務監察委員會和保險業監理處之法定資本要求。

風險比重資產乃根據《銀行業（資本）規則》所規定的風險比重等級制度而計算，是根據每一資產及交易對手之性質及其聯繫着的估計信貸、市場及其他風險，並已考慮合格的抵押品及擔保在內。資產負債表以外之風險計算類同，再加上一些調整以反映其為或然之損失。

本集團之管理層須每日監控資本足夠與否及資本的用途。本集團引用內部定立的資本充足觸發比率作為資本充足管理之指標，該比率比最低法定資本充足比率為高。除此之外，本集團亦會對新產品、新投資及其他重要交易評估其對資本充足比率之影響。

於二〇〇九年及二〇〇八年十二月三十一日之年度內，本集團及其個別受其他法定機構監管之附屬公司已符合所有外界資本要求及比香港金融管理局所訂定之最低資本要求比率為高。

2 Financial risk management (Continued)

2.6 Capital management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are as follows:

- To comply with the capital requirements under the Banking (Capital) Rules of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance;
- To safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders;
- To support the Group's stability and growth; and
- To maintain a strong capital base to support the development of its business.

The Hong Kong Banking Ordinance requires each bank or banking group to maintain a ratio of total regulatory capital to the risk-weighted assets (the capital adequacy ratio) at or above the minimum of 8%. Subsidiaries of the Group are also subject to statutory capital requirements from other regulatory authorities, such as Securities and Futures Commission and Office of the Commissioner of Insurance.

The risk-weighted assets are measured by means of a hierarchy of risk weights as defined in the Banking (Capital) Rules according to the nature of and reflecting an estimate of credit, market and other risks associated with each asset and counterparty, taking into account any eligible collateral or guarantees. A similar treatment is adopted for off-balance sheet exposures, with some adjustments to reflect the more contingent nature of the potential losses.

Capital adequacy and the use of capital are monitored daily by the Group's management. The Group applies an internal trigger capital adequacy ratio which is well above the minimum statutory requirement as an indicator for managing the capital adequacy. In addition, the Group will assess the impact on its capital adequacy ratio when there are new products, new investments or any significant transactions.

The Group and its individually regulated operations have complied with all externally imposed capital requirements throughout the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008 and are well above the minimum required ratio set by the HKMA.

3 主要會計估計及判斷

本集團作出估計及假設，會於下一財政年度內影響資產及負債已列報之金額。本集團會根據過往經驗及其他因素，包括在此等情況下，對未來事項作出相信是合理的預期，持續地評估所作出之估計及判斷。

(a) 貸款減值準備

本集團至少每季檢視其貸款組合以評估其減值。對於減值虧損應否紀錄於收益表上，本集團需判斷有無顯著數據指出貸款組合之預計之現金流量，在能確認該減少到個別貸款前，有可量化之減少。這顯示可能包括有可觀察數據指示出於某組別內之借款人之還款能力有不良改變，或全國性或地區性經濟情況與集團之資產拖欠相關。當估計將來現金流量時，管理層會基於過往有相關貸款風險特性的資產損失經驗，及與類似貸款組合作客觀評估。這個用以預算未來現金流量的總額及時間的方法及假設將被定期重新檢視，以減少預計及實際損失之差別。改變所採用的假設會影響已列報的貸款減值準備。

(b) 金融工具之公平價值

在活躍市場沒有報價的金融工具以估值方法去評定其公平價值。當採用估值方法（例如模型）去評定公平價值時，該等方法須由獨立於交易部門並具有相關資格的人去確認及定期檢視，使能反映出真實數據及相對市場價格。在可行之範圍內，模型只會採用可觀察之數據，但某些範疇如信貸風險（包括自己及交易對手），波幅及相互關係，管理層必須作出一些估計。改變關於這些因素之假設會影響所列報的金融工具之公平價值。

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policy

The Group makes estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Impairment allowances on loans and advances

The Group reviews its loan portfolio to assess impairment at least on a quarterly basis. In determining whether an impairment loss should be recorded in the income statement, the Group makes judgments as to whether there is any observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of loans before the decrease can be identified with an individual loan in that portfolio. This evidence may include observable data indicating that there has been an adverse change in the payment status of borrowers in a group, or national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on assets in the group. Management uses estimates based on historical loss experience for assets with credit risk characteristics and objective evidence of impairment similar to those in the portfolio when scheduling its future cash flows. The methodology and assumptions used for estimating the amount and timing of future cash flows are reviewed regularly to reduce any differences between loss estimates and actual loss experience. Changes in the assumptions used would affect the reported impairment allowances on loans and advances.

(b) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair values of financial instruments that are not quoted in active markets are determined by using valuation techniques. Where valuation techniques (for example, models) are used to determine fair values, they are validated and periodically reviewed by qualified personnel independent of the department that created them to ensure that outputs reflect actual data and comparative market prices. To the extent practical, models use only observable data, however areas such as credit risk (both own and counterparty), volatilities and correlations require management to make estimates. Changes in assumptions about these factors would affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

3 主要會計估計及判斷 (續)

(c) 可供出售證券及持至到期證券之減值

本集團遵從香港會計準則第39號指引以決定可供出售證券及持至到期證券減值的發生，此決定須要判斷。在作出該等判斷時，本集團評估(但不限於)該投資的公平價值下降的持久性及幅度；以及被投資者或發行人的信貸質素及短期營業前景，包括其行業及區域表現，科技、營業活動及融資活動之現金流量的改變。

(d) 持至到期證券

本集團遵從香港會計準則第39號指引，將有固定或確定付款金額及有固定期限的非衍生金融資產分類為持至到期證券。此分類方法需要作出重大判斷。在作出該等判斷時，本集團評估其持有該等投資至到期日的意向及能力。除在特殊情況下(如出售快將到期而投資金額並不重大的投資)，如本集團不能將該等投資持至到期，則須將整項持至到期投資重新分類為可供出售證券，因此分類已被認為已受影響。因此，該等投資將按公平價值而非攤銷成本列賬。

(e) 投資物業公平價值之估計

投資物業之公平價值乃根據獨立專業估值師按公開市值作基準而估計。此公平價值之估計乃採用投資估值方法，將物業之淨收入資本化而計算。合約租金及預計未來的市場租金收入，扣除開支及維修成本後，均以就觀察所得之市場回報率予以資本化。估計市值時所採用之主要假設包括：所收到的合約租金、對未來市值租金之預測、空置期、維修保養需要、及就觀察所得之市場回報率。

此外，估值師亦會以相關市場上相若地區之類似市場實際交易報告作參考，並就該等物業相關的要素，如地點的差別、樓齡、交易的時間、商舖的座向及人流等作出適當的調整。

任何用於估值上的假設如有所改變均會影響投資物業的公平價值。

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policy (Continued)

(c) Impairment of available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities

The Group follows the guidance of HKAS 39 to determine when available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities are impaired. This determination requires judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of an investment has declined; and the credit quality of and near-term business outlook for the investee or issuer, including factors such as industry and sector performance, changes in technology and operational and financing cash flows.

(d) Held-to-maturity securities

The Group follows the guidance of HKAS 39 on classifying non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity as held-to-maturity. This classification requires significant judgment. In making this judgment, the Group evaluates its intention and ability to hold such investments to maturity. If the Group fails to keep these investments to maturity other than for the specific circumstances – for example, selling an insignificant amount close to maturity – it will be required to reclassify the entire class as available-for-sale as such class is deemed to have been tainted. The investments would therefore be measured at fair value instead of at amortised cost.

(e) Estimate of fair value of investment properties

The fair values of investment properties are estimated based on the valuation made by an independent professional valuer on an open market basis. The fair values are assessed based on the capitalisation of the net income for the properties using Investment Method of Valuation. The contractual rental income and the expected future market rental income after allowing for outgoings and maintenance requirements are capitalised at observed market yields. The principal assumptions underlying the estimation of market value are those related to: the receipt of contractual rentals; expected future market rentals; void periods; maintenance requirements; and observed market yields.

In addition, the valuations are also assessed by reference to comparable market transactions as reported in the relevant market at similar locations. Appropriate adjustments have been made on the values of the subject properties for relevant factors, such as location difference, building age, time of transaction, shop frontage and pedestrian flow, etc.

Changes in the assumptions used in the valuation would affect the fair value of investment properties.

3 主要會計估計及判斷 (續)

(f) 保險合約申索之最終負債

就保險合約下索償所產生最終負債的估計，是本集團其中一項關鍵會計估計。估計和判斷是根據過往經驗和其他因素持續評估，包括對在結算日已發生但未向本集團呈報（「已發生但未呈報」）的虧損事件的預計。對已發生但未呈報索償的估計，在一般情況下比已向本集團呈報的索償賠付成本的估計（有關索償事項的資料可與取得）受較大不明朗因素所影響。受保人可能會不察覺已發生但未呈報的索償，直至多年後引致索償的事件發生後才得知。

對某些索償負債的最終成本進行估計，是一項十分複雜的過程。在估計本集團最終需要支付有關索償的負債時，須要考慮眾多的不確定因素。僱員賠償和其他負債保單所引起的索償或會比較漫長和難以估計。本集團已聘請獨立精算師，利用既定的精算方法估計索償負債。有關方法屬於統計性質，並可能會受多項不同因素所影響。可能會影響負債估計準確性的較重要因素包括法理上可擴寬本集團發出的保險合約所提供保障的意向和保障範圍，實際索償結果與過往經驗的分歧程度，以及事件的出現與向本集團呈報索償兩者的時差。

(g) 職員退休福利計劃

本集團於註釋13中所述之退休計劃之責任在估值時需作出精算假設。此等假設於未來是否適用是存在不確定性的，該等假設需要作定期審查，如有需要會作出更新。

(h) 撥備

本集團使用判斷以評估因銷售投資產品而產生之投訴及法律訴訟可能需要支付予客戶的款項。

3 Critical accounting estimates and judgments in applying accounting policy (Continued)

(f) Ultimate liability arising from claims made under insurance contracts

The estimation of the ultimate liability arising from claims made under insurance contracts is one of the Group's critical accounting estimates. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of loss events that have been incurred but not reported ("IBNR") to the Group as of the balance sheet date. The estimation of IBNR claims is generally subject to a greater degree of uncertainty than the estimation of the cost of settling claims already notified to the Group, where information about the claim events is available. IBNR claims may not be apparent to the insured until many years after the event that gives rise to the claim has happened.

Estimation of the ultimate cost of certain liability claims can be a complex process. There are several sources of uncertainty that need to be considered in the estimating of the liability that the Group will ultimately pay for such claims. In particular, the claims arising from the employees' compensation and other liability policies can be longer in tail and difficult to estimate. The Group has appointed an independent actuary to estimate the claim liabilities using established actuarial methodologies. The methodologies are statistical in nature and can be affected by various factors. The more significant factors that can affect the reliability of the liability estimation include jurisprudence that can broaden the intent and scope coverage of the protections offered in the insurance contracts issued by the Group, the extent to which actual claim results differ from historical experience and the time lag between the occurrence of the event and the report of such claim to the Group.

(g) Staff retirement scheme

Actuarial assumptions are made in valuing future pension obligations as set out in note 13. There is uncertainty that these assumptions will hold true in the future. They are reviewed periodically and are updated where necessary.

(h) Provisions

Judgment has been exercised in determining the amount which may be payable to customers in respect of complaints or legal claims arising from the sale of investment products.

4 利息收入

4 Interest income

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
庫存現金及存放同業	Cash and balances with banks	447,756	1,255,570
證券投資	Investments in securities		
– 上市公司	– listed	121,985	101,587
– 非上市公司	– unlisted	224,916	327,278
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	1,125,550	1,493,086
其他	Others	101,804	99,560
		2,022,011	3,277,081

利息收入按金融資產類別分析如下：

Interest income is analysed by types of financial assets as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
未以公平價值誌入損益賬之 金融資產	Financial assets that are not at fair value through profit or loss	1,851,132	3,054,857
持作買賣用途之證券	Trading securities	17,585	68,820
以公平價值誌入損益賬之 金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	56,423	62,023
利率掉期合約	Interest rate swaps	96,871	91,381
		2,022,011	3,277,081

包括在利息收入內計有減值貸款折扣轉
回利息收入港幣10,920,000元（二〇〇八
年：港幣1,762,000元）。

Included in interest income is unwinding of discount on impaired loans
of HK\$10,920,000 (2008: HK\$1,762,000).

5 利息支出

5 Interest expense

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
同業存款及客戶存款	Deposits and balances from bank and deposits from customers	568,918	1,795,115
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	53,272	124,913
發行之後償債項	Subordinated debt issued	13,630	—
其他	Others	54,367	79,720
		690,187	1,999,748

利息支出按金融負債類別分析如下：

Interest expense is analysed by types of financial liabilities as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
未以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities that are not at fair value through profit or loss	600,259	1,860,039
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	699	29,892
以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	37,669	66,504
利率掉期合約	Interest rate swaps	51,560	43,313
		690,187	1,999,748

財務報表註釋
Notes to the Financial Statements

6 服務費及佣金淨收入

6 Net fees and commission income

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
服務費及佣金收入	Fees and commission income		
證券經紀及投資服務	Securities brokerage and investment services	258,936	232,680
信用卡業務	Credit cards	69,488	69,254
有關信貸業務之服務費及佣金	Credit related fees and commission	58,292	53,690
貿易融資	Trade finance	14,951	14,373
其他零售銀行業務	Other retail banking services	18,415	20,069
其他服務費收入	Other fee income	27,572	29,075
		447,654	419,141
服務費及佣金支出	Fees and commission expenses		
信用卡業務	Credit cards	(41,841)	(39,454)
其他服務費支出	Other fee expenses	(23,688)	(36,188)
		(65,529)	(75,642)
服務費及佣金淨收入	Net fees and commission income	382,125	343,499
其中：	Of which:		
由非持作買賣用途或指定以 公平價值誌入損益賬之 金融資產或負債所產生之 服務費及佣金淨收入 (不包括用作計算實際利率 之金額)	Net fees and commission income, other than amounts included in determining the effective interest rate, arising from financial assets or financial liabilities that are not held for trading nor designated at fair value through profit or loss		
－ 服務費及佣金收入	－ fees and commission income	101,196	101,544
－ 服務費及佣金支出	－ fees and commission expenses	(36,602)	(31,524)
本集團代表客戶持有或投資之 託管或其他受託業務所產生 之服務費及佣金淨收入	Net fees and commission income on trust and other fiduciary activities where the Group holds or invests on behalf of its customers		
－ 服務費及佣金收入	－ fees and commission income	8,100	9,467
－ 服務費及佣金支出	－ fees and commission expenses	(468)	(310)

7 保險營業收入及保險申索準備

7 Insurance operating income and charge for insurance claims

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
保險營業收入	Insurance operating income		
總額	Gross		
承保之毛利保費總額	Gross insurance premium written	604,018	665,361
未期滿保費準備之改變	Change in unearned premium provision	(4,497)	(4,915)
已發行之保險合約所產生之保費收入	Premium revenue arising from insurance contracts issued	599,521	660,446
再投保	Reinsurance		
分出之再投保費	Reinsurance premium outward	(93,467)	(102,804)
未期滿保費準備之改變	Change in unearned premium provision	2,610	7,955
已發行之保險合約之保費收入轉予再投保人	Premium revenue ceded to reinsurers arising from insurance contracts issued	(90,857)	(94,849)
保險費淨收入	Net earned premium income	508,664	565,597
佣金收入	Commission income	9,278	8,603
其他收入	Other income	1,075	1,284
佣金支出	Commission expenses	(110,884)	(130,629)
		408,133	444,855
保險申索準備 (註釋)	Charge for insurance claims (note)		
總額	Gross		
已承付索償	Gross claims paid	(432,730)	(404,547)
已呈報之索償、已發生但未呈報之索償及其他保險準備之改變	Change in reported claims, IBNR and other insurance provision	(30,572)	(156,310)
		(463,302)	(560,857)
再投保	Reinsurance		
收回再投保之索償	Claims recovered from reinsurers	35,105	26,823
已呈報之索償、已發生但未呈報之索償及其他保險準備之改變	Change in reported claims, IBNR and other insurance provision	25,112	10,517
		60,217	37,340
總索償金額	Total claims incurred	(403,085)	(523,517)
保險營業淨收入／(支出)	Net insurance operating income/(expense)	5,048	(78,662)

註釋：保險申索準備乃本集團之保險業務所承擔之賠償淨額及其有關之了結申索的開支。

Note: Charge for insurance claims represents net claims incurred on the Group's insurance business and the related claims settlement expenses.

8 淨交易收益／(虧損)

8 Net trading gain/(loss)

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
持作買賣用途之證券淨虧損	Net loss from trading securities	(13,827)	(80,962)
以公平價值誌入損益賬之 金融工具淨收益／(虧損)	Net gain/(loss) arising from financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss	445,270	(598,125)
衍生金融工具買賣淨虧損	Net loss arising from derivative financial instruments	(265,962)	(570,601)
外匯買賣淨收益	Net gain from foreign exchange trading	134,437	98,943
		299,918	(1,150,745)

9 其他營業收入

9 Other operating income

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
股息收入	Dividend income		
－ 上市股權證券	－ Listed equity securities	9,135	36,660
－ 非上市股權證券	－ Unlisted equity securities	2,785	3,433
投資物業之租金收入減除直 接開支港幣30,365,000元 (二〇〇八年： 港幣32,112,000元)	Rental income from investment properties less direct outgoings of HK\$30,365,000 (2008: HK\$32,112,000)	96,633	95,515
保管箱租金淨收益	Net rental income on safe deposit boxes	23,814	24,030
其他	Others	15,325	14,939
		147,692	174,577

10 營業支出

10 Operating expenses

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
人事費用	Staff costs		
－薪金及其他人事費用	－Salaries and other costs	523,670	503,154
－退休福利支出	－Retirement benefit costs	36,423	8,807
房產及設備支出， 不包括折舊	Premises and equipment expenses, excluding depreciation		
－物業租金	－Rental of premises	30,841	25,846
－其他	－Others	33,889	33,508
折舊（註釋31）	Depreciation (note 31)	76,308	55,511
租賃土地之溢價攤銷 （註釋30）	Amortisation of land lease premium (note 30)	4,358	4,172
廣告及業務推廣	Advertising and business promotion	30,829	49,120
電子數據處理	Electronic data processing	42,002	40,397
郵遞及通訊	Postage and communications	27,887	27,223
文具及印刷	Printing and stationery	12,271	11,789
核數師酬金	Auditors' remuneration	3,834	9,811
水電費	Water and electricity	11,876	11,794
法律及專業費用	Legal and professional fee	16,664	22,893
保險費	Insurance	9,383	9,356
證券相關費用	Securities related expenses	8,744	8,229
其他	Others	282,622	224,981
		1,151,601	1,046,591

11 信貸損失之減值調撥

11 Impairment charge for credit losses

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
減值損失／（回撥）	Impairment losses/(written back) on		
－貸款及應付利息	－loans and advances and accrued interest	88,036	36,466
－可供出售之證券	－available-for-sale securities	—	309,785
－持至到期證券	－held-to-maturity securities	—	157,059
－聯營公司權益	－interests in associates	2,004	—
－其他賬項	－other accounts	(12,119)	243,415
		77,921	746,725

11 信貸損失之減值調撥 (續)

(a) 貸款及應付利息減值虧損

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
個別評估	Individually assessed		
– 新增	– new allowances	72,454	32,590
– 撥回	– releases	(4,639)	(10,010)
– 收回	– recoveries	(2,776)	(5,776)
		65,039	16,804
綜合評估	Collectively assessed		
– 新增	– new allowances	46,874	34,949
– 撥回	– releases	(22,039)	(13,153)
– 收回	– recoveries	(1,838)	(2,134)
		22,997	19,662
支取收益表淨額	Net charge to the income statement	88,036	36,466

(b) 可供出售之證券減值虧損

(b) Impairment losses on available-for-sale securities

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
個別評估	Individually assessed		
– 新增	– new allowances	–	309,785

(c) 持至到期證券減值虧損

(c) Impairment losses on held-to-maturity securities

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
個別評估	Individually assessed		
– 新增 (註釋23)	– new allowances (note 23)	–	157,059

11 信貸損失之減值調撥 (續)

(d) 聯營公司權益減值虧損

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
個別評估 — 新增	Individually assessed — new allowances	2,004	—

(e) 其他賬項減值 (回撥) / 虧損

11 Impairment charge for credit losses (Continued)

(d) Impairment losses on interests in associates

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
個別評估 — 新增	Individually assessed — new allowances	2,004	—

(e) Impairment (written back)/losses on other accounts

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
個別評估 — (撥回) / 新增	Individually assessed — (releases)/new allowances	(12,119)	243,415

12 董事酬金

本行是年度之已付或應付之董事酬金累計如下：

12 Directors' emoluments

The aggregate amounts of emoluments paid or payable to directors of the Bank during the year are as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
袍金	Fees	520	1,420
薪金、花紅及其他津貼	Salaries, bonus and other allowances	13,130	20,180
退休福利供款	Retirement benefits contribution	480	286
		14,130	21,886

13 職員退休福利計劃

本集團為本行之職員設有四項職員退休福利計劃，另為本行一間附屬公司之職員設有一項強積金計劃。該四項職員退休福利計劃，其中主要的計劃（簡稱為「該計劃」）包括一個界定福利計劃部份及一個界定供款計劃部份，其他計有一項為界定福利退休計劃、一項為海外僱員而設之界定供款計劃及一項為強積金計劃。凡新入職之成員均可作一次性的選擇，參加該計劃的界定供款部份或參加強積金計劃。

在該計劃的界定供款部份中，本集團每月需按選擇此計劃之成員的月薪10%作出供款。本集團對該計劃界定供款部份之供款額可能因員工於獲得全數供款前離開該計劃而放棄其既有利益而減少。本年度已使用之放棄供款總額為港幣1,168,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣2,392,000元）。於年結日，未使用之放棄供款可作為減低將來之供款總額為港幣434,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣250,000元）。於年結日，並無應付供款（二〇〇八年：無）。

本集團對強積金計劃之供款乃按照香港《強制性公積金計劃條例》，根據每位成員每月之有關入息之5%計算，而有關入息則以港幣20,000元為上限。

於年內對該等有界定供款成份之計劃及強積金計劃之供款共為港幣22,047,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣19,125,000元）。

該計劃的界定福利部份及另一界定福利退休計劃（共同參照為「該等退休計劃」）之供款，是由精算師定期評估該等退休計劃之資產負債而釐定。該等退休計劃根據成員之最後薪金作為計算福利之基準，由本集團承擔所有成本。

該等退休計劃最近期一次之精算估值於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，由專業精算師華信惠悅顧問有限公司（韜睿惠悅集團旗下之子公司），其僱員具香港精算學會之會士資歷，根據香港會計師公會所頒佈之香港會計準則第19號作評估，該等退休計劃之界定福利義務的現值及服務成本均以預計單位貸記法計算。於估值日，該等退休計劃之注資水平達140%（二〇〇八年：99%）。

13 Staff retirement schemes

The Group operates four staff retirement schemes for the staff of the Bank and an MPF scheme for the staff of a subsidiary of the Bank. The four staff retirement schemes comprise a principal scheme (the "Scheme") which includes a defined benefit ("DB") section and a defined contribution ("DC") section, a defined benefit pension scheme, a defined contribution scheme for overseas employees and an MPF scheme. All new staff members who join the Bank are offered a one-off choice between the DC section of the Scheme and the MPF scheme.

Under the DC section of the Scheme, the Group is required to contribute 10% of the monthly salary of the members who opted for the DC arrangement. The Group's contributions to the DC section of this Scheme may be reduced by contributions forfeited by those employees who leave the Scheme prior to vesting fully in the contributions. Forfeited contributions totaling HK\$1,168,000 (2008: HK\$2,392,000) were utilised during the year. The unutilised forfeited contributions at the year end amounted to HK\$434,000 (2008: HK\$250,000) which are available to reduce future contributions. No contributions were payable at the year end (2008: Nil).

The Group's contributions to the MPF schemes are based on 5% of the monthly relevant income of each employee up to a maximum monthly relevant income of HK\$20,000 in accordance with the Hong Kong Mandatory Provident Fund Schemes Ordinance.

The contributions to schemes with defined contribution arrangements and the MPF schemes during the year amounted to HK\$22,047,000 (2008: HK\$19,125,000) in aggregate.

For the DB section of the Scheme and the defined benefit pension scheme (collectively referred to as the "Plan"), the contributions are determined based on periodic valuations by qualified actuaries of the assets and liabilities of the Plan. The Plan provides benefits based on members' final salary. The costs are solely funded by the Group.

The latest actuarial valuation of the Plan was performed in accordance with HKAS 19 issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants as at 31 December 2009 by Watson Wyatt Hong Kong Limited – A Towers Watson Company, a professional actuarial firm, who have among their staff Fellows of the Actuarial Society of Hong Kong. The present values of the defined benefit obligation and current service cost of the Plan are calculated based on the projected unit credit method. At the valuation date, the Plan had a funding level of 140% (2008: 99%).

13 職員退休福利計劃 (續)

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止之年度
資產負債表內確認之金額分析如下：

13 Staff retirement schemes (Continued)

The amounts recognised in the balance sheet as at 31 December 2009 are analysed as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
該等退休計劃資產之 公平價值	Fair value of Plan assets	531,757	461,552
已累積界定福利義務之現值	Present value of the funded defined benefit obligation	(380,900)	(467,732)
未確認之精算虧損	Unrecognised actuarial losses	48,347	219,760
於資產負債表內確認之 資產淨額	Net asset recognised in the balance sheet	199,204	213,580

以上部份之資產預期在多於一年後才收回。此項金額亦不適宜與未來十二個月內應收賬款之金額分隔開，原因是未來之供款涉及到未來的服務提供以及未來的精算估計和市場變化。預期於二〇一〇年不會為界定退休福利計劃作出供款。

A portion of the above asset is expected to be recovered after more than one year. However, it is not practicable to segregate this amount from the amounts receivable in the next twelve months, as future contributions will also relate to future services rendered and future changes in actuarial assumptions and market conditions. No contribution to the Plan is expected to be paid in 2010.

於收益表內確認之金額如下：

The amounts recognised in the income statement are as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
服務成本	Current service cost	(21,232)	(17,215)
利息成本	Interest cost	(5,077)	(12,640)
預期該等退休計劃資產之回報	Expected return on Plan assets	26,437	40,461
已確認之精算虧損淨額	Net actuarial losses recognised	(14,504)	(288)
包括在年內退休福利成本之 (支出)／收入淨額	Net (expenses)/income for the year included in retirement benefit costs	(14,376)	10,318

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止年度，該等退休計劃資產之實際收益為港幣87,771,000元（二〇〇八年：虧損港幣112,311,000元）。

The actual return on Plan assets for the year ended 31 December 2009 was HK\$87,771,000 (2008: a loss of HK\$112,311,000).

13 職員退休福利計劃 (續)

年內界定福利義務之變動如下：

13 Staff retirement schemes (Continued)

The movements in the defined benefit obligation during the year are as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於一月一日之界定福利義務 現值	Present value of obligation at 1 January	467,732	367,859
服務成本	Current service cost	21,232	17,215
利息成本	Interest cost	5,077	12,640
實際福利支出	Actual benefits paid	(17,566)	(9,944)
精算 (收益) / 虧損	Actuarial (gains)/losses	(95,575)	79,962
於十二月三十一日之實際 界定福利義務	Actual obligation at 31 December	380,900	467,732

年內該等退休計劃資產公平價值之變動
如下：

The movements in the fair value of the Plan assets during the year are as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於一月一日該等退休計劃 資產之公平價值	Fair value of Plan assets at 1 January	461,552	583,807
預期該等退休計劃資產之回報	Expected return on Plan assets	26,437	40,461
實際福利支出	Actual benefits paid	(17,566)	(9,944)
精算收益 / (虧損)	Actuarial gains/(losses)	61,334	(152,772)
於十二月三十一日該等退休 計劃資產之公平價值	Fair value of Plan assets at 31 December	531,757	461,552

13 職員退休福利計劃 (續)

該等退休計劃資產主要分類如下：

13 Staff retirement schemes (Continued)

The major categories of the Plan assets are as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009		二〇〇八 2008	
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	%	港幣千元 HK\$'000	%
股權證券	Equities	273,946	51.5	188,488	40.8
債券證券	Bonds	87,225	16.4	91,672	19.9
現金	Cash	170,586	32.1	181,392	39.3
總額	Total	531,757	100.0	461,552	100.0

於二〇〇九年，該等退休計劃之資產包括存放在本行之存款總值為港幣160,861,000元(二〇〇八年：港幣170,824,000元)。

The amount of the Plan assets includes deposits with the Bank of HK\$160,861,000 in 2009 (2008: HK\$170,824,000).

在評估時所採用之主要精算假設如下：

The principal actuarial assumptions adopted in the valuation are as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		%	%
折算率	Discount rate		
– 退休供款計劃	– Retirement benefit scheme	2.6	1.1
– 供款計劃	– Pension scheme	1.6	1.1
該等退休計劃之長期平均資產回報率	Long-term average return on Plan assets		
– 退休供款計劃	– Retirement benefit scheme	6.0	6.0
– 供款計劃	– Pension scheme	1.0	1.0
該計劃之界定福利部份之長期平均薪酬升幅	Long-term average rate of salary increase for the DB section of the Scheme	5.0	5.0
界定福利退休計劃之退休金增長幅度	Pension increase rate for the defined benefit pension scheme	2.5	2.5

截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止年度並無對削減或結算作出影響(二〇〇八年：無)。

There was no curtailment or settlement impact for the years ended 31 December 2009 and 2008.

14 所得稅

14 Income tax

(a) 於綜合收益表支銷／(撥回)之稅項如下：

(a) Taxation charged/(credited) in the consolidated income statement represents:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
本期稅項：	Current taxation:		
－ 香港利得稅	－ Hong Kong profits tax	28,387	21,066
－ 往年度準備剩餘	－ Over provision of taxation in respect of prior years	(42)	(2,867)
		28,345	18,199
－ 海外稅項	－ Overseas taxation	21,014	13,629
遞延稅項：	Deferred taxation:		
－ 有關短暫差額之產生及轉回	－ Relating to the origination and reversal of temporary differences	141,114	(233,546)
－ 二〇〇八年稅率變更對遞延稅項結存之影響	－ Effect on opening deferred tax balances resulting from the change in tax rate in 2008	—	(25,073)
		190,473	(226,791)

於二〇〇八年二月，香港政府頒佈利得稅由17.5%下調至16.5%，此乃適用於本集團之香港營運，並於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日年度起計算。此下調已於本集團及本行二〇〇八年之財務報告中作出反映，二〇〇八年遞延稅項結存之期初金額亦已被重新估計。香港利得稅已按本年度估計應評稅溢利以稅率16.5% (二〇〇八年：16.5%) 計算。海外稅項已按本年度估計應評稅溢利以本集團業務所在地現行適用之稅率計算。

In February 2008, the Hong Kong Government announced a decrease in the profits tax rate from 17.5% to 16.5% applicable to the Group's operations in Hong Kong as from the year ended 31 December 2008. This decrease has been taken into account in the preparation of the Group's and the Bank's 2008 financial statements and the opening balance of deferred tax for 2008 has been re-estimated accordingly. The provision for Hong Kong profits tax for 2009 is calculated at 16.5% (2008: 16.5%) of the estimated assessable profits for the year. Taxation on overseas profits has been calculated on the estimated assessable profit for the year at the rates of taxation prevailing in the countries in which the Group operates.

14 所得稅 (續)

14 Income tax (Continued)

(b) 本集團有關除稅前溢利／(虧損) 之稅項與假若採用香港之稅率而計算之理論稅額之差額如下：

(b) The taxation on the Group's profit/(loss) before taxation differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of Hong Kong as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
除稅前溢利／(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before taxation	1,074,918	(1,042,946)
以稅率16.5% (二〇〇八年： 16.5%) 計算	Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5% (2008: 16.5%)	177,361	(172,086)
不可扣稅之支出對稅項之 影響	Tax effect of expenses not deductible for taxation purposes	12,565	32,970
無需課稅之收入對稅項之影響	Tax effect of income not subject to taxation	(26,608)	(65,080)
二〇〇八年稅率變更對遞延 稅項結存之影響	Effect on opening deferred tax balances resulting from the change in tax rate in 2008	–	(25,073)
與其他國家不同稅率之 影響	Effect of different taxation rates in other tax jurisdictions	11,099	6,158
往年度準備剩餘	Over provision of taxation in respect of prior years	(42)	(2,867)
未確認稅項虧損之影響	Effect of unrecognised tax loss	16,380	–
其他	Others	(282)	(813)
所得稅	Income tax	190,473	(226,791)

14 所得稅 (續)

(c) 其他全面收益的各組成部份的所得稅影響：

14 Income tax (Continued)

(c) The income tax effects relating to components of other comprehensive income are as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009			二〇〇八 2008		
		稅前金額 Before-tax amount 港幣千元 HK\$'000	所得稅 Income tax 港幣千元 HK\$'000	稅後金額 Net-of- tax amount 港幣千元 HK\$'000	稅前金額 Before- tax amount 港幣千元 HK\$'000	所得稅 Income tax 港幣千元 HK\$'000	稅後金額 Net-of- tax amount 港幣千元 HK\$'000
重估房產之盈餘	Surplus on revaluation of bank premises	4,039	(666)	3,373	780	296	1,076
可供出售證券之公平價值改變	Changes in fair value of available-for-sale securities	188,766	(10,428)	178,338	(989,828)	17,790	(972,038)
於出售可供出售證券時轉入收益表	Transfer to income statement on disposal of available-for-sale securities	(68,897)	—	(68,897)	(131,202)	—	(131,202)
於可供出售證券減值時轉入收益表	Transfer to income statement on impairment of available-for-sale securities	—	—	—	309,785	—	309,785
應佔聯營公司之儲備	Share of associates' reserves	137	—	137	(175)	—	(175)
應佔共同控制實體之儲備	Share of jointly controlled entities' reserves	4,489	—	4,489	(5,119)	—	(5,119)
年內其他全面收益	Other comprehensive income for the year	128,534	(11,094)	117,440	(815,759)	18,086	(797,673)

15 股東應佔溢利／虧損

股東應佔溢利中計有港幣640,127,000元乃列於本行收益表內(二〇〇八年股東應佔虧損：港幣294,369,000元)。

15 Profit/loss attributable to shareholders

The profit attributable to shareholders is dealt with in the financial statements of the Bank to the extent of HK\$640,127,000 (Loss attributable to shareholders in 2008: HK\$294,369,000).

16 股息

(a) 應屬本年度股息

16 Dividend

(a) Dividend attributable to the year

	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年並無宣派及支付中期股息(二〇〇八年每股普通股港幣五角)	No interim dividend was declared and paid in 2009 (2008: HK\$0.50 per ordinary share)	—
		116,095

16 股息 (續)

16 Dividend (Continued)

(b) 於本年度核准及支付屬上年度股息

(b) Dividends attributable to the previous financial year, approved and paid during the year

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年並無核准及 支付上年度末期股息 (二〇〇八年：普通股 232,190,115股，派每股 普通股港幣1元5角)	No final dividend in respect of the previous financial year was approved and paid in 2009 (2008: HK\$1.50 per ordinary share on 232,190,115 shares)	—	348,285

17 庫存現金及短期資金

17 Cash and short-term funds

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
庫存現金及存放同業	Cash and balances with banks	1,791,620	2,140,487	1,781,240	2,136,368
存放中央銀行	Balances with central bank	653,798	37,517	653,798	37,517
短期存放同業	Money at call and short notice	16,282,675	33,882,916	16,034,457	33,613,260
		18,728,093	36,060,920	18,469,495	35,787,145

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，受外匯
監管及法定限制的存放中央銀行結存為
港幣69,599,000元(二〇〇八年：港幣
17,562,000元)。

The balances with central bank that are subject to exchange control and
regulatory restrictions amounted to HK\$69,599,000 at 31 December
2009 (2008: HK\$17,562,000).

18 同業定期存放及貸款

18 Placements with and loans and advances to banks

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
同業定期存放	Placements with banks	9,636,953	4,457,429	9,951,953	4,432,284
同業貸款	Gross loans and advances to banks	1,384,526	411,813	1,384,526	411,813
		11,021,479	4,869,242	11,336,479	4,844,097

19 持作買賣用途之證券

19 Trading securities

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
公平價值：	At fair value:				
債務證券	Debt securities				
－ 香港上市	－ Listed in Hong Kong	214,786	553,257	214,786	553,257
－ 海外上市	－ Listed outside Hong Kong	23,307	—	23,307	—
－ 非上市	－ Unlisted	2,188,909	2,146,243	2,188,909	2,146,243
		2,427,002	2,699,500	2,427,002	2,699,500
股權證券	Equity securities				
－ 香港上市	－ Listed in Hong Kong	25,757	107,962	—	—
－ 海外上市	－ Listed outside Hong Kong	—	760	—	—
		25,757	108,722	—	—
股權投資基金	Equity investment fund				
－ 香港上市	－ Listed in Hong Kong	24	1,611	—	—
		2,452,783	2,809,833	2,427,002	2,699,500

19 持作買賣用途之證券 (續)

19 Trading securities (Continued)

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
債務證券包括：	Included within debt securities are:				
國庫券 (包括外匯基金票據)	Treasury bills (including Exchange Fund Bills)	1,823,566	1,808,030	1,823,566	1,808,030
其他債務證券	Other debt securities	603,436	891,470	603,436	891,470
		2,427,002	2,699,500	2,427,002	2,699,500

持作買賣用途之證券，其發行人為：

Trading securities are analysed by issuer as follows:

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
中央政府及中央銀行 公營機構	Central governments and central banks Public sector entities	2,089,802 6,209	2,360,202 17,882	2,089,802 6,207	2,360,202 6,774
銀行和其他金融機構 企業	Banks and other financial institutions Corporate entities	207,443 149,329	300,549 131,200	206,874 124,119	258,510 74,014
		2,452,783	2,809,833	2,427,002	2,699,500

20 衍生金融工具

下列為各項重大衍生金融工具之未經雙邊淨額結算安排之名義或合約金額、公平價值及信貸風險比重金額：

本集團

20 Derivative financial instruments

The following is a summary of the notional or contractual amounts, fair values and credit risk weighted amounts of each significant type of derivatives, without taking into account the effects of bilateral netting arrangements:

The Group

		名義／ 合約金額 Notional/ contractual amount	公平價值 Fair values		名義／ 合約金額 Notional/ contractual amount	公平價值 Fair values	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	資產 Assets 二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	負債 Liabilities 二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	資產 Assets 二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	負債 Liabilities 二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
持作買賣用途之衍生工具 Derivatives held for trading							
外匯合約	Exchange rate contracts						
遠期合約	Forward contracts	188,538	2,910	3,725	99,470	1,859	1,546
貨幣掉期	Currency swaps	9,326,333	48,696	35,355	211,104	1,761	162
貨幣利率掉期	Cross currency interest rate swaps	775,500	908	–	426,250	–	2,457
沽出期權	Options written	838,141	–	5,556	218,258	–	6,654
購入期權	Options purchased	817,842	5,710	–	237,466	6,863	–
		11,946,354	58,224	44,636	1,192,548	10,483	10,819
利率合約	Interest rate contracts						
利率掉期	Interest rate swaps	143,468	–	8,146	143,375	–	9,443
股權合約	Equity contracts						
沽出期權	Options written	247,504	–	4,782	208,487	–	7,196
購入期權	Options purchased	247,504	15,776	–	208,489	7,196	–
		495,008	15,776	4,782	416,976	7,196	7,196
連接以公平價值誌入 損益賬之金融工具之 衍生工具 Derivatives managed in conjunction with financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss							
利率合約	Interest rate contracts						
利率掉期	Interest rate swaps	3,467,325	42,965	218,081	3,967,499	22,696	170,148
股權合約	Equity contracts						
沽出期權	Options written	2,269,630	–	292,961	–	–	–
		18,321,785	116,965	568,606	5,720,398	40,375	197,606

20 衍生金融工具 (續)

20 Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

本行

The Bank

		名義／ 合約金額 Notional/ contractual amount 二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	公平價值 Fair values		名義／ 合約金額 Notional/ contractual amount 二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	公平價值 Fair values	
			資產 Assets 二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	負債 Liabilities 二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000		資產 Assets 二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	負債 Liabilities 二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
持作買賣用途之衍生工具 Derivatives held for trading							
外匯合約	Exchange rate contracts						
遠期合約	Forward contracts	188,538	2,910	3,725	99,470	1,859	1,546
貨幣掉期	Currency swaps	9,326,333	48,696	35,355	211,104	1,761	162
貨幣利率掉期	Cross currency interest rate swaps	775,500	908	–	426,250	–	2,457
沽出期權	Options written	838,141	–	5,556	218,258	–	6,654
購入期權	Options purchased	817,842	5,710	–	237,466	6,863	–
		11,946,354	58,224	44,636	1,192,548	10,483	10,819
利率合約	Interest rate contracts						
利率掉期	Interest rate swaps	143,468	–	8,146	143,375	–	9,443
股權合約	Equity contracts						
沽出期權	Options written	219,204	–	3,241	208,487	–	7,196
購入期權	Options purchased	219,204	3,241	–	208,489	7,196	–
		438,408	3,241	3,241	416,976	7,196	7,196
連接以公平價值誌入 損益賬之金融工具之 衍生工具							
Derivatives managed in conjunction with financial instruments designated at fair value through profit or loss							
利率合約	Interest rate contracts						
利率掉期	Interest rate swaps	3,467,325	42,965	218,081	3,967,499	22,696	170,148
股權合約	Equity contracts						
沽出期權	Options written	2,269,630	–	292,961	–	–	–
		18,265,185	104,430	567,065	5,720,398	40,375	197,606

買賣交易主要為執行客戶買賣指令或對沖該等持倉量而持有的金融工具盤。而其他買賣交易乃用以對沖本集團之市場風險，為其資產及負債管理之一部份。

The trading transactions are mainly positions arising from the execution of trade orders from customers or transactions taken to hedge these positions. The other trading transactions are used to hedge the Group's own exposure to market risks as part of its asset and liability management.

20 衍生金融工具 (續)

20 Derivative financial instruments (Continued)

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
信貸風險比重金額	Credit risk weighted amount				
外匯合約	Exchange rate contracts	49,643	12,688	49,643	12,688
利率合約	Interest rate contracts	28,147	11,964	28,147	11,964
股權合約	Equity contracts	30,626	19,867	16,393	19,867
		108,416	44,519	94,183	44,519

此等工具之合約金額只顯示於結算日未完成之交易量，並不代表風險大小。由於市場利率、匯率或股權價格波動，衍生工具可能形成有利（資產）或不利（負債）。衍生金融資產及負債之公平價值總額可隨時有重大的波動。

The contractual amounts of these instruments indicate the volume of transactions outstanding as at the balance sheet date and they do not represent amounts at risks. The derivative instruments become favourable (assets) or unfavourable (liabilities) as a result of fluctuations in market interest rates, foreign exchange rates or equity prices relative to their terms. The aggregate fair values of derivative financial assets and liabilities can fluctuate significantly from time to time.

信貸風險比重金額是根據香港《銀行業（資本）規則》而計算，此等金額亦須視乎交易對手之現況及該等金融工具之到期特點而計算。所採用之風險比重為0%至150%。

Credit risk weighted amount refers to the amount as computed in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules. The amount depends on the status of the counterparty and the maturity characteristics of the instrument. The risk weights used range from 0% to 150%.

21 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產

21 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
公平價值：	At fair value:				
債務證券	Debt securities				
－ 香港上市	－ Listed in Hong Kong	2,486,798	1,169,482	2,461,274	1,149,359
－ 海外上市	－ Listed outside Hong Kong	1,047,763	389,864	1,046,145	388,610
－ 非上市	－ Unlisted	76,761	796,972	29,784	666,970
		3,611,322	2,356,318	3,537,203	2,204,939

21 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產 (續)

以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產，其發行人為：

21 Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss (Continued)

Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss are analysed by issuer as follows:

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
公營機構	Public sector entities	156,998	319,745	156,998	319,745
銀行和其他 金融機構	Banks and other financial institutions	509,539	436,730	458,772	374,197
企業	Corporate entities	2,944,785	1,599,843	2,921,433	1,510,997
		3,611,322	2,356,318	3,537,203	2,204,939

22 可供出售之證券

22 Available-for-sale securities

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
公平價值：	At fair value:				
債務證券	Debt securities				
– 香港上市	– Listed in Hong Kong	39,679	77,792	39,679	77,792
– 海外上市	– Listed outside Hong Kong	2,980,175	181,698	2,980,175	181,698
– 非上市	– Unlisted	8,672,009	746,790	8,672,009	746,790
		11,691,863	1,006,280	11,691,863	1,006,280
股權證券	Equity securities				
– 香港上市	– Listed in Hong Kong	301,605	227,908	134,062	79,897
– 非上市	– Unlisted	318,592	278,124	306,422	265,196
		620,197	506,032	440,484	345,093
股權投資基金	Equity investment fund				
– 香港上市	– Listed in Hong Kong	20,218	12,698	20,218	12,698
– 非上市	– Unlisted	–	14,533	–	–
		20,218	27,231	20,218	12,698
		12,332,278	1,539,543	12,152,565	1,364,071

22 可供出售之證券 (續)

22 Available-for-sale securities (Continued)

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
債務證券包括：	Included within debt securities				
持有之存款證剩餘	are:				
到期日：	Certificates of deposit held with				
— 三個月以上至一年	remaining maturity of:				
— 一年以上至五年	— 3-12 months	—	100,200	—	100,200
	— 1-5 years	194,207	—	194,207	—
		194,207	100,200	194,207	100,200
國庫券	Treasury bills	—	232,484	—	232,484
其他債券	Other debt securities	11,497,656	673,596	11,497,656	673,596
		11,691,863	1,006,280	11,691,863	1,006,280

可供出售之證券，其發行人為：

Available-for-sale securities are analysed by issuer as follows:

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
中央政府及中央銀行	Central governments and central banks	—	394,418	—	394,418
銀行及其他金融機構	Banks and other financial institutions	9,369,820	716,476	9,348,107	715,217
企業	Corporate entities	2,962,458	428,649	2,804,458	254,436
		12,332,278	1,539,543	12,152,565	1,364,071

23 持至到期證券

23 Held-to-maturity securities

		本集團及本行 The Group and the Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
上市債務證券之攤銷成本：	Listed debt securities, at amortised cost:		
－ 香港上市	－ Listed in Hong Kong	268,342	155,996
－ 海外上市	－ Listed outside Hong Kong	2,492,062	500,018
		2,760,404	656,014
非上市債務證券之攤銷成本	Unlisted debt securities, at amortised cost	8,492,909	4,180,654
		11,253,313	4,836,668
減：減值準備	Less: Impairment allowances	(116,325)	(116,250)
		11,136,988	4,720,418
上市債務證券之公平價值	Fair value of listed debt securities	2,753,898	613,318

		本集團及本行 The Group and the Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
債務證券包括：	Included within debt securities are:		
持有之存款證剩餘到期日：	Certificates of deposit held with remaining maturity of:		
－ 一年以上至五年	－ 1-5 years	100,000	—
其他債務證券	Other debt securities	11,036,988	4,720,418
		11,136,988	4,720,418

23 持至到期證券 (續)

持至到期證券，其發行人為：

23 Held-to-maturity securities (Continued)

Held-to-maturity securities are analysed by issuer as follows:

		本集團及本行 The Group and the Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
中央政府及中央銀行	Central governments and central banks	187,164	24,359
公營機構	Public sector entities	10,525	27,280
銀行和其他金融機構	Banks and other financial institutions	8,889,406	4,259,793
企業	Corporate entities	2,049,893	408,986
		11,136,988	4,720,418

持至到期證券之減值準備賬項之對賬表如下：

The reconciliation of the allowance account for impairment on held-to-maturity securities is as follows:

		本集團及本行 The Group and the Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
於一月一日	At 1 January	116,250	36,927
匯率變動	Exchange difference	75	(232)
支取收益表 (註釋11 (c))	Charged to income statement (note 11(c))	—	157,059
年內撇除	Amounts written off	—	(77,504)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	116,325	116,250

24 貸款及其他賬項

24 Advances and other accounts

(a) 貸款及其他賬項

(a) Advances and other accounts

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
客戶貸款	Advances to customers	52,810,558	43,368,102	52,449,709	43,029,354
減值準備 (註釋25)	Impairment allowances (note 25)				
– 綜合評估	– Collectively assessed	(126,276)	(117,026)	(100,281)	(83,392)
– 個別評估	– Individually assessed	(112,816)	(42,664)	(99,839)	(17,920)
		52,571,466	43,208,412	52,249,589	42,928,042
商業票據	Trade bills	57,823	113,692	57,823	113,692
減值準備 (註釋25)	Impairment allowances (note 25)				
– 綜合評估	– Collectively assessed	(127)	(338)	(127)	(338)
		57,696	113,354	57,696	113,354
應計利息	Accrued interest	191,566	199,004	193,357	200,634
減值準備 (註釋25)	Impairment allowances (note 25)				
– 個別評估	– Individually assessed	(9,232)	(1,595)	(9,230)	(1,442)
		182,334	197,409	184,127	199,192
其他賬項	Other accounts				
– 應收保費	– Insurance premium receivable	128,821	176,085	7,719	6,458
– 於再投保人收回 (註釋37)	– Recoverable from reinsurers (note 37)	176,802	155,953	–	–
– 應收及其他賬項	– Accounts and other receivable	1,345,544	1,076,611	937,635	794,028
		1,651,167	1,408,649	945,354	800,486
減值準備 (註釋25)	Impairment allowances (note 25)				
– 個別評估	– Individually assessed	(49,219)	(139,707)	(49,219)	(139,508)
		1,601,948	1,268,942	896,135	660,978
		54,413,444	44,788,117	53,387,547	43,901,566

24 貸款及其他賬項 (續)

(b) 融資租賃及租購合約

客戶貸款內包括融資租賃及租購合約之投資，其分析如下：

24 Advances and other accounts (Continued)

(b) Finance leases and hire purchase contracts

Advances to customers include investment in finance lease receivables and hire purchase contracts, analysed as follows:

		本集團 The Group	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
應收投資總額	Gross investment, receivable		
– 一年內	– Within one year	264,879	261,117
– 一年以上至五年	– After one year but within five years	241,752	243,927
– 五年以上	– After five years	12,622	17,320
		519,253	522,364
未賺取之財務收入	Unearned finance income	(37,525)	(38,126)
投資淨額	Net investment	481,728	484,238

融資租賃及租購合約之投資淨額分析如下：

The net investment in finance lease receivables and hire purchase contracts is analysed as follows:

		本集團 The Group	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
一年內	Within one year	241,113	237,735
一年以上至五年	After one year but within five years	227,993	229,183
五年以上	After five years	12,622	17,320
		481,728	484,238

上述融資租賃及租購合約之投資總額並無包括不受保證之剩餘價值 (二〇〇八年：無)。

No unguaranteed residual values were included in the gross investment in finance lease receivables and hire purchase contracts above (2008: Nil).

不可收回融資租賃及租購合約之綜合及個別減值準備金總額分別為港幣25,798,000元 (二〇〇八年：港幣33,124,000元) 及港幣12,479,000元 (二〇〇八年：港幣24,744,000元)。

The collective and individual impairment allowances for uncollectible finance lease receivables and hire purchase contracts included in the impairment allowances for the receivables amounted to HK\$25,798,000 (2008: HK\$33,124,000) and HK\$12,479,000 (2008: HK\$24,744,000) respectively.

25 貸款及其他賬項減值準備

25 Impairment allowances on loans and advances and other accounts

本集團

The Group

		個別評估 Individual assessment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	綜合評估 Collective assessment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	183,966	117,364	301,330
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	2,713	9	2,722
年內撇除	Amounts written off	(60,188)	(15,805)	(75,993)
	Recoveries of advances written off			
收回往年已撇除之貸款	in previous years	2,776	1,838	4,614
淨支取收益表	Net charge to income statement	52,920	22,997	75,917
準備的折現值撥回	Unwind of discount on allowance	(10,920)	–	(10,920)
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	171,267	126,403	297,670
於下列賬項內扣除：	Deducted from:			
商業票據（註釋24 (a)）	Trade bills (note 24(a))	–	127	127
客戶貸款及應付利息	Advances to customers and accrued			
（註釋24 (a)）	interest (note 24(a))	122,048	126,276	248,324
其他賬項（註釋24 (a)）	Other accounts (note 24(a))	49,219	–	49,219
		171,267	126,403	297,670

本行

The Bank

		個別評估 Individual assessment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	綜合評估 Collective assessment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	158,870	83,730	242,600
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	2,713	9	2,722
年內撇除	Amounts written off	(47,511)	(15,805)	(63,316)
	Recoveries of advances written off			
收回往年已撇除之貸款	in previous years	2,329	1,838	4,167
淨支取收益表	Net charge to income statement	52,645	30,636	83,281
準備的折現值撥回	Unwind of discount on allowance	(10,758)	–	(10,758)
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	158,288	100,408	258,696
於下列賬項內扣除：	Deducted from:			
商業票據（註釋24 (a)）	Trade bills (note 24(a))	–	127	127
客戶貸款及應付利息	Advances to customers and			
（註釋24 (a)）	accrued interest (note 24(a))	109,069	100,281	209,350
其他賬項（註釋24 (a)）	Other accounts (note 24(a))	49,219	–	49,219
		158,288	100,408	258,696

25 貸款及其他賬項減值準備 (續) 25 Impairment allowances on loans and advances and other accounts (Continued)

本集團

The Group

		個別評估 Individual assessment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	綜合評估 Collective assessment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	53,014	108,436	161,450
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	(1,913)	(102)	(2,015)
年內撇除	Amounts written off	(131,368)	(12,766)	(144,134)
	Recoveries of advances written off			
收回往年已撇除之貸款	in previous years	5,776	2,134	7,910
淨支取收益表	Net charge to income statement	260,219	19,662	279,881
準備的折現值撥回	Unwind of discount on allowance	(1,762)	–	(1,762)
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	183,966	117,364	301,330
於下列賬項內扣除：	Deducted from:			
商業票據 (註釋24 (a))	Trade bills (note 24(a))	–	338	338
客戶貸款及應付利息	Advances to customers and accrued			
(註釋24 (a))	interest (note 24(a))	44,259	117,026	161,285
其他賬項 (註釋24 (a))	Other accounts (note 24(a))	139,707	–	139,707
		183,966	117,364	301,330

本行

The Bank

		個別評估 Individual assessment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	綜合評估 Collective assessment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	38,078	80,002	118,080
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	(1,913)	(102)	(2,015)
年內撇除	Amounts written off	(122,833)	(12,766)	(135,599)
	Recoveries of advances written off			
收回往年已撇除之貸款	in previous years	3,282	2,134	5,416
淨支取收益表	Net charge to income statement	243,923	14,462	258,385
準備的折現值撥回	Unwind of discount on allowance	(1,667)	–	(1,667)
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	158,870	83,730	242,600
於下列賬項內扣除：	Deducted from:			
商業票據 (註釋24 (a))	Trade bills (note 24(a))	–	338	338
客戶貸款及應付利息	Advances to customers and			
(註釋24 (a))	accrued interest (note 24(a))	19,362	83,392	102,754
其他賬項 (註釋24 (a))	Other accounts (note 24(a))	139,508	–	139,508
		158,870	83,730	242,600

26 附屬公司權益

26 Interests in subsidiaries

		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
非上市證券之成本值	Unlisted shares, at cost	300,163	300,155

下列為本行於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，全資直屬擁有之主要附屬公司：

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries wholly and directly owned by the Bank at 31 December 2009:

名稱	Name	註冊 及營業 地點	Place of incorporation and operation	已發行及已繳足之股本 Issued and paid up share capital		主要業務	Principal activities
				股數 Number of shares	每股面值 Nominal value		
永隆保險有限公司	Wing Lung Insurance Company Limited	香港	Hong Kong	29,000,000	HK\$10	保險業務	Insurance underwriting
永隆財務有限公司	Wing Lung Finance Limited	香港	Hong Kong	2,500,000	HK\$10	接受存款	Deposit-taking
永隆授信有限公司	Wing Lung Credit Limited	香港	Hong Kong	1,000,000	HK\$10	投資業務	Investment holding
永隆期貨有限公司	Wing Lung Futures Limited	香港	Hong Kong	800,000	HK\$10	期貨經紀服務	Futures broking
永隆證券有限公司	Wing Lung Securities Limited	香港	Hong Kong	700,000	HK\$10	證券經紀服務	Securities broking
永隆銀行信託有限公司	Wing Lung Bank (Trustee) Limited	香港	Hong Kong	300,000	HK\$10	信託業務	Trustee services
永隆保險顧問有限公司	Wing Lung Insurance Brokers Limited	香港	Hong Kong	250,000	HK\$10	投資業務及保險顧問	Investment trading and insurance broking
永隆代理有限公司	Wing Lung Agency Limited	香港	Hong Kong	50,000	HK\$10	保險代理	Insurance agency
永隆銀行受託代管有限公司	Wing Lung Bank (Nominees) Limited	香港	Hong Kong	1,000	HK\$10	受託代管服務	Nominee services
永隆管業有限公司	Wing Lung Property Management Limited	香港	Hong Kong	1,000	HK\$10	物業管理	Property management
康令有限公司	Hongnet Limited	香港	Hong Kong	1,000	HK\$10	投資業務	Investment holding
Wingspan Incorporated	Wingspan Incorporated	美國	U.S.A.	1,500,000	US\$1	物業持有	Property holding

27 共同控制實體權益

27 Interests in jointly controlled entities

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
非上市證券之成本值	Unlisted shares, at cost	—	—	25,000	25,000
應佔資產淨額	Share of net assets	126,521	92,838	—	—
貸款予共同控制實體 (註釋a)	Loans to jointly controlled entities (note a)	55,098	61,062	55,098	61,062
		181,619	153,900	80,098	86,062

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日之主要共同控制實體如下：

The following is a list of the principal jointly controlled entities at 31 December 2009:

名稱	Name	註冊及 營業地點	Place of incorporation and operation	擁有權益 Ownership interest	投票權之 百分比 Proportion of voting power	主要業務	Principal activities
銀聯控股有限公司*	Bank Consortium Holding Limited *	香港	Hong Kong	13.33%	14.29%	提供退休計劃 之信託、行政 及保管服務	Provision of trustee, administration and custodian services for retirement schemes
銀聯通寶有限公司*	Joint Electronic Teller Services Limited *	香港	Hong Kong	(註釋b) (note b)	(註釋b) (note b)	提供自動櫃員 機之網絡服務	Provision of ATM network services
香港人壽保險有限公司	Hong Kong Life Insurance Limited	香港	Hong Kong	16.67%	16.67%	人壽保險業務	Life insurance business
銀和再保險有限公司	BC Reinsurance Limited	香港	Hong Kong	21.00%	21.00%	再保險業務	Reinsurance business
i-Tech Solutions Limited*	i-Tech Solutions Limited *	香港	Hong Kong	50.00%	50.00%	電子文件處理	Electronic document processing

* 由本行直接持有之共同控制實體

* Directly held by the Bank

註釋：(a) 貸款予共同控制實體之款項包括一筆為港幣1,300,000元(二〇〇八年：港幣1,318,000元)之貸款，為無抵押及免息。餘額為附息抵押並以正常商業利率計算。

Note: (a) The loans to jointly controlled entities include an amount of HK\$1,300,000 (2008: HK\$1,318,000) which is unsecured and interest free. The remaining balance is secured and interest-bearing at normal commercial terms.

(b) 本集團乃五位創辦成員之一，並共同擁有該公司之控制權益。本集團持有該公司發行予其創辦成員普通股‘A’股之20%及擁有該公司宣派股息之2.88%權益。

(b) The Group is one of the five founding members which together have a controlling interest in the company. The Group holds 20% of the ‘A’ ordinary shares issued by the company to its founding members, and is entitled to 2.88% of dividends declared.

27 共同控制實體權益 (續)

共同控制實體之財務資料概括如下：

27 Interests in jointly controlled entities (Continued)

Summary of financial information on jointly controlled entities is set out below:

		資產 Assets 港幣千元 HK\$'000	負債 Liabilities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	權益 Equity 港幣千元 HK\$'000	收益 Income 港幣千元 HK\$'000	淨溢利／ (虧損) Net profit/ (loss) 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009					
100%	100 percent	4,821,879	3,846,768	975,111	364,587	189,355
本集團之實際權益	Group's effective interest	749,238	622,717	126,521	49,933	30,174
二〇〇八年	2008					
100%	100 percent	4,132,335	3,345,143	787,192	734,241	(452,672)
本集團之實際權益	Group's effective interest	637,462	544,624	92,838	107,273	(84,667)

28 聯營公司權益

28 Interests in associates

		本集團 The Group	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
應佔資產淨額	Share of net assets	4,936	5,867

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日及二〇〇八年十二月三十一日，由本行一間附屬公司所持有之聯營公司非上市證券之成本值為港幣2,983,000元。本集團所持之聯營公司之資料如下：

The cost of the unlisted shares in the associates at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 held by a subsidiary of the Bank amounted to HK\$2,983,000. The particulars of the Group's interests in associates are as follows:

名稱	Name	註冊及 營業地點	Place of incorporation and operation	主要業務	Principal activities	持有之已發 行股份詳情	Particulars of issued shares held	間接持 有權益	Interest held indirectly
專業責任 保險代理 有限公司	Professional Liability Underwriting Services Limited	香港	Hong Kong	保險代理	Insurance agency	非上市之普 通股每股港 幣一元	Unlisted ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	27%	27%
加安保險代理 有限公司	Equity Underwriters Limited	香港	Hong Kong	保險代理	Insurance agency	非上市之普 通股每股港 幣一元	Unlisted ordinary shares of HK\$1 each	40%	40%

財務報表註釋

Notes to the Financial Statements

28 聯營公司權益 (續)

聯營公司之財務資料概括如下：

28 Interests in associates (Continued)

Summary of financial information on associate companies entities is set out below:

		資產 Assets 港幣千元 HK\$'000	負債 Liabilities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	權益 Equity 港幣千元 HK\$'000	收益 Income 港幣千元 HK\$'000	淨溢利 Net profit 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009					
100%	100 percent	114,296	91,006	23,290	34,769	9,424
本集團之實際權益	Group's effective interest	31,603	24,663	6,940	11,683	2,961
二〇〇八年	2008					
100%	100 percent	160,219	140,115	20,104	40,070	7,824
本集團之實際權益	Group's effective interest	50,436	44,569	5,867	13,710	1,882

29 投資物業

29 Investment properties

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於一月一日	At 1 January	2,346,550	2,254,600	2,425,050	2,324,700
增置	Additions	—	10,866	—	11,224
轉賬淨額	Reclassifications, net	(108,674)	(56,502)	(108,674)	(56,502)
重估公平價值收益	Fair value gains on revaluation	38,084	137,586	39,384	145,628
於十二月三十一日 (經專業估值列賬)	At 31 December (professional valuation)	2,275,960	2,346,550	2,355,760	2,425,050

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
位於香港之租約物業：	Leasehold properties in Hong Kong:				
— 長期租約 (五十年以上)	— Long-term leases (over 50 years)	180,590	2,254,360	248,190	2,332,860
— 中期租約 (十至五十年)	— Medium-term leases (between 10 to 50 years)	2,095,370	92,190	2,107,570	92,190
		2,275,960	2,346,550	2,355,760	2,425,050

29 投資物業 (續)

所有投資物業最新之估值於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，以重估投資法將淨租金收入資本化，再以比較方法（如適用），與相關市場交易資料作比較而釐定。是次重估經由獨立測量公司韋堅信產業測量師行進行，其僱員具香港測量師學會會士資歷及對估價物業的所在地點及類別有近期估值經驗。

本集團及本行以經營租賃形式租出投資物業。租賃年期通常不長於四年。截至二〇〇九年十二月三十一日止年度，包括在租約內之或有租金為港幣2,840,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣2,206,000元）。

於十二月三十一日，不可撤銷之營業租賃之未來最低應收租賃款項總額如下：

29 Investment properties (Continued)

All investment properties were revalued as at 31 December 2009 by capitalising the net rental income using the Investment Method of Valuation or as appropriate, by making reference to comparable market transactions using the Comparison Method. The valuations were carried out by an independent firm of surveyors, A.G. Wilkinson & Associates, who have among their staff Fellows of the Hong Kong Institute of Surveyors with recent experience in the location and category of property being valued.

The Group and the Bank lease out investment properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of up to 4 years. Contingent rentals included in leases for the year ended 31 December 2009 amounted to HK\$2,840,000 (2008: HK\$2,206,000).

At 31 December, the total future minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

		本集團及本行 The Group and the Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
土地及樓宇：	Land and buildings		
－ 一年以內	－ Within one year	102,278	109,944
－ 一年以後至五年內	－ After one year but within five years	106,520	122,994
		208,798	232,938

30 租賃土地權益

本集團及本行之租賃土地權益為預繳土地溢價，其賬面淨值分析如下：

30 Interests in leasehold land

The Group's and the Bank's interests in leasehold land represent prepaid land lease premium and their net book values are analysed as follows:

		本集團及本行 The Group and the Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
在香港持有：	In Hong Kong held on:		
－ 長期租約（五十年以上）	－ Long-term leases (over 50 years)	102,564	134,632
－ 中期租約（十至五十年）	－ Medium-term leases (between 10 to 50 years)	144,233	102,541
		246,797	237,173
於一月一日	At 1 January	237,173	241,345
轉賬	Reclassifications	13,982	—
攤銷預繳之土地溢價（註釋10）	Amortisation of prepaid land lease premium (note 10)	(4,358)	(4,172)
於十二月三十一日	At 31 December	246,797	237,173

31 其他物業及設備

31 Other properties and equipment

本集團

The Group

		房產 Premises 港幣千元 HK\$'000	傢俬及設備 Furniture and equipment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
成本或估值	Cost or valuation			
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	455,552	586,811	1,042,363
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	22	29	51
增置	Additions	—	116,080	116,080
出售	Disposals	—	(49,608)	(49,608)
轉賬淨額	Reclassifications, net	94,692	—	94,692
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	4,039	—	4,039
減：累積折舊抵銷重估值	Less: elimination of accumulated depreciation on revaluation	(380)	—	(380)
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	553,925	653,312	1,207,237
累積折舊	Accumulated depreciation			
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	114,984	437,612	552,596
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	1	63	64
本年度折舊（註釋10）	Charge for the year (note 10)	9,248	67,060	76,308
出售回撥	Written back on disposal	—	(47,018)	(47,018)
重估後撇除	Elimination on revaluation	(380)	—	(380)
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	123,853	457,717	581,570
賬面淨值	Net book value			
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	430,072	195,595	625,667

31 其他物業及設備 (續)

31 Other properties and equipment (Continued)

本集團

The Group

		房產 Premises 港幣千元 HK\$'000	傢俬及設備 Furniture and equipment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
成本或估值	Cost or valuation			
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	398,774	540,993	939,767
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	(220)	268	48
增置	Additions	—	65,671	65,671
出售	Disposals	—	(20,121)	(20,121)
轉賬淨額	Reclassifications, net	56,502	—	56,502
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	780	—	780
	Less: elimination of accumulated			
減：累積折舊抵銷重估值	depreciation on revaluation	(284)	—	(284)
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	455,552	586,811	1,042,363
累積折舊	Accumulated depreciation			
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	108,007	407,340	515,347
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	(11)	82	71
本年度折舊 (註釋10)	Charge for the year (note 10)	7,272	48,239	55,511
出售回撥	Written back on disposal	—	(18,049)	(18,049)
重估後撇除	Elimination on revaluation	(284)	—	(284)
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	114,984	437,612	552,596
賬面淨值	Net book value			
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	340,568	149,199	489,767

31 其他物業及設備 (續)

上列資產之成本或估值分析如下：

本集團

31 Other properties and equipment (Continued)

The analysis of cost or valuation of the above assets is as follows:

The Group

		房產 Premises 港幣千元 HK\$'000	傢俬及設備 Furniture and equipment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009			
成本值	At cost	154,498	653,312	807,810
由投資物業轉賬為房產， 並以專業估值列示	Reclassification from investment properties stated at professional valuation			
— 一九九五年	— 1995	50,560	—	50,560
— 一九九八年	— 1998	64,726	—	64,726
— 二〇〇一年	— 2001	12,164	—	12,164
— 二〇〇二年	— 2002	12,600	—	12,600
— 二〇〇三年	— 2003	8,190	—	8,190
— 二〇〇五年	— 2005	46,592	—	46,592
— 二〇〇六年	— 2006	27,910	—	27,910
— 二〇〇七年	— 2007	16,824	—	16,824
— 二〇〇八年	— 2008	55,889	—	55,889
— 二〇〇九年	— 2009	103,972	—	103,972
		553,925	653,312	1,207,237
二〇〇八年	2008			
成本值	At cost	154,476	586,811	741,287
由投資物業轉賬為房產， 並以專業估值列示	Reclassification from investment properties stated at professional valuation			
— 一九九五年	— 1995	50,560	—	50,560
— 一九九八年	— 1998	64,726	—	64,726
— 二〇〇一年	— 2001	12,164	—	12,164
— 二〇〇二年	— 2002	12,600	—	12,600
— 二〇〇三年	— 2003	11,540	—	11,540
— 二〇〇五年	— 2005	46,592	—	46,592
— 二〇〇六年	— 2006	27,910	—	27,910
— 二〇〇七年	— 2007	16,824	—	16,824
— 二〇〇八年	— 2008	58,160	—	58,160
		455,552	586,811	1,042,363

31 其他物業及設備 (續)

31 Other properties and equipment (Continued)

本行

The Bank

		房產 Premises 港幣千元 HK\$'000	傢俬及設備 Furniture and equipment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
成本或估值	Cost or valuation			
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	369,318	557,100	926,418
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	—	25	25
增置	Additions	—	101,576	101,576
出售	Disposals	—	(49,316)	(49,316)
轉賬淨額	Reclassifications, net	94,692	—	94,692
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	4,039	—	4,039
	Less: elimination of accumulated			
減：累積折舊抵銷重估值	depreciation on revaluation	(380)	—	(380)
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	467,669	609,385	1,077,054
累積折舊	Accumulated depreciation			
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	100,533	415,382	515,915
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	—	63	63
本年度折舊	Charge for the year	7,891	60,849	68,740
出售回撥	Written back on disposal	—	(46,744)	(46,744)
重估後撇除	Elimination on revaluation	(380)	—	(380)
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	108,044	429,550	537,594
賬面淨值	Net book value			
於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	359,625	179,835	539,460

31 其他物業及設備 (續)

31 Other properties and equipment (Continued)

本行

The Bank

		房產 Premises 港幣千元 HK\$'000	傢俬及設備 Furniture and equipment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
成本或估值				
Cost or valuation				
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	312,320	511,797	824,117
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	—	268	268
增置	Additions	—	63,505	63,505
出售	Disposals	—	(18,470)	(18,470)
轉賬淨額	Reclassifications, net	56,502	—	56,502
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	780	—	780
	Less: elimination of accumulated			
減：累積折舊抵銷重估值	depreciation on revaluation	(284)	—	(284)
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	369,318	557,100	926,418
累積折舊				
Accumulated depreciation				
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	94,905	386,091	480,996
匯率調整	Exchange adjustments	—	82	82
本年度折舊	Charge for the year	5,912	45,792	51,704
出售回撥	Written back on disposal	—	(16,583)	(16,583)
重估後撇除	Elimination on revaluation	(284)	—	(284)
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	100,533	415,382	515,915
賬面淨值				
Net book value				
於二〇〇八年十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	268,785	141,718	410,503

31 其他物業及設備（續）

上列資產之成本或估值分析如下：

本行

31 Other properties and equipment (Continued)

The analysis of cost or valuation of the above assets is as follows:

The Bank

		房產 Premises 港幣千元 HK\$'000	傢俬及設備 Furniture and equipment 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009			
成本值	At cost	111,619	609,385	721,004
由投資物業轉賬為房產， 並以專業估值列示	Reclassification from investment properties stated at professional valuation			
— 一九九五年	— 1995	43,200	—	43,200
— 一九九八年	— 1998	42,771	—	42,771
— 二〇〇一年	— 2001	12,164	—	12,164
— 二〇〇二年	— 2002	6,840	—	6,840
— 二〇〇三年	— 2003	8,190	—	8,190
— 二〇〇五年	— 2005	38,290	—	38,290
— 二〇〇六年	— 2006	27,910	—	27,910
— 二〇〇七年	— 2007	16,824	—	16,824
— 二〇〇八年	— 2008	55,889	—	55,889
— 二〇〇九年	— 2009	103,972	—	103,972
		467,669	609,385	1,077,054
二〇〇八年	2008			
成本值	At cost	111,619	557,100	668,719
由投資物業轉賬為房產， 並以專業估值列示	Reclassification from investment properties stated at professional valuation			
— 一九九五年	— 1995	43,200	—	43,200
— 一九九八年	— 1998	42,771	—	42,771
— 二〇〇一年	— 2001	12,164	—	12,164
— 二〇〇二年	— 2002	6,840	—	6,840
— 二〇〇三年	— 2003	11,540	—	11,540
— 二〇〇五年	— 2005	38,290	—	38,290
— 二〇〇六年	— 2006	27,910	—	27,910
— 二〇〇七年	— 2007	16,824	—	16,824
— 二〇〇八年	— 2008	58,160	—	58,160
		369,318	557,100	926,418

31 其他物業及設備 (續)

房產之賬面淨值包括：

31 Other properties and equipment (Continued)

The net book value of premises comprises:

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
位於香港之 租約物業：	Leasehold properties in Hong Kong:				
－ 長期租約 （五十年以上）	－ Long-term leases （over 50 years）	197,528	251,213	173,315	217,837
－ 中期租約 （十至五十年）	－ Medium-term leases （between 10 to 50 years）	195,171	50,948	186,310	50,948
		392,699	302,161	359,625	268,785
位於海外之 租約物業：	Leasehold properties outside Hong Kong:				
－ 永久	－ Freehold	30,886	31,732	—	—
－ 長期租約 （五十年以上）	－ Long-term leases （over 50 years）	3,192	3,268	—	—
－ 中期租約 （十至五十年）	－ Medium-term leases （between 10 to 50 years）	3,295	3,407	—	—
		430,072	340,568	359,625	268,785

32 交易賬項下之負債

32 Trading liabilities

		本集團及本行 The Group and the Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
沽空之外匯基金票據及債券 公平價值：	Short positions in Exchange Fund Bills and Notes, at fair value:		
－ 上市	－ Listed	507	515
－ 非上市	－ Unlisted	33,499	594,956
		34,006	595,471

33 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債

33 Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	402,144	1,372,172	402,144	1,372,172
結構性存款 (註釋34)	Structured deposits (note 34)	–	703,920	–	743,776
		402,144	2,076,092	402,144	2,115,948

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團指定為以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債的賬面值比於到期日約定支付予持有人之金額高出港幣2,144,000元（二〇〇八年：港幣21,192,000元），主要由於利率風險改變引致。

The carrying amount of financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2009 is higher than the amount that the Group would be contractually required to pay at maturity to the holders by HK\$2,144,000 (2008: HK\$21,192,000), which was mainly due to changes in interest rate risk.

34 客戶存款

34 Deposits from customers

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
客戶存款	Deposits from customers				
– 如資產負債表列示	– As stated in the balance sheet	92,301,427	82,493,626	93,902,693	83,337,532
– 列於以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債項內之結構性存款 (註釋33)	– Structured deposits reported as financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss (note 33)	–	703,920	–	743,776
		92,301,427	83,197,546	93,902,693	84,081,308
分析如下：	Analysed by:				
– 活期存款及往來賬戶	– Demand deposits and current accounts	5,317,464	3,641,552	5,543,067	3,864,759
– 儲蓄存款	– Savings deposits	30,008,581	20,153,945	30,045,863	20,424,237
– 定期存款及通知存款	– Time, call and notice deposits	56,975,382	59,402,049	58,313,763	59,792,312
		92,301,427	83,197,546	93,902,693	84,081,308

35 發行之後償債項

35 Subordinated debt issued

		本集團及本行 The Group and the Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
港幣800,000,000元按 攤銷成本列賬的浮息後 償票據 (註釋a)	HK\$800,000,000 subordinated floating rate note, measured at amortised cost (Note a)	800,000	—
港幣700,000,000元按 攤銷成本列賬的浮息後 償票據 (註釋b)	HK\$700,000,000 subordinated floating rate note, measured at amortised cost (Note b)	700,000	—
港幣1,500,000,000元按 攤銷成本列賬的定息後 償票據 (註釋c)	HK\$1,500,000,000 subordinated fixed rate notes, measured at amortised cost (Note c)	1,500,000	—
		3,000,000	—

註釋：(a) 此港幣800,000,000元浮息後償票據於二〇〇九年七月十四日發行，並被界定為本集團及本行之附加資本。此票據將於二〇一四年七月十四日到期。選擇性贖還日為二〇一四年七月十五日。由發行日至選擇性贖還日之首五年，此票據的利息按三個月期港元銀行同業拆息加200基點，以每三個月釐訂一次。其後，倘票據未在選擇性贖還日贖回，往後的利息會重訂為三個月期港元銀行同業拆息加250基點。

(b) 此港幣700,000,000元浮息後償票據於二〇〇九年九月二十二日發行，並被界定為本集團及本行之附加資本。此票據將於二〇一四年九月二十二日到期。選擇性贖還日為二〇一四年九月二十三日。由發行日至選擇性贖還日之首五年，此票據的利息按三個月期港元銀行同業拆息加200基點，以每三個月釐訂一次。其後，倘票據未在選擇性贖還日贖回，往後的利息會重訂為三個月期港元銀行同業拆息加250基點。

(c) 此港幣1,500,000,000元定息後償票據於二〇〇九年十二月二十八日發行，並被界定為本集團及本行之附加資本。此票據將於二〇一一年十二月二十八日到期。選擇性贖還日為二〇一六年十二月二十八日。此票據的利息按年利率5.70%計算，按季度支付。

Note: (a) This represents HK\$800,000,000 subordinated floating rate note qualifying as supplementary capital of the Group and the Bank issued on 14 July 2009. The note will mature on 14 July 2019 with an optional redemption date falling on 15 July 2014. Interest rate for the note is set on a quarterly basis based on 3-month HIBOR plus 200 basis points for the first 5 years from the date of issue to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the note is not redeemed, the interest rate will reset and the note will bear interest at 3-month HIBOR plus 250 basis points.

(b) This represents HK\$700,000,000 subordinated floating rate note qualifying as supplementary capital of the Group and the Bank issued on 22 September 2009. The note will mature on 22 September 2019 with an optional redemption date falling on 23 September 2014. Interest rate for the note is set on a quarterly basis based on 3-month HIBOR plus 200 basis points for the first 5 years from the date of issue to the optional redemption date. Thereafter, if the note is not redeemed, the interest rate will reset and the note will bear interest at 3-month HIBOR plus 250 basis points.

(c) This represents HK\$1,500,000,000 subordinated fixed rate notes qualifying as supplementary capital of the Group and the Bank issued on 28 December 2009. The notes will mature on 28 December 2021 with an optional redemption date falling on 28 December 2016. Interest at 5.70% per annum is payable on a quarterly basis.

36 遞延稅項

已於資產負債表內確認之遞延稅項資產／（負債）之組成部份，及年內之變動如下：

本集團

36 Deferred taxation

The components of deferred tax assets/(liabilities) recognised in the balance sheet and the movements during the year are as follows:

The Group

		加速 稅項折舊 Accelerated tax depreciation 港幣千元 HK\$'000	物業重估 Revaluation on properties 港幣千元 HK\$'000	退休 福利義務 Retirement benefit obligation 港幣千元 HK\$'000	貸款 減值準備 Impairment allowances on loans and advances 港幣千元 HK\$'000	稅項虧損 Tax loss 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	(9,715)	(420,427)	(35,241)	18,717	259,927	(715)	(187,454)
在收益表（扣除）／ 記賬	(Charged)/credited to the income statement	(8,819)	(6,284)	2,372	(199)	(128,759)	575	(141,114)
在其他全面收益扣除 （註釋39）	Charged to other comprehensive income (note 39)	—	(666)	—	—	—	(10,428)	(11,094)
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	(18,534)	(427,377)	(32,869)	18,518	131,168	(10,568)	(339,662)

本行

The Bank

		加速 稅項折舊 Accelerated tax depreciation 港幣千元 HK\$'000	物業重估 Revaluation on properties 港幣千元 HK\$'000	退休 福利義務 Retirement benefit obligation 港幣千元 HK\$'000	貸款 減值準備 Impairment allowances on loans and advances 港幣千元 HK\$'000	稅項虧損 Tax loss 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	(7,278)	(420,159)	(35,241)	13,166	174,238	737	(274,537)
在收益表（扣除）／ 記賬	(Charged)/credited to the income statement	(6,167)	(6,284)	2,372	1,062	(117,530)	—	(126,547)
在其他全面收益扣除 （註釋39）	Charged to other comprehensive income (note 39)	—	(666)	—	—	—	(10,554)	(11,220)
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	(13,445)	(427,109)	(32,869)	14,228	56,708	(9,817)	(412,304)

財務報表註釋
Notes to the Financial Statements

36 遞延稅項 (續)

36 Deferred taxation (Continued)

本集團

The Group

		加速 稅項折舊 Accelerated tax depreciation 港幣千元 HK\$'000	物業重估 Revaluation on properties 港幣千元 HK\$'000	退休 福利義務 Retirement benefit obligation 港幣千元 HK\$'000	貸款 減值準備 Impairment allowances on loans and advances 港幣千元 HK\$'000	稅項虧損 Tax loss 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	(10,087)	(421,694)	(35,571)	18,777	4,018	(19,602)	(464,159)
在收益表記賬／ (扣除)	Credited/(charged) to the income statement	372	971	330	(60)	255,909	1,097	258,619
在其他全面收益記賬 (註釋39)	Credited to other comprehensive income (note 39)	—	296	—	—	—	17,790	18,086
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	(9,715)	(420,427)	(35,241)	18,717	259,927	(715)	(187,454)

本行

The Bank

		加速 稅項折舊 Accelerated tax depreciation 港幣千元 HK\$'000	物業重估 Revaluation on properties 港幣千元 HK\$'000	退休 福利義務 Retirement benefit obligation 港幣千元 HK\$'000	貸款 減值準備 Impairment allowances on loans and advances 港幣千元 HK\$'000	稅項虧損 Tax loss 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	(6,859)	(421,410)	(35,571)	13,801	—	(143)	(450,182)
在收益表 (扣除)／ 記賬	(Charged)/credited to the income statement	(419)	971	330	(635)	174,238	—	174,485
在其他全面收益記賬 (註釋39)	Credited to other comprehensive income (note 39)	—	280	—	—	—	880	1,160
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	(7,278)	(420,159)	(35,241)	13,166	174,238	737	(274,537)

36 遞延稅項 (續)

36 Deferred taxation (Continued)

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
於資產負債表內確認 之遞延稅項資產淨額	Net deferred tax assets recognised in the balance sheet	75,159	88,909	—	—
於資產負債表內確認 之遞延稅項負債淨額	Net deferred tax liabilities recognised in the balance sheet	(414,821)	(276,363)	(412,304)	(274,537)
		(339,662)	(187,454)	(412,304)	(274,537)

遞延稅項資產乃因應相關稅務利益可透過未來應課稅溢利變現而就所結轉之稅項虧損予以確認。於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，本集團並未確認之稅項虧損為港幣99,654,000元(二〇〇八年：無)，可結轉以抵銷未來應課稅收入。

Deferred tax assets are recognised for tax losses carried forward to the extent that realisation of the deferred tax benefit through future profits is probable. At 31 December 2009, the Group had unrecognised tax losses of HK\$99,654,000 (2008: Nil) to be carried forward to set off against future taxable profits.

37 其他賬項及預提

37 Other accounts and accruals

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008	二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
應付利息	Interest payable	91,064	174,733	102,304	175,364
保費負債	Insurance liabilities	1,496,826	1,490,414	—	—
應付及其他賬項	Accounts and other payable	2,203,682	946,082	1,803,727	678,233
		3,791,572	2,611,229	1,906,031	853,597

37 其他賬項及預提 (續)

37 Other accounts and accruals (Continued)

保費負債分析如下：

Insurance liabilities are analysed as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
總額	Gross		
已呈報之索償及損失	Claims reported and loss adjustment		
支出調整	expenses	515,054	591,499
已發生但未呈報之索償	Claims incurred but not reported	609,929	506,686
未期滿保費	Unearned premiums	284,412	279,915
其他儲備	Other reserve	1,299	1,467
未到期風險準備	Provision for unexpired risk	14,305	17,236
其他	Others	71,827	93,611
保險負債總額	Total insurance liabilities, gross	1,496,826	1,490,414
於再投保人收回	Recoverable from reinsurers		
已呈報之索償及損失	Claims reported and loss adjustment		
支出調整	expenses	35,282	62,920
已發生但未呈報之索償	Claims incurred but not reported	106,499	60,622
未期滿保費	Unearned premiums	35,021	32,411
再投保人所佔保險負債 總額 (註釋24 (a))	Total reinsurers' share of insurance liabilities (note 24(a))	176,802	155,953
淨額	Net		
已呈報之索償及損失	Claims reported and loss adjustment		
支出調整	expenses	479,772	528,579
已發生但未呈報之索償	Claims incurred but not reported	503,430	446,064
未期滿保費	Unearned premiums	249,391	247,504
其他儲備	Other reserve	1,299	1,467
未到期風險準備	Provision for unexpired risk	14,305	17,236
其他	Others	71,827	93,611
保險負債淨額	Total insurance liabilities, net	1,320,024	1,334,461

已呈報之索償總額、調整損失支出負債及已承付索償但未呈報之負債為除去預期於可挽救及轉移中收回之淨額。於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日及二〇〇八年十二月三十一日之可挽救及轉移之金額並不重大，因此無獨立披露。

The gross claims reported, the loss adjustment expenses liabilities and the liability for claims incurred but not reported are net of expected recoveries from salvage and subrogation. The amounts for salvage and subrogation at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 are not separately disclosed as they are not material.

38 股本

38 Share capital

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
註冊股本：	Authorised:		
300,000,000股（二〇〇八年： 300,000,000股）普通股，每股港幣5元	300,000,000 (2008: 300,000,000) ordinary shares of HK\$5 each	1,500,000	1,500,000
已發行及已繳足股本：	Issued and fully paid:		
232,190,115股（二〇〇八年： 232,190,115股）普通股，每股港幣5元	232,190,115 (2008: 232,190,115) ordinary shares of HK\$5 each	1,160,951	1,160,951

普通股持有人有權收取不時宣派之股息，亦有權於本行之會議上以每股一票的方式投票。所有普通股對本行之剩餘淨資產享有同等地位。

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Bank. All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Bank's residual net assets.

39 儲備

39 Reserves

本集團

The Group

		資本儲備 Capital reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	重估 房產儲備 Bank premises revaluation reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	重估 投資儲備 Investment revaluation reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	法定儲備 Statutory surplus 港幣千元 HK\$'000	普通儲備 General reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	保留溢利 Retained earnings 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	57,500	36,145	173,794	25	1,003,730	7,969,750	9,240,944
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities							
－公平價值改變	－ Changes in fair value	－	－	188,766	－	－	－	188,766
－於出售時轉入	－ Transfer to income							
收益表	statement on disposal	－	－	(68,897)	－	－	－	(68,897)
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	－	4,039	－	－	－	－	4,039
應佔聯營公司儲備	Share of associates' reserves	－	－	137	－	－	－	137
應佔共同控制實體	Share of jointly controlled							
儲備	entities' reserves	－	－	4,489	－	－	－	4,489
公平價值調整	Effect of deferred taxation on							
對遞延稅項之	fair value adjustments							
影響（註釋36）	(note 36)	－	(666)	(10,428)	－	－	－	(11,094)
是年度溢利	Profit for the year	－	－	－	－	－	884,445	884,445
轉入保留溢利	Transfer to retained earning	－	－	－	(25)	－	25	－
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	57,500	39,518	287,861	－	1,003,730	8,854,220	10,242,829

39 儲備 (續)

39 Reserves (Continued)

本行

The Bank

		重估 房產儲備 Bank premises revaluation reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	重估 投資儲備 Investment revaluation reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	普通儲備 General reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	保留溢利 Retained earnings 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇九年一月一日	At 1 January 2009	34,788	29,583	1,003,730	7,470,751	8,538,852
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities					
— 公平價值改變	— Changes in fair value	—	142,094	—	—	142,094
— 於出售時轉入	— Transfer to income statement					
收益表	on disposal	—	(13,290)	—	—	(13,290)
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	4,039	—	—	—	4,039
公平價值調整對遞延	Effect of deferred taxation on					
稅項之影響 (註釋36)	fair value adjustments (note 36)	(666)	(10,554)	—	—	(11,220)
是年度溢利	Profit for the year	—	—	—	640,127	640,127
於二〇〇九年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2009	38,161	147,833	1,003,730	8,110,878	9,300,602

39 儲備 (續)

39 Reserves (Continued)

本集團

The Group

		資本儲備 Capital reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	重估 房產儲備 Bank premises revaluation reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	重估 投資儲備 Investment revaluation reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	法定儲備 Statutory surplus 港幣千元 HK\$'000	普通儲備 General reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	保留溢利 Retained earnings 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	57,500	35,069	972,543	–	1,003,730	9,250,310	11,319,152
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities							
– 公平價值改變	– Changes in fair value	–	–	(989,828)	–	–	–	(989,828)
– 於出售時轉入 收益表	– Transfer to income statement on disposal	–	–	(131,202)	–	–	–	(131,202)
– 於減值時轉入 收益表	– Transfer to income statement on impairment	–	–	309,785	–	–	–	309,785
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	–	780	–	–	–	–	780
應佔聯營公司儲備	Share of associates' reserves	–	–	(175)	–	–	–	(175)
應佔共同控制 實體儲備	Share of jointly controlled entities' reserves	–	–	(5,119)	–	–	–	(5,119)
公平價值調整對 遞延稅項之 影響 (註釋36)	Effect of deferred taxation on fair value adjustments (note 36)	–	296	17,790	–	–	–	18,086
是年度虧損	Loss for the year	–	–	–	–	–	(816,155)	(816,155)
轉入法定儲備	Transfer to statutory surplus	–	–	–	25	–	(25)	–
已派二〇〇七年 末期股息	2007 Final dividend paid	–	–	–	–	–	(348,285)	(348,285)
已派二〇〇八年 中期股息	2008 Interim dividend paid	–	–	–	–	–	(116,095)	(116,095)
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	57,500	36,145	173,794	25	1,003,730	7,969,750	9,240,944

39 儲備 (續)

39 Reserves (Continued)

本行

The Bank

		重估 房產儲備 Bank premises revaluation reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	重估 投資儲備 Investment revaluation reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	普通儲備 General reserve 港幣千元 HK\$'000	保留溢利 Retained earnings 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
於二〇〇八年一月一日	At 1 January 2008	33,728	92,800	1,003,730	8,229,500	9,359,758
可供出售之證券	Available-for-sale securities					
－ 公平價值改變	－ Changes in fair value	－	(363,314)	－	－	(363,314)
－ 於出售時轉入 收益表	－ Transfer to income statement on disposal	－	(6,651)	－	－	(6,651)
－ 於減值時轉入 收益表	－ Transfer to income statement on impairment	－	305,868	－	－	305,868
重估盈餘	Surplus on revaluation	780	－	－	－	780
公平價值調整對 遞延稅項之 影響 (註釋36)	Effect of deferred taxation on fair value adjustments (note 36)	280	880	－	－	1,160
是年度虧損	Loss for the year	－	－	－	(294,369)	(294,369)
已派二〇〇七年末期股息	2007 Final dividend paid	－	－	－	(348,285)	(348,285)
已派二〇〇八年中期股息	2008 Interim dividend paid	－	－	－	(116,095)	(116,095)
於二〇〇八年 十二月三十一日	At 31 December 2008	34,788	29,583	1,003,730	7,470,751	8,538,852

39 儲備 (續)

- (a) 本集團之資本儲備是由若干附屬公司將其保留溢利資本化並發行新股予本行時所成立。
- (b) 重估房產儲備乃根據載於註釋1.11的會計政策而成立。
- (c) 重估投資儲備乃可供出售證券在出售或減值前之公平價值變動之累計淨差額並根據載於註釋1.6及1.7的會計政策確認。
- (d) 法定盈餘儲備的款項是以本行於中華人民共和國成立之附屬公司之經審計後淨利潤的10%列賬，直至盈餘儲備之累計額相等於其註冊股本的50%。盈餘儲備經股東批准後可用於彌補累計虧損或轉化為實收股本。
- (e) 普通儲備是往年度從保留溢利轉撥之金額。
- (f) 本集團已於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日之保留溢利中保留港幣455,276,000元(二〇〇八年：港幣361,127,000元)作為法定儲備。法定儲備乃為審慎監督目的按照香港《銀行業條例》之條款保留，而是項儲備之變動直接記於保留溢利內，並須諮詢香港金融管理局。
- (g) 董事會並無擬派末期股息(二〇〇八年：無)。

39 Reserves (Continued)

- (a) The Group's capital reserve was set up in relation to the capitalisation by certain subsidiaries of their retained earnings for the issue of new shares to the Bank.
- (b) Bank premises revaluation reserve has been set up and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in note 1.11.
- (c) Investment revaluation reserve comprises the cumulative net change in the fair value of available-for-sale securities until the securities are derecognised or impaired and is dealt with in accordance with the accounting policies set out in notes 1.6 and 1.7.
- (d) Statutory surplus reserve is provided at 10% of the audited profit after tax of a subsidiary of the Bank which is incorporated in the People's Republic of China, until the reserve balance is equal to 50% of its registered share capital. Surplus reserve can be used to offset accumulated losses or capitalised as paid-up capital with the approval of shareholders.
- (e) General reserve comprises previous years' transfers from retained earnings.
- (f) At 31 December 2009, included in retained earnings is an amount of HK\$455,276,000 (2008: HK\$361,127,000) which was earmarked as regulatory reserve. The regulatory reserve is maintained to satisfy the provisions of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance for prudential supervision purposes. Movements in the reserve are made directly through retained earnings and in consultation with the Hong Kong Monetary Authority.
- (g) The directors did not propose any final dividend (2008: Nil) after the year end.

40 附屬公司欠款／存款

包括在下列各資產負債表項目內計有附屬公司結餘如下：

40 Amounts due from/to subsidiaries

Included in the following balance sheet headings are balances with subsidiaries:

		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
附屬公司欠款：	Amounts due from subsidiaries:		
－ 庫存現金及短期資金	Cash and short-term funds	55,000	60,000
－ 同業定期存放及貸款	Placements with and loans and advances to banks	315,000	320,000
－ 貸款及其他賬項	Advances and other accounts	168,482	197,800
		538,482	577,800
附屬公司存款：	Amounts due to subsidiaries:		
－ 同業存款	Deposits and balances from banks	93,439	97,028
－ 客戶存款	Deposits from customers	1,601,266	846,787
－ 以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	—	39,856
－ 其他賬項及預提	Other accounts and accruals	36,920	20,660
		1,731,625	1,004,331

41 分部報告

(a) 按業務劃分

本集團主要從事商業銀行業務，其中可分為五類。零售銀行業務包括提供接受存款、按揭及私人貸款、理財及保險代理服務。公司及商業銀行業務包括提供工商業貸款、貿易融資、租購及租賃。財資業務包括外匯、金融市場及資本市場等活動。保險業務包括承保及其他相關業務。經紀業務包括證券及期貨經紀服務。其他業務主要包括物業投資、中國及海外業務。

未分類項目主要包括中央管理層及其他共同分享服務之資產及負債、稅項、以及其他未能合理分配予特定業務分部的項目。

41 Segment reporting

(a) Business segments

The Group operates predominantly in commercial banking which comprises five business segments. Retail banking includes acceptance of deposits, mortgage and personal loan lending, wealth management and insurance agency services. Corporate and commercial banking includes advance of commercial and industrial loans, trade financing, hire purchase and leasing. Treasury activities include foreign exchange, money market and capital market activities. Insurance activities include insurance underwriting and other related businesses. Brokerage activities include securities and futures brokerage services. Other activities mainly comprise investment properties holding, China and overseas operations.

Unallocated items mainly comprise assets and liabilities of the central management unit and other shared services, taxation and any items which cannot be reasonably allocated to specific business segments.

41 分部報告 (續)

41 Segment reporting (Continued)

(a) 按業務劃分 (續)

(a) Business segments (Continued)

		零售銀行 Retail banking 港幣千元 HK\$'000	公司及 商業銀行 Corporate and commercial banking 港幣千元 HK\$'000	財資 Treasury 港幣千元 HK\$'000	保險 Insurance 港幣千元 HK\$'000	經紀 Brokerage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	可匯報 分部合計 Total reportable segments 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	未分類業務 及分部間之 交易抵銷 Unallocated and inter- segment elimination 港幣千元 HK\$'000	本集團 Group 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009									
淨利息收入／(支出)	Net interest income/(expense)									
－外部	－ External	102,435	439,937	654,066	8,422	12,605	1,217,465	114,359	－	1,331,824
－內部分部	－ Inter-segment	544,270	(159,314)	(396,247)	12,674	(1,614)	(231)	231	－	－
		646,705	280,623	257,819	21,096	10,991	1,217,234	114,590	－	1,331,824
服務費及佣金淨 收入／(支出)	Net fees and commission income/(expense)	77,943	46,814	(5,524)	－	247,662	366,895	15,180	50	382,125
其他營業收入	Other operating income									
－外部	－ External	103,137	115,459	179,372	1,156	3,371	402,495	119,060	－	521,555
－內部分部	－ Inter-segment	－	－	－	－	－	－	134,990	(134,990)	－
分部營業收入	Segment operating income	827,785	442,896	431,667	22,252	262,024	1,986,624	383,820	(134,940)	2,235,504
營業支出	Operating expenses									
－外部	－ External	(584,941)	(66,368)	(37,178)	(25,489)	(70,437)	(784,413)	(117,639)	(251,832)	(1,153,884)
－內部分部	－ Inter-segment	(132,770)	(16,439)	(6,502)	(170)	(34,177)	(190,058)	(6,262)	196,320	－
		(717,711)	(82,807)	(43,680)	(25,659)	(104,614)	(974,471)	(123,901)	(55,512)	(1,153,884)
信貸損失之減值調撥	Impairment charge for credit loss	(7,662)	(9,389)	－	－	(838)	(17,889)	(60,032)	－	(77,921)
分部營業溢利／(虧損)	Segment operating profit/(loss)	102,412	350,700	387,987	(3,407)	156,572	994,264	199,887	(190,452)	1,003,699
投資物業公平價值之收益	Fair value gains on investment properties									38,084
應佔共同控制實體 之淨溢利	Share of net profits of jointly controlled entities									30,174
應佔聯營公司之淨溢利	Share of net profits of associates									2,961
除稅前溢利	Profit before tax									1,074,918
所得稅	Income tax									(190,473)
除稅後溢利	Profit after tax									884,445
資本開支	Capital expenditure	58,401	7,335	1,219	736	19,833	87,524	7,238	21,318	116,080
折舊及攤銷費用	Depreciation and amortisation charge	27,037	3,896	2,263	463	8,314	41,973	25,475	13,218	80,666
分部資產	Segment assets	26,434,143	26,741,365	57,464,772	1,874,776	1,179,247	113,694,303	9,382,380	416,342	123,493,025
內部分部交易	Inter-segment transactions									(6,369,657)
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities									181,619
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates									4,936
總資產	Total assets									117,309,923
分部負債	Segment liabilities	93,550,190	988,993	8,144,654	1,569,931	499,702	104,753,470	7,037,706	484,624	112,275,800
內部分部交易	Inter-segment transactions									(6,369,657)
總負債	Total liabilities									105,906,143

財務報表註釋

Notes to the Financial Statements

41 分部報告 (續)

41 Segment reporting (Continued)

(a) 按業務劃分 (續)

(a) Business segments (Continued)

		零售銀行 Retail banking 港幣千元 HK\$'000	公司及 商業銀行 Corporate and commercial banking 港幣千元 HK\$'000	財資 Treasury 港幣千元 HK\$'000	保險 Insurance 港幣千元 HK\$'000	經紀 Brokerage 港幣千元 HK\$'000	可匯報 分部合計 Total reportable segments 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	未分類業務 及分部間之 交易抵銷 Unallocated and inter- segment elimination 港幣千元 HK\$'000	本集團 Group 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇八年 (重列)	2008 (Restated)									
淨利息收入/(支出)	Net interest income/(expense)									
– 外部	– External	(954,712)	719,973	1,339,843	34,808	16,238	1,156,150	121,183	–	1,277,333
– 內部分部	– Inter-segment	1,567,940	(544,142)	(1,116,512)	8,676	(4,764)	(88,802)	88,802	–	–
		613,228	175,831	223,331	43,484	11,474	1,067,348	209,985	–	1,277,333
服務費及佣金淨 收入/(支出)	Net fees and commission income/(expense)	87,644	47,634	(5,045)	–	196,145	326,378	17,117	4	343,499
其他營業收入/(支出)	Other operating income/(expense)									
– 外部	– External	115,783	(936,253)	168,360	(386,892)	707	(1,038,295)	114,667	–	(923,628)
– 內部分部	– Inter-segment	–	–	–	–	–	–	126,553	(126,553)	–
分部營業收入/(支出)	Segment operating income/(expense)	816,655	(712,788)	386,646	(343,408)	208,326	355,431	468,322	(126,549)	697,204
營業支出	Operating expenses									
– 外部	– External	(539,557)	(54,188)	(29,763)	(28,176)	(55,435)	(707,119)	(93,659)	(247,448)	(1,048,226)
– 內部分部	– Inter-segment	(112,356)	(16,455)	(6,268)	(167)	(41,598)	(176,844)	(8,474)	185,318	–
		(651,913)	(70,643)	(36,031)	(28,343)	(97,033)	(883,963)	(102,133)	(62,130)	(1,048,226)
信貸損失之減值調撥	Impairment charge for credit loss	(229,036)	(34,521)	(462,927)	(3,917)	–	(730,401)	(16,324)	–	(746,725)
分部營業 (虧損)/溢利	Segment operating (loss)/profit	(64,294)	(817,952)	(112,312)	(375,668)	111,293	(1,258,933)	349,865	(188,679)	(1,097,747)
投資物業公平價值之收益	Fair value gains on investment properties									137,586
應佔共同控制實體 之淨虧損	Share of net losses of jointly controlled entities									(84,667)
應佔聯營公司之淨溢利	Share of net profits of associates									1,882
除稅前虧損	Loss before tax									(1,042,946)
所得稅	Income tax									226,791
除稅後虧損	Loss after tax									(816,155)
資本開支	Capital expenditure	26,557	5,960	331	1,101	3,269	37,218	29,812	9,507	76,537
折舊及攤銷費用	Depreciation and amortisation charge	19,010	2,002	2,123	466	3,408	27,009	24,048	8,626	59,683
分部資產	Segment assets	26,271,162	18,791,415	50,726,095	1,696,330	751,048	98,236,050	6,475,622	301,230	105,012,902
內部分部交易	Inter-segment transactions									(4,579,815)
共同控制實體權益	Interests in jointly controlled entities									153,900
聯營公司權益	Interests in associates									5,867
總資產	Total assets									100,592,854
分部負債	Segment liabilities	83,554,027	704,404	4,333,402	1,495,753	324,570	90,412,156	4,061,265	297,353	94,770,774
內部分部交易	Inter-segment transactions									(4,579,815)
總負債	Total liabilities									90,190,959

41 分部報告 (續)

(b) 按地域劃分

本集團主要在香港經營業務，本集團之海外業務佔本集團之收入、溢利、資產或負債少於10%。

42 或有債務及承擔

下列為或有債務及承擔之每個主要類別之合約金額，及信貸風險比重金額總計：

41 Segment reporting (Continued)

(b) Geographical area

The Group operates predominantly in Hong Kong. Less than 10% of the Group's income, profit, assets or liabilities are attributable to the Group's operations outside Hong Kong.

42 Contingent liabilities and commitments

The following is a summary of the contractual amounts of each significant class of contingent liabilities and commitments, and the aggregate credit risk weighted amounts:

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
合約金額	Contractual amount				
直接信貸替代品	Direct credit substitutes	609,267	287,168	680,912	353,813
交易項目有關之 或有債務	Transaction-related contingencies	50,309	122,324	50,309	122,324
商業項目有關之 或有債務	Trade-related contingencies	177,786	121,539	177,786	121,539
可以無條件取消之 其他承擔	Other commitments which are unconditionally cancellable	10,017,818	9,050,982	10,099,431	9,135,755
原本年期為 一年或以下之 其他承擔	Other commitments with an original maturity of one year or less	2,962,001	655,300	2,962,001	655,300
原本年期為 一年以上之 其他承擔	Other commitments with an original maturity of over one year	5,559,765	3,796,778	5,559,765	3,796,778
		19,376,946	14,034,091	19,530,204	14,185,509
信貸風險比重金額	Credit risk weighted amount	3,635,903	2,187,860	3,704,137	2,253,594

用以計算信貸風險比重金額之風險比重為0%至150%。

The risk weights used in the computation of credit risk weighted amounts range from 0% to 150%.

43 資本及租約承擔

43 Capital and lease commitments

(a) 於十二月三十一日，不包括於財務報表內之資本承擔如下：

(a) Capital commitments outstanding at 31 December not provided for in the financial statements are as follows:

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
已簽約但未作準備	Contracted but not provided for	6,012	43,638	5,378	41,502
已授權但未簽約	Authorised but not contracted for	–	1,489	–	1,489

(b) 於十二月三十一日，不可撤銷之營業租賃之未來最低應付租賃款項總額如下：

(b) At 31 December, the total future minimum lease payments payable under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

		本集團 The Group		本行 The Bank	
		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
土地及樓宇	Land and buildings				
– 第一年內	– Within one year	27,218	25,655	23,671	24,388
– 第二至第五年內	– After one year but within five years	51,649	44,380	49,896	44,380
– 五年以上	– Over five years	–	7,590	–	7,590
		78,867	77,625	73,567	76,358

本集團及本行以營業租賃租用一些物業。租約基本年期為一至六年。此等租約並不包括或有租金收入。

The Group and the Bank lease certain properties under operating leases. The leases typically run for an initial period of 1 to 6 years. None of the leases include contingent rentals.

44 綜合現金流量表註釋

44 Notes to consolidated cash flow statement

(a) 除稅前溢利／(虧損) 與營業活動之現金流入淨額對賬表

(a) Reconciliation of profit/(loss) before taxation to cash generated from operations

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
除稅前溢利／(虧損)	Profit/(loss) before taxation	1,074,918	(1,042,946)
調整項目：	Adjustments for:		
應佔共同控制實體淨(溢利)／虧損	Share of net (profits)/losses of jointly controlled entities	(30,174)	84,667
應佔聯營公司淨溢利	Share of net profits of associates	(2,961)	(1,882)
出售可供出售證券之淨收益	Net gain on disposal of available-for-sale securities	(68,897)	(131,202)
出售其他物業及設備之淨虧損	Net loss on disposal of other properties and equipment	2,283	1,635
投資物業公平價值之收益	Fair value gains on investment properties	(38,084)	(137,586)
信貸虧損減值調撥	Impairment charge for credit losses	77,921	746,725
折舊	Depreciation	76,308	55,511
租賃土地之溢價攤銷	Amortisation of land lease premium	4,358	4,172
攤銷可供出售證券及持至到期證券之溢價	Amortisation of premium on available-for-sale securities and held-to-maturity securities	(26,459)	(136,714)
營運資金變動前之營業溢利／(虧損)	Operating profit/(loss) before changes in working capital	1,069,213	(557,620)
營運資產(增加)／減少：	(Increase)/decrease in operating assets:		
短期資金	Short-term funds	(1,333,579)	904,509
同業定期存放及貸款(三個月以後到期)	Placements with and loans and advances to banks maturing beyond three months	(2,049,387)	616,115
持作買賣用途證券	Trading securities	986,070	(110,540)
以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融資產	Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss	(1,291,194)	495,665
貸款及其他賬項	Advances and other accounts	(9,695,538)	(392,320)
營業負債增加／(減少)：	Increase/(decrease) in operating liabilities:		
衍生金融負債淨額	Net derivative financial liabilities	294,410	366,352
同業存款(三個月以後到期)	Deposits and balances from banks maturing beyond three months	354,625	81,488
客戶存款	Deposits from customers	9,807,801	12,012,268
發行之存款證	Certificates of deposit issued	960,371	(752,224)
以公平價值誌入損益賬之金融負債	Financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss	(1,673,948)	(82,936)
交易賬項下之負債	Trading liabilities	29,491	(86)
其他賬項及預提	Other accounts and accruals	1,174,637	(1,066,267)
營業活動之現金(流出)／流入淨額	Cash (used in)/generated from operations	(1,367,028)	11,514,404

44 綜合現金流量表註釋 (續)

44 Notes to consolidated cash flow statement (Continued)

(b) 現金及等同現金項目之結餘分析

(b) Analysis of the balance of cash and cash equivalents

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
庫存現金及存放同業	Cash and balances with banks	2,375,819	2,160,442
短期存放同業	Money at call and short notice	15,039,967	33,882,916
同業定期存放及貸款 (原到期日在三個月內)	Placements with and loans and advances to banks with original maturity within three months	7,635,999	3,983,327
國庫券 (原到期日在三個月內)	Treasury bills with original maturity within three months	1,258,930	629,910
沽空之外匯基金票據及債券	Short positions in Exchange Fund Bills and Notes	(4,000)	(594,956)
同業存款 (原到期日在三個月內)	Deposits and balances from banks with original maturity within three months	(2,890,868)	(762,256)
		23,415,847	39,299,383

45 已作抵押品之資產

45 Assets pledged as security

- (a) 於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，一筆為數值美元7,200,000元 (等同港幣55,836,000元；二〇〇八年十二月三十一日：美元7,200,000元，等同港幣55,800,000元) 之貨幣市場存款含於庫存現金及短期資金內，已抵押予美國貨幣審計部，作為本行羅省分行之法定存款。
- (a) At 31 December 2009, a money market deposit of US\$7,200,000 (equivalent to HK\$55,836,000; 2008: US\$7,200,000 equivalent to HK\$55,800,000) included in cash and short-term funds has been pledged to the Office of the Comptroller of Currency of the United States of America as a statutory deposit for the Bank's branch in Los Angeles.
- (b) 於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，總額合共港幣34,499,000元 (二〇〇八年：港幣596,318,000元) 的外匯基金票據及債券，已因應本行根據銷售及回購協議對沽空外匯基金票據及債券而作抵押，此等協議乃按市場之正常商業條款進行。相關的外匯基金票據及債券主要包括在「持作買賣用途證券」內。
- (b) At 31 December 2009, Hong Kong Exchange Fund Bills and Notes totalling HK\$34,499,000 (2008: HK\$596,318,000) which are included in "Trading securities" have been pledged to secure the Bank's short positions in Exchange Fund Bills and Notes under sale and repurchase agreements entered into by the Bank in the normal course of its business.

46 高級人員貸款

按照香港《公司條例》第161B條之規定，本行貸款予高級人員之詳情公佈如下：

46 Loans to officers

Loans made by the Bank to officers and disclosed pursuant to section 161B of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance are as follows:

		於十二月三十一日 之結欠額		全年最高 結欠額	
		Balance outstanding at 31 December		Maximum balance during the year	
		二〇〇九	二〇〇八	二〇〇九	二〇〇八
		2009	2008	2009	2008
		港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元	港幣千元
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
本金及利息之結 欠總額	Aggregate amount outstanding in respect of principal and interest	7,009	3,264	7,533	4,712

47 重大有關連人士之交易

是年度內，本集團在正常商業活動下與有關連人士進行之銀行交易，包括放款、存款、保險及其他金融相關交易。該等有關連人士為可控制本集團的公司、本行之主要行政人員及其近親家庭成員，並包括受本集團及該等人士所控制或可對其行使重大影響力之公司。除在本財務報表其他地方所披露之交易及結餘外，本集團所參與的一切其他重大有關連人士之交易詳列如下：

47 Material related party transactions

During the year, the Group entered into certain banking transactions with related parties in the normal course of business, which include loans, deposits, insurance and other financial related transactions. These related parties are the company which has control over the Group, key management personnel of the Bank, close members of their families and companies controlled or significantly influenced by the Group or by them. In addition to the transactions and balances disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, other material related party transactions entered into by the Group are as follows:

		控股公司 Holding company 港幣千元 HK\$'000	共同 控制實體 Jointly controlled entities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	聯營公司 Associates 港幣千元 HK\$'000	主要 行政人員 Key management personnel 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 有關連人士 Other related parties 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年 本集團及本行	2009 The Group and the Bank						
於年結日結餘總額	Aggregate amounts outstanding at the year end						
－ 貸款	－ Loans	21,374	55,098	－	4,181	49	80,702
－ 拆放存款	－ Placement of deposits	8,483	－	－	－	－	8,483
－ 客戶存款	－ Deposits from customers	821,872	689,507	2,583	595,445	5,636,751	7,746,158
－ 發行之後償債項	－ Subordinated debt issued	1,500,000	－	－	－	－	1,500,000
－ 其他賬項及預提	－ Other accounts and accruals	4,263	－	－	－	－	4,263
資產負債表外結餘 － 外匯合約 (名義金額)	Off-balance sheet outstanding － Exchange rate contracts (notional amounts)	1,546,946	－	－	－	－	1,546,946
－ 其他承擔	－ Other commitments	－	18,000	－	2,086	329	20,415
本集團	The Group						
是年度收取有關連人士 之收入	Income for the year received from related parties						
－ 利息收入	－ Interest income	265	576	－	66	1,697	2,604
－ 其他營業收入	－ Other operating income	2	6,362	584	60	630	7,638
－ 保險營業淨收入	－ Net insurance operating income	－	616	－	34	1	651
		267	7,554	584	160	2,328	10,893
是年度支付予有關 連人士之費用	Expenses for the year paid to related parties						
－ 利息支出	－ Interest expenses	20,918	4,664	6	579	23,540	49,707
－ 營業支出	－ Operating expenses	3	6,933	－	－	－	6,936
－ 保險營業淨支出	－ Net insurance operating expenses	－	282	18,886	43	－	19,211
		20,921	11,879	18,892	622	23,540	75,854

47 重大有關連人士之交易（續）

47 Material related party transactions (Continued)

		控股公司 Holding company 港幣千元 HK\$'000	共同 控制實體 Jointly controlled entities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	聯營公司 Associates 港幣千元 HK\$'000	主要 行政人員 Key management personnel 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 有關連人士 Other related parties 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇八年 本集團及本行	2008 The Group and the Bank						
於年結日結餘總額	Aggregate amounts outstanding at the year end						
－ 貸款	－ Loans	–	61,062	–	6,571	150,005	217,638
－ 拆放存款	－ Placement of deposits	31,028	–	–	–	–	31,028
－ 客戶存款	－ Deposits from customers	56,697	905,934	15,056	488,146	4,967,920	6,433,753
資產負債表外結餘 － 其他承擔	Off-balance sheet outstanding － Other commitments	–	12,000	–	1,544	82	13,626
本集團	The Group						
是年度收取有關連 人士之收入	Income for the year received from related parties						
－ 利息收入	－ Interest income	151	2,133	–	238	5,129	7,651
－ 其他營業收入	－ Other operating income	–	7,145	580	173	1,697	9,595
－ 保險營業淨收入	－ Net insurance operating income	–	4,157	–	–	–	4,157
		151	13,435	580	411	6,826	21,403
是年度支付予有關連 人士之費用	Expenses for the year paid to related parties						
－ 利息支出	－ Interest expenses	1,106	13,413	32	18,731	69,902	103,184
－ 營業支出	－ Operating expenses	–	6,091	–	–	5,715	11,806
－ 保險營業淨支出	－ Net insurance operating expenses	–	–	23,942	–	–	23,942
		1,106	19,504	23,974	18,731	75,617	138,932

本集團並無為上述授予有關連人士之貸款確認任何減值準備（二〇〇八年：無）。

No impairment allowances have been recognised in respect of loans granted to related parties (2008: Nil).

47 重大有關連人士之交易 (續)

主要行政人員報酬

本集團內主要行政人員，包括本行董事之報酬分析如下：

	二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
薪酬、花紅及其他短期福利	30,068	32,559
退休福利	1,560	1,461
	31,628	34,020

47 Material related party transactions (Continued)

Key management personnel remuneration

Remuneration for key management personnel of the Group including amounts paid to the Bank's directors is as follows:

48 財務報表綜合基礎之附屬公司

康令有限公司 #
時永投資有限公司
永隆代理有限公司
永隆銀行受託代管有限公司 #
永隆銀行信託有限公司 #
永隆授信有限公司
永隆財務有限公司
永隆期貨有限公司 #
永隆資訊科技(深圳)有限公司 **
永隆保險顧問有限公司
永隆保險有限公司 #
永隆管業有限公司 #
永隆證券有限公司 #
Wingspan Incorporated

為法定報表計算二〇〇九年及二〇〇八年十二月三十一日之綜合資本比率，並不包括此等公司

* 於二〇一〇年一月開始進行清算

48 List of subsidiaries for financial reporting consolidation

Hongnet Limited #
Sea Wing Investments Limited
Wing Lung Agency Limited
Wing Lung Bank (Nominees) Limited #
Wing Lung Bank (Trustee) Limited #
Wing Lung Credit Limited
Wing Lung Finance Limited
Wing Lung Futures Limited #
Wing Lung Information Technology (Shenzhen) Limited **
Wing Lung Insurance Brokers Limited
Wing Lung Insurance Company Limited #
Wing Lung Property Management Limited #
Wing Lung Securities Limited #
Wingspan Incorporated

Companies excluded in the computation of the consolidated capital ratios at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 for regulatory reporting purposes

* Liquidation process commenced in January 2010

49 母公司及最終控股公司

本集團之母公司及最終控股公司為於中華人民共和國註冊之招商銀行股份有限公司。

49 Immediate and ultimate holding company

The directors consider that the immediate and ultimate holding company of the Group to be China Merchants Bank Co., Ltd., which is incorporated in the People's Republic of China.

50 比較數字

就引用香港會計準則第1號(經修訂)「財務報表之呈列」及香港財務報告準則第8號「營業分部」，若干比較數字已作出修訂以遵從本年度之報表呈列，同時亦提供於二〇〇九年首次披露之項目之相關比較數字。詳情已披露於註釋1.1。

50 Comparative figures

As a result of the application of HKAS 1 (revised), Presentation of financial statements, and HKFRS 8, Operating segments, certain comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to the current year's presentation and comparative amounts in respect of items disclosed for the first time in 2009 has been provided. Further details of these developments are disclosed in note 1.1.

以下公佈之資料為財務報表補充資料，此等資料並不屬於經審核財務報表之一部份。

The following information is disclosed as part of the accompanying information to the financial statements and does not form part of the audited financial statements.

1 資本充足比率及資本基礎

1 Capital adequacy ratio and capital base

		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
資本比率	Capital ratios		
－ 資本充足比率	－ Capital adequacy ratio	16.2%	13.8%
－ 核心資本充足比率	－ Core capital adequacy ratio	9.9%	12.0%

用於計算上述二〇〇九年及二〇〇八年十二月三十一日之資本比率的資本基礎減除扣減項目分析如下：

The capital base after deductions used in the calculation of the above capital ratios as at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 is analysed as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
核心資本：	Core capital:		
繳足股款的普通股本	Paid up ordinary share capital	1,160,951	1,160,951
儲備	Reserves	5,851,230	6,249,989
損益賬	Profit and loss account	56,912	(482,180)
扣除：遞延稅項資產	Less: Deferred tax assets	(3,768)	(22,689)
核心資本	Core capital	7,065,325	6,906,071
減：核心資本的扣減項目	Less: Deductions from core capital	(399,087)	(407,402)
扣減項目後的核心資本總額	Total core capital after deductions	6,666,238	6,498,669
附加資本：	Supplementary capital:		
因按公平價值重估持有土地及樓宇而產生收益的儲備	Reserves attributable to fair value gains on revaluation of holdings of land and buildings	824,416	824,416
因按公平價值重估持有可供出售股權證券及債務證券而產生收益的儲備	Reserves attributable to fair value gains on revaluation of holdings of available-for-sale equities and debt securities	77,973	18,245
因按公平價值重估以公平價值誌入損益賬之股權證券及債務證券而產生之未實現收益	Unrealised fair value gains arising from holdings of equities and debt securities designated at fair value through profit or loss	199,550	35,610
一般銀行業風險的法定儲備	Regulatory reserve for general banking risks	455,276	361,127
綜合評估減值準備	Collective impairment allowances	126,403	117,364
發行之後償債項	Term subordinated debt	3,000,000	–
附加資本	Supplementary capital	4,683,618	1,356,762
減：附加資本的扣減項目	Less: Deductions from supplementary capital	(399,087)	(407,402)
扣減項目後的附加資本總額	Total supplementary capital after deductions	4,284,531	949,360
扣減項目後的資本基礎總額	Total capital base after deductions	10,950,769	7,448,029

1 資本充足比率及資本基礎 (續)

本集團於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日及二〇〇八年十二月三十一日之資本比率，乃按照香港金融管理局所發出之《銀行業(資本)規則》計算。該規則乃根據香港《銀行業條例》第98A條而制定。根據《銀行業(資本)規則》，本集團選擇採納「標準方法」計算信貸風險及市場風險之風險比重資產，以及採用「基本指標方法」計算營運風險。

於十二月三十一日，所計算資本比率之綜合基礎乃跟隨財務報表之綜合基礎，但撇除列於本財務報表註釋48之若干附屬公司。因此，該等未綜合之附屬公司之投資成本會從資本基礎中扣除。

2 流動資金比率

流動資金比率是根據香港《銀行業條例》附表四就本行及由香港金融管理局指定之一間附屬公司在本年度內每個曆月之綜合平均流動資金比率而計算之簡單平均數。

1 Capital adequacy ratio and capital base (Continued)

The capital ratios at 31 December 2009 and 31 December 2008 were calculated in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules issued by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority (“HKMA”) under section 98A of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance. In accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules, the Group has adopted the “standardised approach” for the calculation of the risk-weighted assets for credit risk and market risk, and the “basic indicator approach” for the calculation of operational risk.

The basis of consolidation for calculation of the capital ratios at 31 December follows the basis of consolidation for financial reporting but excludes certain subsidiaries as set out in note 48 to the financial statements. The investment costs of these subsidiaries are therefore deducted from capital.

2 Liquidity ratio

		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
流動資金比率	Liquidity ratio	55.0%	51.7%

The liquidity ratio is calculated as the simple average of each calendar month's average consolidated liquidity ratio for the year calculated for the Bank and a subsidiary as specified by the HKMA during the year in accordance with the Fourth Schedule of the Hong Kong Banking Ordinance.

3 信貸風險、市場風險及營運風險之資本要求

補充財務資料註釋1之資本比率乃根據《銀行業（資本）規則》為法定要求而計算之本行及其若干附屬公司於十二月三十一日之綜合比率。財務報表註釋48描述了為會計要求之綜合基礎。

各類風險承擔之資本規定如下：

(a) 信貸風險之資本要求

本集團以標準方法計算信貸風險之資本要求。

3 Capital charge for credit, market and operational risks

The capital ratios in note 1 to the supplementary financial information represent the consolidated ratio that comprises the positions of the Bank and subsidiaries for regulatory purposes as at 31 December computed in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules. For accounting purposes, the basis of consolidation is described in note 48 to the financial statements.

The capital requirements for each class of exposures are summarised as follows:

(a) Capital charge for credit risk

The Group uses the standardised approach for calculation of the capital charge for credit risk.

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
官方實體風險承擔	Sovereign exposures	1,465	501
公營機構風險承擔	Public sector entity exposures	28,741	35,109
同業風險承擔	Bank exposures	928,600	772,211
企業風險承擔	Corporate exposures	3,011,691	2,239,695
現金項目	Cash items	14,943	6,885
法定零售風險承擔	Regulatory retail exposures	148,638	141,992
住宅按揭貸款	Residential mortgage loans	336,754	342,547
其他未逾期風險承擔	Other exposures which are not past due exposures	370,554	367,909
逾期風險承擔	Past due exposures	23,314	16,370
資產負債表內風險承擔 之總資本要求	Total capital charge for on-balance sheet exposures	4,864,700	3,923,219
直接信貸代替品	Direct credit substitutes	46,658	17,160
交易項目有關之或有債務	Transaction-related contingencies	1,823	4,734
商業項目有關之或有債務	Trade-related contingencies	3,188	3,011
其他承擔	Other commitments	244,670	151,322
外匯合約	Exchange rate contracts	3,586	840
利率合約	Interest rate contracts	2,252	957
股權合約	Equity contracts	2,450	1,500
資產負債表外風險承擔 之總資本要求	Total capital charge for off-balance sheet exposures	304,627	179,524
信貸風險之總資本要求	Total capital charge for credit risk	5,169,327	4,102,743

資本要求乃將本集團從有關計算方法所得之風險比重金額乘以8%計算，並非本集團之真正「法定資本」。

This disclosure is made by multiplying the Group's risk-weighted amount derived from the relevant calculation approach by 8%, not the Group's actual "regulatory capital".

3 信貸風險、市場風險及營運風險之資本要求 (續)

(b) 市場風險之資本要求

本集團以標準方法計算市場風險之資本要求。

3 Capital charge for credit, market and operational risks (Continued)

(b) Capital charge for market risk

The Group uses the standardised approach for calculation of the capital charge for market risk.

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
利率風險承擔 (包括期權)	Interest rate exposures (including options)	21,273	22,489
股權風險承擔 (包括期權)	Equity exposures (including options)	7,653	17,480
外匯風險承擔 (包括黃金及期權)	Foreign exchange exposures (including gold and options)	40,126	8,150
市場風險之總資本要求	Capital charge for market risk	69,052	48,119

(c) 營運風險之資本要求

本集團以基本指標方法計算營運風險之資本要求。

(c) Capital charge for operational risk

The Group uses the basic indicator approach for calculating the capital charge for operational risk.

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
營運風險之總資本要求	Capital charge for operational risk	283,199	276,392

4 貨幣集中

本集團所有外幣持倉盤中，美元貨幣持倉佔淨盤總額的10%或以上，現以港幣等值列報如下：

4 Currency concentrations

The US dollar net position constitutes 10% or more of the total net position in all foreign currencies and is reported in Hong Kong dollar equivalent as follows:

		本集團 The Group	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
現貨資產	Spot assets	22,096,772	15,113,826
現貨負債	Spot liabilities	(15,018,637)	(14,717,978)
遠期買入	Forward purchases	4,534,228	2,183,351
遠期賣出	Forward sales	(8,732,325)	(1,580,935)
期權淨額	Net option position	(19,832)	(2,323)
長盤淨額	Net long position	2,860,206	995,941

期權持倉淨額是根據香港金融管理局於「外幣持倉」申報表所載之「模式使用者」方式計算。

The net option position is calculated based on the model user approach set out in the prudential return “Foreign Currency Position” issued by the HKMA.

本集團所有外幣結構性倉盤中，人民幣及美元貨幣結構性倉盤佔淨結構性倉盤總額的10%或以上，現以港幣等值列報如下：

The RMB and US dollar net structural positions constitute 10% or more of the total net structural position in all foreign currencies and are reported in Hong Kong dollar equivalent as follows:

		本集團 The Group	
		二〇〇九 2009	二〇〇八 2008
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
結構性倉盤淨額	Net structural position		
美元	US dollar	289,412	273,454
人民幣	RMB	352,232	328,082
		641,644	601,536

5 分類資料

5 Segmental information

(a) 按行業分類之客戶貸款總額

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sectors

		二〇〇九 2009		二〇〇八 2008	
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	抵押品佔 客戶貸款 之百分比 % of gross advances covered by collateral	港幣千元 HK\$'000	抵押品佔 客戶貸款 之百分比 % of gross advances covered by collateral
在香港使用之貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong				
工商金融	Industrial, commercial and financial				
物業發展	Property development	4,524,586	19.5	4,133,346	23.8
物業投資	Property investment	15,592,270	89.9	13,185,748	93.9
金融企業	Financial concerns	1,521,105	14.5	271,809	98.5
股票經紀	Stockbrokers	20,000	—	229	100.0
批發及零售業	Wholesale and retail trade	1,996,928	32.6	851,923	88.6
製造業	Manufacturing	499,229	59.3	526,514	67.8
運輸及運輸設備	Transport and transport equipment	1,066,172	33.6	1,365,053	25.4
娛樂活動	Recreational activities	26,801	50.3	20,372	82.3
資訊科技	Information technology	3,031	70.9	3,084	82.4
其他	Others	3,011,099	62.4	3,357,481	55.1
個人	Individuals				
購買「居者有其屋計劃」、「私人參建居屋計劃」與「租者置其屋計劃」樓宇之貸款	Loans for the purchase of flats in the Home Ownership Scheme, Private Sector Participation Scheme and Tenants Purchase Scheme	1,546,572	100.0	1,765,912	100.0
購買其他住宅物業的貸款	Loans for the purchase of other residential properties	9,428,580	100.0	9,552,132	99.8
信用卡貸款	Credit card advances	422,898	—	470,908	—
其他	Others	1,361,120	93.2	1,410,419	93.9
貿易融資	Trade finance	411,467	69.5	622,556	62.5
		41,431,858	74.4	37,537,486	79.9
在香港以外使用之貸款	Loans for use outside Hong Kong	11,378,700	40.7	5,830,616	45.0
		52,810,558	67.2	43,368,102	75.2

5 分類資料 (續)

(a) 按行業分類之客戶貸款總額 (續)

按行業分類之客戶貸款不少於客戶貸款總額10%的類別，其已減值貸款、減值準備、新增減值準備調撥至收益表及已減值貸款撇除之總額分析如下：

5 Segmental information (Continued)

(a) Gross advances to customers by industry sectors (Continued)

The gross amount of impaired loans, impairment allowances, amount of new impairment allowances charged to income statement and the amount of impaired loans written off for those industry sectors which constitute not less than 10% of gross advances to customers is analysed as follows:

		已減值 貸款 Impaired loans 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個別 減值準備 Individual impairment allowance 港幣千元 HK\$'000	綜合 減值準備 Collective impairment allowance 港幣千元 HK\$'000	新增減值 準備調撥 至收益表 New impairment allowances charged to income statement 港幣千元 HK\$'000	撇除已 減值貸款 之金額 Amount of impaired loans written off 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009					
在香港使用之貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融	Industrial, commercial					
物業投資	and financial					
個人	Property investment	13,677	12,135	28,676	8,876	—
	Individuals					
	Loans for the purchase of					
購買其他住宅	other residential	5,880	1,063	10,428	3,255	—
物業的貸款	properties					
在香港以外使用	Loans for use outside	185,365	51,504	35,399	62,887	13,578
之貸款	Hong Kong					
		204,922	64,702	74,503	75,018	13,578
二〇〇八年	2008					
在香港使用之貸款	Loans for use in Hong Kong					
工商金融	Industrial, commercial					
物業投資	and financial	4,707	3,982	24,177	3,779	—
個人	Property investment					
	Individuals					
	Loans for the purchase of					
購買其他住宅	other residential	9,537	419	8,032	65	1,082
物業的貸款	properties					
在香港以外使用	Loans for use outside	28,076	25,118	22,581	17,305	4,371
之貸款	Hong Kong					
		42,320	29,519	54,790	21,149	5,453

5 分類資料 (續)

(b) 按區域分類之客戶貸款、逾期貸款、已減值貸款及減值準備

以下按區域分類之客戶貸款、逾期貸款、已減值貸款及減值準備是根據交易對手之所在地作分析，並已適當考慮有關貸款之風險轉移。

5 Segmental information (Continued)

(b) Geographical analysis of gross advances to customers, overdue advances, impaired loans and impairment allowances

The following geographical analysis of gross advances to customers, overdue advances, impaired loans and impairment allowances is based on the location of the counterparty, after taking into account the transfer of risk in respect of such advances where appropriate.

		貸款總額 Gross advances to customers 港幣千元 HK\$'000	逾期貸款 Overdue advances 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已減值貸款 Impaired loans 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個別減值準備 Individual impairment allowance		綜合 減值準備 Collective impairment allowance 港幣千元 HK\$'000
					逾期貸款 Overdue advances 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已減值貸款 Impaired loans 港幣千元 HK\$'000	
二〇〇九年	2009						
香港	Hong Kong	45,300,501	1,127,138	99,519	24,255	75,041	105,627
其他	Others	7,510,057	187,669	170,689	37,775	37,775	20,649
		52,810,558	1,314,807	270,208	62,030	112,816	126,276
二〇〇八年	2008						
香港	Hong Kong	39,440,052	1,328,541	81,233	37,695	41,415	108,592
其他	Others	3,928,050	2,762	1,249	1,249	1,249	8,434
		43,368,102	1,331,303	82,482	38,944	42,664	117,026

5 分類資料 (續)

(c) 跨越邊界的申索

本集團以外地交易對手最終承擔風險之所在地，及根據交易對手經風險轉移後衍生出之區域，作為跨越邊界申索之分析。若一個交易對手之申索是由另一個在不同國家的人士作出保證或申索是對於一間銀行之外地分行，而其總公司是位於一個不同的國家，風險便確認為由一個國家轉移到另一個國家。該等區域佔跨越邊界申索總額的10%或以上者，列報如下：

5 Segmental information (Continued)

(c) Cross-border claims

The Group analyses cross-border claims by exposures to foreign counterparties on which the ultimate risk lies, and is derived according to the location of the counterparties after taking into account any transfer of risk. The transfer of risk from one country to another is recognised if the claims against a counterparty are guaranteed by another party in a different country or if the claims are on an overseas branch of a bank whose head office is located in a different country. Those areas which contribute 10% or more of the aggregate cross-border claims are as follows:

		銀行 Banks 港幣千元 HK\$'000	公營機構 Public sector entities 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他 Others 港幣千元 HK\$'000	合計 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年	2009				
亞太區 (不包括香港)	Asia Pacific excluding Hong Kong	22,092,970	1,427,381	7,096,612	30,616,963
北美及南美	North and South America	2,192,501	30,845	3,303,273	5,526,619
歐洲	Europe	19,372,430	19,486	1,037,413	20,429,329
二〇〇八年	2008				
亞太區 (不包括香港)	Asia Pacific excluding Hong Kong	19,662,960	91,997	3,125,949	22,880,906
北美及南美	North and South America	3,538,507	395,172	1,632,923	5,566,602
歐洲	Europe	20,337,435	—	76,123	20,413,558

6 逾期及經重組資產

(a) 逾期貸款

本集團之客戶逾期貸款分析如下：

6 Overdue and rescheduled assets

(a) Overdue advances

The Group's overdue advances to customers are analysed as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009		二〇〇八 2008	
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	估客戶 貸款總額 之百分比 % of total advances to customers	港幣千元 HK\$'000	估客戶 貸款總額 之百分比 % of total advances to customers
貸款總額，其逾期：	Gross amount of advances which have been overdue for:				
– 三個月以上至 六個月	– Six months or less, but over three months	14,541	0.03	11,570	0.03
– 六個月以上至一年	– One year or less, but over six months	90,676	0.17	9,656	0.02
– 一年以上	– Over one year	25,496	0.05	24,144	0.06
		130,713	0.25	45,370	0.11
有抵押之逾期貸款	Secured overdue advances	100,976		17,964	
無抵押之逾期貸款	Unsecured overdue advances	29,737		27,406	
		130,713		45,370	
有抵押之逾期貸款 所持之抵押品市值	Market value of collateral held against the secured overdue advances	117,029		25,728	
已撥個別減值準備	Individual impairment allowances made	26,507		24,659	

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，同業貸款中並無逾期三個月以上（二〇〇八年：無）。

At 31 December 2009, there were no advances to banks which were overdue for over three months (2008: Nil).

6 逾期及經重組資產 (續)

(b) 其他逾期資產

本集團之其他逾期資產分析如下：

		二〇〇九 2009		二〇〇八 2008	
		其他賬項 Other accounts 港幣千元 HK\$'000	應付利息 Accrued interest 港幣千元 HK\$'000	其他賬項 Other accounts 港幣千元 HK\$'000	商業票據 Trade bills 港幣千元 HK\$'000
其他資產總額， 其逾期：	Gross amount of other assets which have been overdue for:				應付利息 Accrued interest 港幣千元 HK\$'000
– 三個月以上至 六個月	– Six months or less, but over three months	–	2,592	109,441	421
– 六個月以上至 一年	– One year or less, but over six months	–	9,563	–	–
– 一年以上	– Over one year	97,755	6,469	–	–
		97,755	18,624	109,441	421

(c) 經重組貸款

本集團之經重組貸款 (已減除逾期超過三個月並在上述(a)項內列明之貸款) 分析如下：

6 Overdue and rescheduled assets (Continued)

(b) Other overdue assets

The Group's other overdue assets are analysed as follows:

(c) Rescheduled advances

The Group's rescheduled advances (net of those which have been overdue for over three months and reported in item (a) above) are as follows:

		二〇〇九 2009		二〇〇八 2008	
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	估客戶 貸款總額 之百分比 % of total advances to customers	港幣千元 HK\$'000	估客戶 貸款總額 之百分比 % of total advances to customers
經重組客戶貸款	Rescheduled advances to customers	106,843	0.20	83,829	0.19

於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日，同業貸款中並無經重組之貸款 (二〇〇八年：無)。

At 31 December 2009, there were no rescheduled advances to banks (2008: Nil).

7 國內非銀行風險

根據《銀行業（披露）規則》，以下對非銀行交易對手的內地相關授信風險額之分析乃參照香港金融管理局有關報表所列之機構類別及直接風險之類別以分類。此報表僅計及本行及其海外分行所貸出之授信風險額。

7 Non-bank Mainland exposures

The analysis of non-bank Mainland exposures is based on the categories of non-bank counterparties and the type of direct exposures defined by the HKMA under the Banking (Disclosure) Rules with reference to the HKMA return for non-bank Mainland exposures, these include exposures extended by the Bank and its overseas branches only.

		資產負債表 以內之 風險額 On-balance sheet exposure 港幣千元 HK\$'000	資產負債表 以外之 風險額 Off-balance sheet exposure 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總風險額 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個別減值 準備 Individual impairment allowance 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇九年 國內機構	2009 Mainland entities Companies and individuals outside Mainland where the credit is granted for use in Mainland	8,109,587	1,645,120	9,754,707	—
對非國內公司及個人 所批出之貸款， 其貸款於國內使用	Other counterparties where the exposure is considered by the Bank to be non-bank Mainland exposure	4,475,079	1,953,894	6,428,973	6,078
其他交易對手而獲 本行認為是國內 非銀行風險		78,426	—	78,426	—
合計	Total	12,663,092	3,599,014	16,262,106	6,078
		資產負債表 以內之 風險額 On-balance sheet exposure 港幣千元 HK\$'000	資產負債表 以外之 風險額 Off-balance sheet exposure 港幣千元 HK\$'000	總風險額 Total 港幣千元 HK\$'000	個別減值 準備 Individual impairment allowance 港幣千元 HK\$'000
二〇〇八年 國內機構	2008 Mainland entities Companies and individuals outside Mainland where the credit is granted for use in Mainland	4,360,669	331,369	4,692,038	—
對非國內公司及個人 所批出之貸款， 其貸款於國內使用	Other counterparties where the exposure is considered by the Bank to be non-bank Mainland exposure	1,709,150	322,530	2,031,680	4,839
其他交易對手而獲 本行認為是國內 非銀行風險		21,407	—	21,407	—
合計	Total	6,091,226	653,899	6,745,125	4,839

8 風險管理

(a) 信貸風險

(i) 信貸風險承擔

本集團使用標準普爾評級服務、穆迪投資者服務及惠譽評級為外部信用評估機構，以計算信貸風險承擔。本集團使用《銀行業（資本）規則》第四部份所述之程序以配對外部信用評估機構發債人評級或外部信用評估機構特定債項評級與銀行賬內之風險承擔。

二〇〇九年
本集團

8 Risk management

(a) Credit risk

(i) Credit risk exposures

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings are the External Credit Assessment Institutions ("ECAIs") that the Group has used in relation to the credit risk exposures below. The process it used to map ECAI issuer ratings or ECAI issue specific ratings to exposures booked in its banking book is a process as prescribed in Part 4 of the Banking (Capital) Rules.

2009
The Group

風險承擔分類	Class of exposure	總風險 承擔 Total exposures 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已確認減低信貸風險 後之風險承擔 Exposures after recognised credit risk mitigation		風險比重金額 Risk-weighted amounts		風險比重 金額總額 Total risk- weighted amounts 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已確認 之抵押品 可抵銷之 風險承擔 Total exposure covered by recognised collateral 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已確認之 擔保或信貸 衍生工具 合約可抵銷 之風險承擔 Total exposure covered by recognised guarantees or recognised credit derivative contracts 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			已評級 Rated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無評級 Unrated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已評級 Rated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無評級 Unrated 港幣千元 HK\$'000			
資產負債表以內	On-balance sheet								
官方實體	Sovereign	902,063	7,215,145	—	18,317	—	18,317	—	—
公營機構	Public sector entity	224,606	250,048	1,546,243	50,010	309,248	359,258	—	—
多邊開發銀行	Multilateral development bank	42,020	42,020	—	—	—	—	—	—
銀行同業	Bank	46,886,009	41,493,665	2,860,589	10,708,873	898,622	11,607,495	—	5,948,261
企業	Corporate	44,497,792	6,873,597	33,045,714	4,600,424	33,045,714	37,646,138	805,820	7,545,255
現金項目	Cash items	473,186	—	1,328,693	—	186,789	186,789	—	—
法定零售	Regulatory retail	2,490,232	—	2,477,296	—	1,857,972	1,857,972	4,271	8,665
住宅物業貸款	Residential mortgage loan	12,624,171	—	11,052,486	—	4,209,419	4,209,419	—	1,571,685
	Other exposures which are								
其他未逾期風險承擔	not past due exposures	4,677,338	129,962	4,501,959	129,962	4,501,959	4,631,921	45,417	—
逾期風險承擔	Past due exposures	217,984	—	217,984	—	291,419	291,419	55,477	2,556
資產負債表以外	Off-balance sheet								
資產負債表以外風險承擔	Off-balance sheet exposures								
（場外衍生工具交易或信貸 衍生工具合約除外）	other than OTC derivative transactions or credit derivative contracts	4,169,024	818,568	3,350,456	500,874	3,203,368	3,704,242	102,493	589,224
場外衍生工具交易	OTC derivative transactions	250,772	207,534	43,238	60,363	43,238	103,601	—	—
		117,455,197	57,030,539	60,424,658	16,068,823	48,547,748	64,616,571	1,013,478	15,665,646
資本基礎扣除風險承擔	Exposures deducted from capital base	798,049							

補充財務資料
Supplementary Financial Information

8 風險管理 (續)

(a) 信貸風險 (續)

(i) 信貸風險承擔 (續)

二〇〇八年
本集團

8 Risk management (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(i) Credit risk exposures (Continued)

2008
The Group

風險承擔分類	Class of exposure	總風險 承擔 Total exposures 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已確認減低信貸風險 後之風險承擔 Exposures after recognised credit risk mitigation		風險比重金額 Risk-weighted amounts		風險比重 金額總額 Total risk- weighted amounts 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已確認 之抵押品 可抵銷之 風險承擔 Total exposure covered by recognised collateral 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已確認之 擔保或信貸 衍生工具 合約可抵銷 之風險承擔 Total exposure covered by recognised guarantees or recognised credit derivative contracts 港幣千元 HK\$'000
			已評級 Rated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無評級 Unrated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	已評級 Rated 港幣千元 HK\$'000	無評級 Unrated 港幣千元 HK\$'000			
資產負債表以內	On-balance sheet								
官方實體	Sovereign	541,655	649,033	–	6,264	–	6,264	–	–
公營機構	Public sector entity	383,632	418,969	1,764,486	85,969	352,897	438,866	–	–
銀行同業	Bank	44,152,894	43,780,545	419,498	9,465,222	187,421	9,652,643	–	373,359
企業	Corporate	29,634,175	4,198,000	25,092,765	2,903,419	25,092,765	27,996,184	188,882	1,839,999
現金項目	Cash items	497,383	–	743,380	–	86,057	86,057	–	–
法定零售	Regulatory retail	2,374,523	–	2,366,539	–	1,774,905	1,774,905	7,984	–
住宅物業貸款	Residential mortgage loan	12,937,848	–	11,138,025	–	4,281,836	4,281,836	–	1,799,823
	Other exposures which are								
其他未逾期風險承擔	not past due exposures	4,647,989	74,934	4,523,925	74,934	4,523,925	4,598,859	49,131	–
逾期風險承擔	Past due exposures	150,855	–	150,855	–	204,626	204,626	25,419	3,544
資產負債表以外	Off-balance sheet								
	Off-balance sheet exposures								
資產負債表以外風險承擔	other than OTC derivative								
(場外衍生工具交易或信貸	transactions or credit derivative								
衍生工具合約除外)	contracts	2,418,901	352,093	2,066,808	209,171	1,993,662	2,202,833	31,523	224,728
場外衍生工具交易	OTC derivative transactions	69,377	39,587	29,790	11,423	29,790	41,213	–	–
		97,809,232	49,513,161	48,296,071	12,756,402	38,527,884	51,284,286	302,939	4,241,453
資本基礎扣除風險承擔	Exposures deducted from capital base	814,292							

8 風險管理 (續)

(a) 信貸風險 (續)

(ii) 交易對手之信貸風險承擔

本集團由場外衍生工具交易所產生之主要信貸風險承擔簡列如下：

本集團

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
場外衍生工具交易合約	OTC derivative		
公平價值總額	Gross total positive fair value	112,204	37,082
信貸相等金額	Credit equivalent amount	250,772	69,377
風險比重金額	Risk weighted amounts	103,601	41,213

信貸相等金額或淨信貸風險承擔及風險加權數額之細分如下：

本集團

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
名義金額：	Notional amounts:		
銀行	Banks	12,204,188	3,824,770
企業	Corporates	1,824,669	1,003,092
其他	Others	932,221	506,626
		14,961,078	5,334,488
信貸相等金額：	Credit equivalent amounts:		
銀行	Banks	186,500	39,587
企業	Corporates	43,849	4,700
其他	Others	20,423	25,090
		250,772	69,377
風險比重金額：	Risk-weighted amounts:		
銀行	Banks	49,845	11,423
企業	Corporates	33,333	4,700
其他	Others	20,423	25,090
		103,601	41,213

8 風險管理 (續)

(a) 信貸風險 (續)

(ii) 交易對手之信貸風險承擔 (續)

本集團於二〇〇九年十二月三十一日及二〇〇八年十二月三十一日均無持有信貸衍生工具合約。

本集團根據《銀行業(資本)規則》使用通常風險法以提供資金用作交易對手的風險承擔。本集團內部使用按市價計值承擔法來衡量交易對手之信貸承擔並作出適當增加以應付於未來潛在之風險承擔。

本集團對交易對手之場外衍生工具合約之風險承擔均設有限額。當限額達到預設水平時，高層管理人員將採取適當行動包括減低持倉。

(b) 資產證券化

本集團使用標準(證券化)方法以計算證券化風險承擔之信貸風險。本集團對下述所有風險分類皆為投資機構。

本集團使用標準普爾評級服務、穆迪投資者服務及惠譽評級為外部信用評估機構，以計算證券化之風險承擔。

二〇〇九年
本集團

8 Risk management (Continued)

(a) Credit risk (Continued)

(ii) Counterparty credit risk exposures (Continued)

At 31 December 2009 and 2008, there are no credit derivative contracts in the Group.

The Group currently uses the current exposure method for purpose of providing capital for counterparty exposures in accordance with the Banking (Capital) Rules. Internally, the Group measures counterparty credit exposure using the marked-to-market exposure with appropriate add-on for future potential exposures.

The Group has internal limit for counterparty exposure with respect to OTC derivative contracts. When the limit is reached, the senior management will take appropriate action including reduction of the position.

(b) Asset securitisation

The Group uses the standardised (securitisation) approach to calculate the credit risk for securitisation exposures. It is an investing institution for all classes of exposures below.

Standard & Poor's Ratings Services, Moody's Investors Service and Fitch Ratings are the ECAs that the Group has used in relation to the securitisation exposures below.

2009
The Group

證券化類別風險承擔	Securitisation exposures	餘額 Outstanding amounts 港幣千元 HK\$'000	風險比重金額 Risk-weighted amount 港幣千元 HK\$'000	資本規定 Capital requirements 港幣千元 HK\$'000	扣減風險承擔於 Exposures deducted from its	
					核心資本 Core capital 港幣千元 HK\$'000	附加資本 Supplementary capital 港幣千元 HK\$'000
傳統證券化 證券化投資	Traditional securitisations Securitised investments	1	1	—	—	—
		1	1	—	—	—
合成證券化 金融 企業	Synthetic securitisations Financial Corporate	28	—	—	14	14
		97	—	—	48	49
		125	—	—	62	63

8 風險管理 (續)

(b) 資產證券化 (續)

二〇〇八年
本集團

8 Risk management (Continued)

(b) Asset securitisation (Continued)

2008
The Group

證券化類別風險承擔	Securitisation exposures	餘額 Outstanding amounts 港幣千元 HK\$'000	風險比重金額 Risk-weighted amount 港幣千元 HK\$'000	資本規定 Capital requirements 港幣千元 HK\$'000	扣減風險承擔於 Exposures deducted from its	
					核心資本 Core capital 港幣千元 HK\$'000	附加資本 Supplementary capital 港幣千元 HK\$'000
傳統證券化	Traditional securitisations					
證券化投資	Securitised investments	3	3	—	—	—
金融	Financial	1	1	—	—	—
學生貸款	Student loan	1	1	—	—	—
		5	5	—	—	—
合成證券化	Synthetic securitisations					
金融	Financial	265	28	2	63	63
企業	Corporate	825	88	7	193	193
		1,090	116	9	256	256

8 風險管理 (續)

(c) 於銀行賬目內的股權風險承擔

策略性股權投資乃指本集團與交易投資者進行策略性合作，以各方之長處而提高本集團之業務而進行之投資。其他股權投資乃為資本收益之目的而持有。

於銀行賬目內的股權風險承擔最初以公平價值加上交易成本認算，其後以公平價值列示。公平價值變動所產生之未變現損益會在其他全面收益確認並獨立累計於權益之重估投資儲備內。直至金融資產在賬項中沖銷或減值，於其時在重估投資儲備內之前已確認之累計損益將於收益表內確認。

在市場上交易之上市投資，其公平價值乃根據市場之買盤價釐定。非上市股權證券並未有活躍市場價格提供。其公平價值以近期相近交易或其他通用於市場參與者之估值模式計算。

本集團

8 Risk management (Continued)

(c) Equity exposures in banking book

Investments that are held for the purpose of entering into a strategic cooperation with the investee with a view to leveraging the respective strengths to enhance the Group's business are classified by the Group as strategic investments. Other equity investments are held for capital gain purposes.

Equity exposures in the banking book are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs and subsequently carried at fair value. Unrealised gains and losses arising from changes in fair value are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated separately in equity in the investment revaluation reserve, until the equity exposure is derecognised or impaired. At this time the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in the investment revaluation reserve is recognised in the income statement.

The fair values of quoted investments in active markets are based on current bid prices. For unquoted equity holdings with no active market, the Group establishes fair value by the use of recent arm's length transactions or other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants.

The Group

		二〇〇九 2009 港幣千元 HK\$'000	二〇〇八 2008 港幣千元 HK\$'000
銷售／清盤所產生之已實現 收益	Realised gains from sales/ liquidations	12,891	3,236
未變現重估收益	Unrealised revaluation gain		
包括在儲備內但並非由收 益表轉入之儲備總額	Amount included in reserves but not through income statement	99,371	37,197
包括在附加資本內之總額	Amount included in supplementary capital	45,256	17,461

8 風險管理 (續)

(d) 於銀行賬目內的利率風險承擔

本集團按月評估孳息曲線上每二百基點之向上波幅所帶來對銀行收益所造成之影響。

計算對本集團收益所造成之影響是假設利率變動維持十二個月和利率重置在每個時段之中間點位置。

二〇〇九年
本集團

		貨幣 Currency					合計
		港元 HK\$	美元 US\$	澳元 A\$	紐元 NZ\$	其他 Others	Total
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
利率風險 (上升200基點)	Interest rate risk (200 basis points upward)						
－收益增加／(減少)	－ Increase/(decrease) in earnings	164,358	18,982	(8,727)	(2,534)	392	172,471

二〇〇八年
本集團

2008
The Group

		貨幣 Currency					合計
		港元 HK\$	美元 US\$	澳元 A\$	紐元 NZ\$	其他 Others	Total
		港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000	港幣千元 HK\$'000
利率風險 (上升200基點)	Interest rate risk (200 basis points upward)						
－收益增加／(減少)	－ Increase/(decrease) in earnings	159,482	(3,766)	1,812	2,334	(4,636)	155,226

總分行及附屬公司 Bank Offices and Subsidiaries

總行

香港德輔道中45號
電報掛號：“BANKWILUNG” Hong Kong
國際財經電訊組織掛號：WUBAHKHH
電話：(852) 2826 8333
專用電報號碼：HX73360
圖文傳真：(852) 2810 0592
電子郵件：wlb@winglungbank.com
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Email: wlb@winglungbank.com
Internet: http://www.winglungbank.com

本地分行

LOCAL BRANCHES

港島

Hong Kong Island

電話 Telephone

北角	英皇道361號	North Point	361 King's Road	2571 2211
中區	皇后大道中112號	Central District	112 Queen's Road Central	2544 7011
西區	皇后大道西262號	Western District	262 Queen's Road West	2546 6211
跑馬地	景光街44號	Happy Valley	44 King Kwong Street	2573 8395
銅鑼灣	渣甸街45號	Causeway Bay	45 Jardine's Bazaar	2890 9753
灣仔	軒尼詩道383號	Wan Chai	383 Hennessy Road	2891 7371
鰂魚涌	華蘭路1號A	Quarry Bay	1A Westlands Road	2565 0080
會展廣場	港灣道1號	Convention Plaza	1 Harbour Road	2802 4822
波斯富街	波斯富街62號	Percival Street	62 Percival Street	2881 6028
香港仔	香港仔大道201號	Aberdeen	201 Aberdeen Main Road	2552 7688
莊士敦道	莊士敦道118號	Johnston Road	118 Johnston Road	2834 0208
堅尼地城	吉席街28號	Kennedy Town	28 Catchick Street	2816 0028
西灣河	筲箕灣道123號	Sai Wan Ho	123 Shaukeiwan Road	2513 1771
德輔道西	德輔道西347號	Des Voeux Road West	347 Des Voeux Road West	2857 6068

九龍

Kowloon

荔枝角道	荔枝角道17號	Lai Chi Kok Road	17 Lai Chi Kok Road	2380 2281
深水埗	大埔道111號	Sham Shui Po	111 Tai Po Road	2720 4135
新蒲崗	崇齡街8號	San Po Kong	8 Shung Ling Street	2325 0271
旺角	彌敦道636號銀行中心	Mongkok	Bank Centre, 636 Nathan Road	2710 4188
觀塘	牛頭角道339號	Kwun Tong	339 Ngau Tau Kok Road	2342 2117
尖沙咀	加拿分道4號	Tsim Sha Tsui	4 Carnarvon Road	2369 9255
土瓜灣	土瓜灣道64號	To Kwa Wan	64 To Kwa Wan Road	2363 6237
慈雲山	鳳德道25號	Tsz Wan Shan	25 Fung Tak Road	2327 0208
佐敦	吳淞街123號	Jordan	123 Woo Sung Street	2770 7117
九龍灣	臨樂街19號	Kowloon Bay	19 Lam Lok Street	2753 8328
南昌街	南昌街85號	Nam Cheong Street	85 Nam Cheong Street	2728 3993
紅磡	蕪湖街28號	Hunghom	28 Wuhu Street	2333 6088
藍田匯景廣場	匯景道8號	Lam Tin Sceneway Plaza	8 Sceneway Road	2727 6200
中港城	中港城地下7號	China Hong Kong City	Shop 7, G/F, China Hong Kong City	2314 0233
美孚新邨	萬事達廣場1樓N94舖	Mei Foo Sun Chuen	Shop N94, 1/F, Mount Sterling Mall	2370 9933

本地分行

新界

荃灣	沙咀道251號
沙田	大圍道8號
元朗	安寧路37號
葵涌	和宜合道128號
屯門	屯門鄉事會路42號
上水	新豐路128號
大埔	安慈路1號
粉嶺	聯興街15號
沙田廣場	沙田正街21號

國內分行

深圳分行

中國深圳市羅湖區深南東路4003號
世界金融中心A座16樓A-C室

深圳南山支行

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上海分行

中國上海市浦東新區
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上海銀行大廈10樓1008-1009室

國內代表處

廣州

中國廣州市環市東路362-366號
廣州好世界廣場1302室

海外分行

美國加州羅省

開曼群島

LOCAL BRANCHES

New Territories

Tsuen Wan	251 Sha Tsui Road	2493 4161
Sha Tin	8 Tai Wai Road	2697 6202
Yuen Long	37 On Ning Road	2479 0181
Kwai Chung	128 Wo Yi Hop Road	2428 4211
Tuen Mun	42 Tuen Mun Heung Sze Wui Road	2459 7061
Sheung Shui	128 San Fung Avenue	2670 1298
Tai Po	1 On Chee Road	2663 2277
Fanling	15 Luen Hing Street	2677 7888
Shatin Plaza	21 Shatin Centre Street	2606 1783

CHINA BRANCHES

Shenzhen Branch

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Shenzhen, PRC

Shenzhen Nanshan Sub-branch

Shops 105-106, Garden City Phase I
Nanhai Road, Shekou, Nanshan District
Shenzhen, PRC

Shanghai Branch

Units 1008-1009, 10/F, Bank of Shanghai Mansion
168 Yin Cheng Middle Road
Pudong New Area
Shanghai, PRC

CHINA REPRESENTATIVE OFFICE

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總分行及附屬公司 Bank Offices and Subsidiaries

附屬公司

永隆銀行受託代管有限公司
永隆銀行信託有限公司
永隆財務有限公司
永隆保險有限公司
永隆授信有限公司
永隆代理有限公司
永隆保險顧問有限公司
永隆證券有限公司
永隆期貨有限公司
康令有限公司
時永投資有限公司
永隆管業有限公司
Wingspan Incorporated
永隆資訊科技(深圳)有限公司
永隆融資有限公司

SUBSIDIARIES

Wing Lung Bank (Nominees) Limited
Wing Lung Bank (Trustee) Limited
Wing Lung Finance Limited
Wing Lung Insurance Company Limited
Wing Lung Credit Limited
Wing Lung Agency Limited
Wing Lung Insurance Brokers Limited
Wing Lung Securities Limited
Wing Lung Futures Limited
Hongnet Limited
Sea Wing Investments Limited
Wing Lung Property Management Limited
Wingspan Incorporated
Wing Lung Information Technology (Shenzhen) Limited
Wing Lung Capital Limited



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